7th REPORT OF THE CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF VIOLENCE

CEPID FAPESP PROGRAM – 1st of January 2007 to 30th of December 2007
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1- Summary description of the proposed activities for 2007

Research- For 2007 the following research activities were proposed for the two research lines:

Line I)- Democracy, rule of law and human rights

I a- Survey data analysis in 2007: Analysis of the effect of exposure to violence on the perception of human rights and trust in institutions. How violent victimization effects social capital and the acceptance/rejection of the use of force for social control and gross human rights violations? Exploring the role of fear as well as SES, gender, age and religious affiliation play in the acceptance or rejection of human rights violations. Data from the three waves of the survey are used.

I b - Analyses of everyday conflicts: Qualitative (interviews and focus groups) and quantitative data (from the surveys) used to identify shared concepts of conflict resolution, institutions and/or individuals and groups perceived as legitimate to intervene in conflicts.

I c- The criminal justice system, democracy and human rights: Themes to be explored in data analysis in 2007:

1-Impunity analyzed by type of offense, year, characteristics of victims, place, and neighborhood. Regression analysis to identify which variables that best explain the patterns of impunity detected.

2-Analysis of investigative decision making processes by police officers, definition of priorities in the investigation process, to identify differences by: type of offense, profile of victims, follow up of cases by victims or their relatives, expectations about the behavior of courts, perception of the probability that the case, if tried, could lead to conviction, among others. This analysis will combine quantitative and qualitative data.

3-Impunity and citizens' trust in institutions – analysis of the data from the survey on trust citizens have on institutions in the districts covered by the research on impunity.

4- Assessment of Women’s Police Precincts in the reduction of violence against women. Analysis of the efficacy of the law to prevent Family and Domestic Violence and an analysis of women’s role in crime after 20 years of its implementation.

5-Analysis of gender in legal discourse. Using archival documents available at NEV, what they reveal about obstacles or support to promote women’s access to rights.

6- Political Transition and public security: analysis of the impact political transitions had on public security in Brazil, in particular on the prison system in during the 1946 and 1985 transitions:

7-Major prison riots in São Paulo (in 2001, 2003 and 2006) and attitudes to prison and to punishment for criminal activities.

8- Police violence and the criminal justice system: analysis of the performance of the criminal justice system in high profile cases of police violence. Using archival data: court documents, newspaper clippings, interviews with police officers, public prosecutors and judges.

9- Analysis of the events that led to the public security crisis in 2006 in São Paulo.

10-Official sources on public security policies: what quality of the data?

I d- Comparative Research- Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas: Development of indicators and methodology to compare public security and human rights in the Americas. This is project of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights and the Soros Foundation in which Paulo de Mesquita Neto represents NEV.

Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations

II a- The Fourth National Report on Human Rights 2006-2008: Preparation of data for the 4th National Report on Human Rights covering the period 2006-2008. The data collection system is well advanced and in 2007 the aims is to produce internal reports yearly as well as the bi-annual report to be disseminated to the public. We will also refine the methodology to measure violation and access to rights.
II b- Violence, Risk and Vulnerability: homicides and human rights violations in São Paulo: identify and refine risk factors for lethal violence for youth and young adults (15 to 24 years-old) living in São Paulo. Relying on multiple methods this project analyzes existing quantitative data on homicides, social-economic development, gross human rights violations, exposure to violence, attitudes and norms related to violence and social capital (Surveys 1999, 2001, 2003 and 2006). The objective is to identify the distribution of risk factors of lethal violence victimization in youth and young adults using spatial statistics. This is to be supplemented by qualitative data on the risk and victimization profile of victims and perpetrators of homicide

II c- Improving access to rights -a home visitation project: Exploratory intervention with pregnant teenagers to improve their access to rights. The intervention provides support for the mother and the newborn baby, for a period, in terms of information about rights and parenting. The aims are: improve access to rights, promote early child development, prevent child maltreatment, abuse and violence. Developed collaboratively with representatives from the Law School (USP) followed up by members of the Department of Pediatrics at the School of Medicine (USP), Mackenzie University, the Federal Medical School in São Paulo UNIFESP, CDC (USA) and University of Michigan. It has the support of PAHO and WHO.

Knowledge transfer-Dissemination activities planned for 2007

a) NEV will work with the Unesco Human Rights Chair at the Institute of Advanced Studies at the University of São Paulo (IEA-USP) as Prof. Sergio Adorno was nominated for this Chair. Knowledge transfer will include besides presentations at seminars, workshops and roundtables and media contact.
b) Expansion of the NEV cidadão website (guiadosdireitos) to the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo;
c) Full text content of gross human rights violations reported in the press available on the internet. This is to be used by researchers, practitioners, journalists, civil servants, and the public in general. This material will be retrievable using "Google" type queries. This will allow other types of analysis of the violations reported such as textual, illustrations used, space occupied, salience and so forth;
d) Development of an electronic publication periodical;
e) Development a pilot of a site through which communities will find the tools to design their own "public security projects/programs" similar to that of the Centre Québécois de Ressources en Promotion de la Sécurité et en Prévention de la Criminalité at the Institut National de Santé Publique du Québec;
f) International Seminars with the three state universities¹ in the state of São Paulo on “Organized Crime and Democracy”, “Organized Crime Drugs Trafficking and world economy”, and the third “Drug Use and policies of social control”;
g) Seminar on Monitoring of Human Rights;
h) Seminar on Torture;
i) Internet access to the database on parliamentary debates on public security and on the edicts by Governors of the province and later the state of São Paulo on public security issue.

Educational Activities planned for 2007

Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice via Internet.
The course is to be adapted and experimentally implemented to e-learning format. The audience will be 80 members of the criminal justice system in the state of São Paulo. Also a collaboration in the global mentoring program for injury prevention of the TEACH-VIP (teach injury and violence prevention) of the World Health Organization was scheduled.

2. Qualitative analysis of the programmed activities in the period

In the past year we accomplished most of the research, transfer of knowledge and educational activities that were planned for the period, though there were many unexpected difficulties, some of bureaucratic nature, such as a prolonged strike at the university, some are of theoretical and methodological nature. Still in our assessment much progress has been made in terms of dissemination and treatment of data, in terms of dissemination and education. Substantial progress was made in international comparative work: in this year narrower ties have been established between NEV and a number of Research Centers and Groups abroad in particular in Canada with a joint proposal with the University of Québec a Montreal (CEPES- Centre d'études des politiques étrangères et de la sécurité), for the Social Science Research Council of Canada; strengthening dialogue with the Department of Psychology Neuroscience and Behavior at MacMaster University; presenting proposal to the International Development Research Center (IDRC) of Canada, besides structuring a technology transfer with the Québécois de Ressources en Promotion de la Sécurité et en Prévention de la Criminalité. Also with the Center for Latin American Studies, at Brown University, a small project to study the effectiveness of Human Rights Campaigns in Latin America carried out by the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights of the Organization of American States was proposed. The organization of international seminars has proved to be very fruitful to identify new opportunities for further comparative data analysis, collaborations and joint publications. In managerial terms

¹ Universidade de São Paulo (USP), Universidade Estadual de Campinas (UNICAMP) and Universidade Estadual Júlio de Mesquita Neto (UNESP)
emphasis was placed in encouraging younger researchers to respond to external demands from the media and for participation in seminar and workshops.

The aim of NEV’s research program is to analyze the obstacles to the implementation of democratic rule of law, identifying what has changed, as well as what has not, both in society and in the justice system, in the realm of ideas, values and norms towards human rights, law, justice and the institutions that should enforce them and unravel the connections between permanence and change in an authoritarian culture through the process of democratization. The key question is: what kind of democracy prospers, in an environment of continued violation of human rights, and how can change take place so that a ‘good’ democracy can develop. Continued human rights violations, though no longer a state policy, result from the endemic omission of the State to punish state agents involved in such violations, and to effectively implement social and economic rights.

Our challenges are multiple but a key one resides in that gross human rights violations, combined with the violation of social, economic and cultural rights converge to feed the powerlessness of citizens in relation to the state, and this in turn affects their trust in the efficacy of democracy moreover in beliefs about human rights as universal rights. This continued presence of gross human rights violations, and of profound inequalities in the access to rights, prevents cooperation and solidarity among the needy sectors of the society, and generates powerful obstacles for the re-socialization of authoritarian beliefs and values into democratic ones.

The existence of a democratic rule of law that guarantees the exercise of civil and political rights is a crucial dimension of “quality democracies” (Diamond and Morlino 2004, Beetham 2004, and O’Donnell 2004). “Quality” or “good democracy” are characterized by the presence of stable institutions acting lawfully, and perceived as legitimate by citizens, thus providing them with forms of control over public policies and policy makers, guaranteeing equality and freedom (Diamond and Morlino, 2004). In highly unequal societies, special attention has to be given to the respect, protection and promotion of economic, social and cultural rights, particularly the right to private property and entrepreneurship, and right to work (O’Donnell 2004). The key dimensions to assess the quality of democracy are: participation, competition, vertical and horizontal accountability, respect for civil and political freedom, political equality, and responsiveness (Diamond and Morlino, 2004). This requires not only the study of how key institutions function but also the attitudes and behaviors of different actors (Schedler, 2001).

The two research lines at NEV measure quality of democracy at different levels: 1- at the broader level by monitoring the access to rights by the population we try to identify the degree of protections enjoyed by the population to exercise participation and competition, and moreover to demand responses from authorities, i.e. exercise vertical accountability. These demand that people do not feel fear, enjoy civil and political freedom, have access to information and are not coerced by living in extreme conditions of economic need; 2) at the institutional level by investigating how successful the criminal justice system is to secure the right to life and thus to prevent fear, in particular in how far the criminal justice system is capable of guaranteeing the equality of citizens before the law, and what the system reveals about the application of the rule of law in the public security area; 3) at societal level by following the impact on individuals of the continued exposure to violence on their trust in democracy and its institutions and in their attitudes and values to human rights.

The analysis of the democratic rule of law, as suggested by O’Donnell (2004), entails the examination of the legal system; the state and the government; courts, law enforcement and prisons; rules that govern state institutions; rights and guarantees for social participation and access to civil and human rights. This is what the two main research programs of the NEV aim to do: assess the functioning of the justice system (the rule of law) and democracy while monitoring access to human rights and societal reactions. The major actor here is the state, but not only. Focus is also placed on society for if the state has legitimacy this emanates from people. What drives people to legitimize non-democratic or patently authoritarian policies or actions by the state?

In Brazil, the fact that the transition from authoritarianism to democracy was largely controlled by the authoritarian rulers is interpreted as a potential obstacle for a “quality democracy” to develop. One effect of this control was the absence of a clean break with authoritarian legal system, institutions and practices. The rule of law, the legal system and the institutions responsible for protecting and promoting civil and political rights retain authoritarian characteristics, failing to ensure universal respect for civil and political rights, even for members of organizations that are responsible for protecting those rights—police and prison officials, prosecutors and judges as exemplified by numerous cases documented in our report on human rights (NEV, 2007).

This constitutes a major challenge, as we are dealing with a context in which progress in access to rights co-exist with the maintenance, and even growth, of lack of access to rights by specific groups or in specific areas of territories. A context in which there is a coexistence of “authoritarian institutions and practices at the local level within nationally democratic polities” (Armony and Schamis, 2005) amidst multiple advances in terms of democracy presents multiple challenges. In such contexts how can we ensure that there is simultaneous protection of rights while establishing and enforcing clear limits to what governments can do, another basic element of democracy (Plattner, 2004)? Could it be that the coexistence of authoritarian practices, within an otherwise mainly democratic system, combined with the frustrations from the

2 A democratic rule of law is that which “ensures political rights, civil liberties, and mechanisms of accountability which in turn affirm the political of all citizens and constrain potential abuses of state power” (O’Donnell, 2004, pg.32).
apparent failures of democracy to deliver the expected improvements in access to rights, be feeding the support for "populist regimes" in Latin America (Seligson 2007)? What dangers does that entail for the future of democracy in this sub-continent?

Latin America, and Brazil in particular, seem to have witnessed the development of democracies, which can be classified as "low-quality democracy", resulting in some public dissatisfaction or disenchantment and limited legitimacy. The Brazilian democratic regime has achieved some stability and durability – particularly in the absence of viable alternatives, which has been the case since the breakdown of military governments and authoritarian regimes in Latin America in the 1980s and the socialist states in the 1990s. But has not yet been institutionalized and consolidated, and is subjected to recurrent crises.

Since the 1980s, Brazil has experienced the growth of violent crime and in particular of organized crime. The continued presence of violence signals to serious problems for democracy. Homicide rates have soared particularly in metropolitan regions and among the youth (Peres, Cardia and Santos 2004), as it happened in other transitional and new democracies (LaFree and Tseloni 2006). There have been recurring and growing crises in the state public security and penitentiary systems, which reached a peak in the states of São Paulo (Mesquita and Salla 2007a and 2007b) and Rio de Janeiro in 2006. Not surprisingly these crises encouraged reforms and policies which undermine the rule of law, the guarantee of civil and political rights and the democratization process – and may ultimately undermine the foundations of the democratic regime. Apparently democracy is failing to secure the most basic rights that of life and security of the person, without which other rights cannot be enjoyed. As documented, in our last report on human rights in Brazil, not even politicians, or political contestants, are guaranteed in their right to life nor, for that matter, are journalists, especially in smaller towns. Since this is true in states, that present the best human development indicators, we can expect that the same happens in less developed states for which information is rarer. The use of violence during electoral campaigns, or as means to solve political dispute is considered, by some authors to be a clear indicator of the presence of antidemocratic behavior – "a liberal democratic framework entails the unconditional renunciation of violence" (Schedler, 2001).

The federal government and state governments have resorted to military interventions – with the participation of the state military and civilian police, the armed forces and the Public Security National Force (formed by state military police officers) – for controlling public security and penitentiary crises, fighting organized crime, particularly drug traffic, occupying “favelas” and poor neighborhoods, and containing public protest, prison riots and police strikes. These military interventions have not been subjected to legal, political or social controls and have been developed in undetermined areas, for undetermined periods of time – as if there was a suspension of the rule of law, a non-declared state of siege (Oliveira 2007 and 2003; Arantes 2007; Agamben 2007). Military interventions in public security are justified, as means to weaken organized crime and reduce crime and violence. However, they have increased the number of victims, human rights violations in law enforcement, and in actions to maintain order, and have met with violent responses from criminal organizations and groups. These, in turn, have increased public fear, insecurity and dissatisfaction with the performance of the government and that of the criminal justice.

Increases in public fear, and distrust in government and criminal justice institutions, have strengthened demands for increasing the scope and degree of punishment – as observed by Zimring and Johnson (2006) in the United States – and for broader military interventions in public security. Public insecurity undermines the public’s support for civil rights and in fact the two are seen as in opposition. There has been also increasing willingness to pay for private security services – which include legal and illegal services. Private militias and vigilant groups, with the participation of police officers, have been formed and expanded, with the tolerance and even support of police chiefs and state authorities. They have competed with criminal organizations and groups –which also sell protection services–, and this competition has become increasingly aggressive and violent, increasing also the number of victims and the magnitude of human rights violations (NEV, 2007; Peres et al, forthcoming).

Despite a growing emphasis on training members of the institutions responsible for law enforcement and order maintenance for better respecting, protecting and promoting civil and political rights1, the fragility of institutions and practices to sustain a democratic rule of law, particularly an independent and impartial judiciary, a liberal and democratic legal system, and a culture which upholds individual and collective rights (Karstedt 2006, Diamond and Morlino 2004, Beetham 2004), suggest it is unlikely that this training alone, will produce the expected results, even if the skills acquired are implemented. This is made more complex by the fact that key institutions seem to give ambiguous signals to civil society about their commitment and adherence to full respect for the laws- take for instance the requirement for equality before the laws, which in turn demands that no one puts her/him above the law. Our reports show that this requirement is violated over and over again by prominent members of all branches of government.

NEV has been measuring the success of the judiciary in ensuring that violent crime is punished (the impunity project) in how far the legal system: a) functions across a territory- to identify whether there are areas in which the judiciary is absent; b) the uniformity of the system across social and economic groups; c) the degree in which the legal system protects against discrimination of groups (gender); d) the supremacy of the Constitution in the application of the law (criminal law). We are also following how the experience of being victims of violence affects people’s attitudes, values and beliefs about human rights, law enforcement institutions, and democracy, in particular whether this experience promotes the moral exclusion of perpetrators from their domain of justice fostering a climate conducive to gross human rights violations.

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1 A central point of the Public Security and Citizenship National Program announced by the Lula Administration in 2007.
NEV further monitors human rights violations, and the institutions, organizations and policies, that are expected to uphold the rule of law, ensure access to civil, political and social rights and provide remedies for rights violations. Monitoring has focused mainly on the rights to life, liberty and security of the person, criminal and interpersonal violence which undermine these rights, the criminal justice, and penitentiary systems. Increasingly other rights such as economic, political, civil and cultural rights have also been monitored at the state and society arenas. The complex relations between these arenas, the difficulties to reform institutions, organizations and policies, to improve the performance, to disseminate democratic values, and to increase the level respect for and protection of human rights, have as result become more visible.

Quantitative and qualitative indicators have been used and tested to measure progress in human rights, particularly civil, political and social rights which are required to high-quality democracies. Among these are basic civil rights to life and security of the person, liberty and freedom of movement, freedom of thought and expression, freedom of information, freedom of assembly and association, including associations for competing and campaigning for political office, protection against discrimination, particularly for vulnerable and disadvantage groups, and due process rights (Beetham 2004).

In Latin America there are, in general, low levels satisfaction with and low trust in the political party system, elected officials and the judiciary. But when these combine with the very high trust and prestige of the military in Latin America (identified in the Americasbarometer, 2006), particularly among the younger generation, there seems to be reason for deep concerns about the prospects for the future of democracy in this subcontinent. The fact that this trust is stronger among young respondents, a group also more likely to support “populist measures at the expense of liberal democracy” (Seligson, 2007) gives this concern more salience as this is a generation that was born after the transition to democracy, meaning that it did not witness, first hand, the costs of dictatorship or of “authoritarian” regimes, and it may have less determination to refuse the return to such regimes.

2.1. Qualitative analysis of research activities

In this period a number of papers were prepared, edited and submitted for publication and two reference books launched: “Violência na Escola: um guia para pais e professores”; (School violence: a guide for parents and teachers) and the Third National Report on Human Rights. Also two of our book series on Human Rights, with EDUSP, (the University of São Paulo Press) were launched. Carol Devine, Human Rights: the essential reader; and Elizabeth Jelin & Eric Hershenberg (eds), Constructing Democracy: Human Rights, citizenship and society in Latin America. The main results of the two research lines, in the period are presented here.

Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights

Ia - Analysis of the survey data- A series of exploratory analyses of the three waves of the survey data (2001,2003 and 2006) were carried out. A major effort was done to refine the Exposure to Violence Scale (EVS). The effects of continued contact with high rates of violence, and the fear that this evokes, on attitudes and values about human rights, and on the trust that the public have on the law enforcement agencies and the judicial system are analyzed. This scale was developed by combining the responses given by respondent to three forms of victimization: witnessing or hearing violent events in the previous three months (indirect victimization), and being victims of certain types of crime in the previous 12 months (direct victimization). In 2006, for the first time, we also measured life prevalence of victimization- whether they had ever been victims of certain crimes. Descriptive statistical analysis, factor analysis, latent structure analysis were all carried out.

The development of the EVS scale initially considered only whether respondents had been victims of violent or moderately violent (direct or indirect) crime without considering the frequency in which they reported victimization. Pilot analysis indicated the need to consider the frequency of victimization (multiple victimization) and an estimation of the intensity of the violence of the event being measured. Respondents who had reported witnessing shootings and someone being killed or had seen the body of some one who was murdered responded in a similar pattern as persons who had experienced serious direct victimization. The scale was reviewed to separate respondents according with the frequency and seriousness of victimization directly experienced and witnessed. This decision was strengthened by recent literature on trauma reporting the role of visual images in the duration of post-traumatic symptoms.

Exploratory analyses were carried out to be presented at seminars and meetings:

a) a sub sample of respondents of the survey- youth between 16-19 years of age, cross tabulated with probability of being alive by 25 years of age, pattern of direct and indirect victimization and fear, their attitudes and values about violence and the use of violence, perception and assessment of their own community, law enforcement agencies, punishment, social capital and human rights;

b) victimization of youth as compared to that of respondents 20 years or older- The analyses were used to explore the usefulness of the concept of future discounting to understand the risk of youth violence in São Paulo. Results revealed a massive over representation of youth as direct and indirect victims of serious physical violence. The data indicate that the more victimized youth, similarly to what is reported in the international literature, have more contact with violent youth. This in turn seems to affect their perception of life expectancy. This is also the group that reports the worse experience with police officers: while only one in ten adults report ever being verbally or physically abused by the police, one in 4 youth report the same experience. As result the image of law enforcement agencies is worse in the younger group, but paradoxically this is the group more willing to accept the use of force by the police when questioning suspects, when containing prison riots and or punishing prisoners after a failed escape attempt. Although this would lead us to expect greater acceptance of the violation of civil and political rights by the state, the reverse is true: youth present the higher rejection of the violation of civil and political rights. Youth are also more fearful, more youth felt the need to carry a gun as result of fear of victimization. These results are stable in the three waves of data: about 1/3 of respondents have doubts about whether they will be alive by age 25. For 1 youth in 10 this probability is low or very low.

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c) analysis of the patterns of expectations of punishment and the meaning of prison sentences as related to the degree of exposure to violence; d) latent structure models and f) factor analysis to reduce the data volume.

I b- Analyses of everyday conflicts- Qualitative data from fifteen focus groups representing different age and social economic groups, living/working in different regions of the city are being analyzed to identify whether there are specificities in their patterns of conflicts (more intra-family, between neighbors, with strangers, at work and so forth), types of grievances that lead to conflicts, means of solving interpersonal conflicts and role ascribed to institutions, in particular the police and city administrators and satisfaction with the outcome.

I c- The criminal justice system, democracy and human rights- The research activities in this specific line of inquiry proposed a series of themes to be explored in 2007. We will present a summary description of the activities carried on in the period to approach the different research themes proposed:

The first theme proposed for analysis refers to criminal impunity. In different contemporary Western societies, the rise of violence stimulate demands law and order. Many believe that the more severe the punishment, the greater citizens’ trust in law enforcement agencies thus ensuring the respect for and the internal cohesion of the public order. The more widespread law-abiding behavior, the more citizens will trust democracy.

The research project Violence, impunity and trust in democracy examines this hypothesis centering on the theoretical model of the institutional performance. According to the latter, governmental institutions follow known parameters of governmental action to contain violent crime. Law-enforcement agents are expected to use coercive force in a non-arbitrary way; b) to detect penal responsibility and to apply sanctions to culprits regardless of their social economic position, gender/sex, race or ethnicity, age, education; and c) to present institutional standards of performance compatible with the magnitude of the problems faced. Empirically, the research consists of the follow-up of police occurrences (violent crimes such as rape, robbery, robbery followed by death, drug trafficking, and homicide) in the criminal justice system, from their first record in the police until the final sentence is passed.

1- Homicide and Impunity. This is based on both quantitative and qualitative research strategies. In the quantitative study a probabilistic sample of 672 cases was defined but only 245 cases were actually located in court’s archives. These are the object of the present analysis. A questionnaire was used to collect data on the profile of the: crime, aggressor, victim, as well as other legal and extra-legal case characteristics. The aim of the qualitative analysis is to examine the degree of equality before the law in the justice system, is there a fair and just system of punishment for crimes against life or is there a bias in punishment? If so what is the direction of this bias?

2- Police-officers’ decision-making process to identify the priorities of the investigation process. In the past year the research team analyzed the conversion of 344,767 police reports on the selected types of violent crime in one of the police macro regions of the city of São Paulo (1991 to 1997), into 18,755 police enquiries. This analysis explored the role that: legal factors (nature of the crime and nature of the offender) and extra-legal factors (socio-economic characteristics of the population who live in the jurisdiction of the police stations where reports were made) play in law enforcement agents’ decision to open an enquiry. Statistical analyses (convergence between census districts and police districts, Spearman correlations, Gamma correlation test, and multiple linear regression model) revealed that the probability of a police report being converted into a police enquiry changed depending on i) the nature of crime with the greatest probability of enquiry in homicide cases and the smallest in cases of robbery; ii) whether the identity of offenders were known at the time the crime was recorded: 74.1% though these represent only 4.1% of the total of cases reported, while in 90.1% offenders were unknown; iii) whether the case reported led to an arrest at the scene of the crime, whether the identity of the offender was known or unknown at the moment the case was reported; iv) size and age profile of the population in the territory covered by the police precinct- the greater the population, the greater the presence of youth in the population and the concentration of low-income residents, the lower the conversion rate. To better understand institutional performance it is necessary to examine how legal and extra-legal factors interfere in law enforcement agents’ decision to investigate or not a crime.

3- Impunity and citizens’ trust in institutions- Analysis of the data from the survey on trust in institutions with residents of the areas covered by the research on impunity: The study limited itself to the theoretical treatment of the relation between political trust, democracy and punishment. In various contemporary Western societies, violence has become a major concern of both citizens and political authorities. The greater the public’s fears, the more cries for punishment to prevent violence often leading to increasing demands for law and order, as well as the hardening of treatment given to criminals or persons perceived as responsible for the increased violence as a deterrent to further crime. We are currently facing the classical problem of social order legitimacy. The objective is to study political trust in the institutions pertaining to democratic societies, the trust citizens grant to institutions in charge of applying penal law and sanctions, of securing law-obedience and public order as well as internal cohesion through the repressive control of unlawful behavior. The study examined three models to explain trust: i) the model that consigns the support granted by citizens to the institutions to the individual: personality traits and psycho-social components; ii) the culturalist model according to which trust is a result of the cultural values existing in society reproduced by processes of political socialization; iii) institutional performance model by which trust is a result of the performance of law-enforcing agents as well as of repressive control institutions in responding to public security demands.
Regardless of a greater or lesser explanatory scope that any of these models may have, the specialized literature highlights that while political trust has been considered as one of the foundations of democratic political regimes in modern society from the 1960s onwards, in the West, public opinion polls and studies have indicated a decline in trust granted to governors, government, and to participation and representation mechanisms. This phenomenon seems to be more evident in the institutions in charge of law and order. There seems to be a correlation between the decline in trust and the intensification of social conflicts whose resolution does not involve the mediation of democratic institutions. This tendency seems to be responsible for appeals for increased punishment. It is within this theoretical framework that the study seeks to explore the results of opinion polls in the areas covered by the research on penal impunity.

4- **The analysis of the Women Police precincts and Law to prevent domestic violence** was proposed as part of a larger project to analyze how gender appear in legal discourse and the role of women in crime. The themes were developed as part of a post-doctoral project conducted by Wânia Pasinato with a fellowship by FAPESP. The research has identified the “state of the art” of the research on violence against women in Brazil from 1985 on, and contributes to the reflection about the categories used to define the theme, in the first phase of the project was to conduct a comprehensive bibliographic review about violence against women and Women Police precincts. Emphasis was given to the literature in the social sciences. Readings were guided by the questions: How the “object” violence is defined; what are the theories used; how theoretical elements are used in the analysis; what the assumptions are? Results were presented in three papers, discussing (i) Police precincts, (ii) Law to prevent domestic violence and (iii) literature review.

5- **Empirical research connected to the project Violence, impunity and trust in democracy.** Analyzing the 245 homicide cases from the perspective of gender the analysis will compare involving women as victim and/or aggressor with cases involving only men. In this first phase the following activities were carried out: preparation of data collection instruments and judicial process analysis, pre-test of instruments and beginning of data collection. So far a total of 11 cases involving women were retrieved of a total 56 cases.

6- **The research team working with the historical research about public security policies** is analyzing the information collected during the five previous years. The documents being analyzed include those related to institutions that are part of criminal justice system (legislation, reports, debate in Congress). The analysis revealed that legislative innovations, changes in institutional procedures or the creation of new institutions in this area do not achieve the accomplishment of democratic procedures in criminal justice field, they also do not guarantee the universal access of citizens to rights as they are constantly limited by, and redefined by political and corporative interests. Part of this analysis was presented in academic events and published as articles in academic periodicals.

7- **Special attention was given to the prison system, motivated by the security crisis of May 2006.** A paper analyzing the impact of political transition on public security was published, focusing the analysis in two historical moments, 1946 and after 1985. It was also published a paper analyzing the events that led to 2006 crisis. Both try to understand the structural, political and organizational elements of prison system failure (part of public security police failure), as important element to understand the growing of organized crime inside the prison system. Also survey data is being analyzed to explore the attitudes to prison and punishment by the part of the population. It should be remarked that the three survey waves are coincident with the occurrence of three major prison riots (2001, 2003 and 2006). This analysis will permit us to explore in what extent population legitimate use of violence as punishment by the part of the State.

8- **Police violence and the criminal justice system**: an analysis of the performance of the criminal justice system in cases of high profile cases of police violence. A literature review was carried out to identify the indicators of abusive use of force by the police in order to separate lawful use of force from unlawful one. All the interview transcripts with the different actors has been retrieved, and is in the process of being transcribed to modern versions of Word program. The interview tapes have been digitalized to secure the integrity of the data. Preliminary analyses are being performed.

9- **Analysis of the events that led to the public security crisis in 2006** The emergence of organized crime in Brazilian prisons, especially in the state of São Paulo, is the focus of this paper. The attacks organized by a group entitled the Capital's First Command (PCC – Primeiro Comando da Capital), in May 2006, resulted in numerous deaths of police officers, and of civilians, brought cities to a halt, and cornered authorities in charge applying law are analyzed. This form of organized crime is analyzed against the background of the international as well as national context, the historical antecedents, the rooting of crime in society and the role of public policies for the prison system are also considered. Paper published: Organized Crime in Brazilian Prisons and the Attack of PCC, Sérgio Adorno & Fernando Salla In Estudos Avançados 21 (61): 7-31, dezembro 2007.

10- **Official sources on public security policies**: what quality of the data? Access to official data on violent crime by the State Secretariat of Public Security (for the period 2000-2005) was granted to NEV after three years of increased reticence from the state government to grant researchers any access to their data. The data sets are interesting for they are disaggregated and allow analyses by census tract and even by type of offense, street, and time of the day the offense took place. Initial analyses showed some problems with the data sets: the most visible one was that while the nearly 100% of the offenses could be mapped for the period up to 2004, in 2005 this percentage declined to roughly 80%. This problem was raised with the source and it was explained that there were problems with how the information was extracted from their original data sets and that this would be fixed. Still four months went by and no further access to the data has been granted or corrections made. Meanwhile NEV is concentrating on analyzing homicide data (as opposed to a comparative analysis of rape, armed robbery, robbery followed by murder and so forth) based on data from the municipality department of health statistics.
**I d – Comparative Research – Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas** - The project “Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas”, is been developed for the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, with the support of the Open Society Institute. The main objective is to identify and promote citizen security policies based on, and supportive of human rights values, norms and attitudes. The project relies on the comparative and in-depth analysis of citizen security and human rights policies in the Americas. The expected result is a report on Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, to be released by the Inter-American Commission in 2008.

**I f- Extra-judicial mechanisms of reparations for the victims of violations of human rights: the Latin-American experiences** - This research analyzes the different forms of human rights reparations, resulting from different judicial systems: in particular the Truth Commissions in Latin America, in their approach to the violations, to victims' trauma, and to the construction of the right to memory. Truth Commissions, were organized in the Latin America during the transition to democratic regimes. In contexts of negotiated transitions where past violations had to be reconciled with a democratic present. What are the limits of such transitions? In spite of the pressure for pardon, amnesty and national reconciliation, the question of how to deal with the past is still present in the new democracies. Truth Commissions have been presented as alternative formulas to the judicial solution, whereby the publicity of the traumas can be settled down and the reparations can be made, but these are of different order. This project has identified: (i) the role of the amnesties laws in pos-dictatorial regimes, and (ii) the Brazilian transition compared to the South African. These resulted in two Ph.D.s theses. At present the research is focusing on: the nature of the reparations, forced disappearances and the memories of former political prisoners.

**I g- Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies** - To study the philosophical and sociological literature from the perspective of Critical Theory, (Frankfurt Institute of Social Research), to contemporary problems of democracy, justice and human rights through monthly seminars with invited specialists. A special seminar was held on the 70th anniversary of Law Philosopher Evgeni Pachukanis' death.

**Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations**

The main objective is to monitor human rights violations and access to human rights, and the policies to protect and to promote human rights, the rule of law and democracy, in Brazil and particularly in the State of São Paulo. The main research activities in 2006-2007 were: 1) the maintenance of the databases on gross human rights violations registered by the press: police violence, execution and lynching; 2) data collection on human rights violations, access to human rights and human rights policies and relating crimes, human rights violations and socioeconomic characteristics of districts in the City of São Paulo.

The main results of research activities in 2006-2007 were besides the publication of the Third National Report on Human Rights in Brazil 2002-2005, Restructuring of the databases of human rights violations in the press, allowing a more refined treatment of data and information on police violence, execution and lynching:

a) A new system provides more information on the profile of victims and aggressors, the settings, and allows more refined data treatment on: police officers victims of violence; police participation in common crimes, including in organized crime; activities motivated by criminal organizations and particularly those involved in drug trafficking; the relationship between aggressors and victims; the distance between the place where the violations occurred and the victim residence; non-fatal human rights violations; the number of gunshot wounds on victims; about the of places in which human rights violations occur; b) adoption of the "Brazilian Classification of Resident Occupations" of the Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (Instituto Brasileiro de Geografia e Estatística – IBGE); c) databases available to researchers through the Intranev and to the external public through NEV’s website (www.nevusp.org); d) Digital copies of the news clippings allowing the immediate access to the full text; e) tables with data on police violence, execution and lynching summing up six months of each year available at NEV’s website, disaggregated for São Paulo, Rio de Janeiro and other Brazilian states; f) time line on police violence, featuring the high media profile cases of police available at intranev and at the NEV site; g) publication of NEV Human Rights: monthly and bi-annual bulletins; h) other publications: report, book, book chapters, papers.

**II.1. The 4th National Report on Human Rights in Brazil (2006-2008)** - The 4th National Report on Human Rights in Brazil (2006-2008) is being prepared. Printing will be in 2008 and release in the first semester of 2009. The report focus attention on human rights violations, access to human rights and human rights policies in the 26 Federal States and the Federal District, to provide a diagnosis of the access to human rights to allow the development of strategies to protect and promote human rights, and contribute to strengthen the rule of law, democratic institutions and practices in the country as well as in the states. In addition, the report will also focus attention on the question of human rights indicators to monitor human rights (which indicators have been, can be and should be used?), with the objective of contributing to the development of the methodology to measure progress and results in human rights.

**II.2. Violence, Risk and Vulnerability: homicides and human rights violations in São Paulo** - The main objective of this project is to identify the risk of youth homicide (15–24 years) in the Municipality of São Paulo. The research seeks to understand if exposure to high risk of violence situations is a key element in the process of youth’s social identity definition. The project uses both quantitative and qualitative research strategies. In 2007 we did a quantitative analysis (an ecological study design) of the association between homicide rates and different socioeconomic development and gross human rights violations indicators. Descriptive analysis, normality test, correlation, cross-tabulation and logistic regression analysis were carried on. Bi-variate, strong and significant associations were found with most part of the independent variables, stronger for male than for female homicides. This posed to us a new question concerning gender differences on social.
determinants of homicides that resulted in a paper submitted for publication. Two other results are: 1) a paper discussing the public health approach to violence, centered on the epidemiological concept of risk, submitted for publication and 2) a paper analyzing the association of gross human rights violations and socioeconomic development indicators, also submitted for publication. Qualitative data collection (life histories of homicide victims) and analysis is programmed to start next year.

II.3. Improving access to rights – a home visitation project- The activities developed in this period had two main objectives: 1 –find partners and funds for the implementation of the home visitation program and 2 – Conduct a preparatory phase (diagnosis, group discussions, refinement of protocols).

With support from the World Health Organization and Pan-American Health Organization an international Advisory Group was composed with experts on home Visitations Interventions and evaluation strategies. Members of the international Advisory group are: 1 – Dr. Alexander Butchart, WHO; 2 – Dr. Alberto Concha-Eastman, PAHO; 3 – Dr. Magdalena Cerda, Univ. Michigan; 4 – Dr. Joanne Klevens, CDC; 5 – Dr. Rosario Valdez, Instituto de Salud Pública de México; 6 – Dr. Jon Korfmancher, Erikson Institute.

The first meeting with the international advisory group took place in São Paulo in October 22nd and 23rd. The aims of the meeting were to present, discuss and refine program and evaluation proposal and protocols.

2 – For the preparatory phase (called Phase zero) we did a quantitative diagnosis: an ecological study was carried on to identify main variables for adolescent pregnancy, violence against female adolescents and violence against children. The explanatory variables, identified through logistic regression analysis, were: fertility rate, proportion of female adolescents in the districts, median income, proportion of heads of household with low income, proportion of heads of household with little schooling and homicide rates. These variables were used as matching parameters for the select of the intervention and control areas. This quantitative diagnosis was carried on with UNDP funds.

2.1. Also group discussions with pregnant adolescent and with adolescents who are mothers, were conducted to identify their perceptions regarding motherhood and pregnancy during adolescence, main difficulties they face during pregnancy and motherhood, their reaction to home visitation program. Discussions were undertaken to allow us to identify main issues to incorporate in visiting protocols and possible obstacles we would face during program implementation.

2.2. The first version of home visitation protocols was discussed with International Advisory group. Changes will be made for a final version to be pre-tested. It was also discussed evaluation design and protocols (instruments). Changes will be made, and instruments will be pre-tested.

2.2. Knowledge transfer-Dissemination Activities in 2007

a) Website NEV-Cidadão: this website received more visitors during 2007 than in the previous years can be seen in the graph bellow. There were difficulties in extending the system to the metropolitan region but this task will be finalized in 2008.

![Number of Visits Graph](http://nev.incubadora.fapesp.br/stats / Software: AWStats / Number of Visits - Number of users that visit the site including return visitors.

b) Digitalizing the news clippings that inform the data bases on gross human rights violations- In total 77.374 news clippings were scanned, checked and classified according to the cases they referred to in the data bases. The second stage consisted of including the scanned images in a standard format: with all the information on the original source (newspaper source, date, page number) as well as the information on its location in NEV databases. It is already possible to consult in the original news clippings the reporting of major cases of police violence, lynching and executions.

Next: all editorials and commentaries on gross human rights violations cases (roughly 20.000 clippings) are to be scanned, checked and included in the standard format. The visual images of all clippings are to be converted to text so that Google type consults can be carried out. Part of the material is already being tested for this type of query.

b.1) All taped interviews, from the data collection archive at NEV are being digitalized, in order to preserve this material from physical deterioration and to ensure the broad Access of researchers to all the data collected. Up to the present moment more than 200 files were digitalized. Archives are composed by: interviews with people from selected communities of São Paulo State. Interviews made to reconstruct cases of police violence, lynching and execution. The interviews were part of the project “Continuidade Autoritária e Construção da Democracia I e II” (de 1992 a 1994 e 1994 a 1998) and by tapes that document seminars promoted by NEV since 1987.

c) electronic periodical of NEV-USP, Democracia, Direitos Humanos e Violência: During 2007 we defined the main structure of this periodical, which includes all topics that are part of a scientific journal (cf. http://revistadonev.incubadora.fapesp.br/portal). The periodical will be hosted by Incubadora Virtual de Conteúdos Digitais (http://incubadora.fapesp.br/). A list with Editors was made with both national and international researchers and we also listed potential names to be part of Editorial board. Next step will be to make contact with named researchers to formally invite them to be part of Editorial board.
The seminar was based on her research into the recent experiences of Argentina, and she analyzed the ways in which social demands for process of transition. This entails the development of a democratic institutional apparatus and, at the same time, ways to deal with past knowledge in the field of studies on organized crime and its impact on democracy. The Seminar was held in Sao Paulo from 26 to 28, November 2007. The seminar was the first of a series of three seminars with the following objectives: 1- to update the knowledge on organized crime in contemporary societies and the impact that this type of crime can have on democracy; 2- promote exchanges between Brazilian and foreign researchers and thus to promote comparative research; 3- to encourage networks of national and international researchers in order to more readily inform public security policies and decision making and also to ensure that public policies thus informed, are compatible with democracy. Originally scheduled to take place earlier this year the Seminar had to be postponed due to a prolonged strike that affected the three state universities. A book will be edited by NEV based on the presentations made at the seminar.

Two other international seminars were programmed for 2007: one about Torture and another about Monitoring Humans Rights violations. Again this was due to the strike that paralyzed all the support activities and bureaucratic procedures within the university as the Administrative Building of the University was occupied by students, university workers and supporters of their strike. This lasted from May to the end of June 2007, when the staff was allowed in the building another stage of accounting for damages and renovating equipment and installations resulted in further delays. Another month (July) went by before we could process documents. Beside the strike NEV was called to the organization of the international seminar on “organized crime and democracy”. This greater engagement, not previously programmed led NEV to re-plan the schedule of the two other seminars as there were no conditions for us to organize three international seminar of this complexity within 5 months. The organization of both seminars continued but the actual seminars were postponed to 2008. Contacts with potential participants were re-initiated after the strike and new dates (in 2008) were fixed for both International seminars. The organization of the international seminar about Torture is complete, the program confirmed and all international experts confirmed. Dates are set for the last week of February, 2008.

d) Website Safety and Citizenship: promotion of violence prevention and transparency in public security sector: The objective of the project is to develop a website to give access to citizens (of the State of São Paulo and other stated of Brazil) to key information and instruments about violence prevention and safety promotion, to help communities develop pro-active initiatives to promote safety and prevent violence/criminality at local level. A partnership between NEV and the Institut National de Santé Publique du Québec, responsible for the development of the website Centre québécois de ressources en promotion de la sécurité et en prévention de la criminalité, was accomplished during the WHO Collaborating Centers meeting, in September 2007, in Geneve.

e) The book series on Human Rights to complement the series on Police and Society: five titles were selected for translation, two are published and three ready to go to the printers. They are published and distributed by EDUSP. The series is being financed by the National Secretariat for Human Rights. The three titles ready for printing are: 1) Micheline R. Ishay, (Editor), The Human Rights Reader, Major Political Essays, Speeches and Documents. 2) George and Claude Andreopoulos and Pierre Richard, Human Rights Education for the Twenty First Century; 3) Thomas B. Jardine and Richard P. Claude (ed.) Human Rights and Statistics: getting the record straight

International seminars on “Organized Crime and Democracy”, for the three state universities in the State of São Paulo (detailed program appended). Date: November 26th-29th, 2007. Abstract of the seminar: The state universities of Sao Paulo, Brazil: University of Sao Paulo (USP), University of Campinas (UNICAMP) and the State University of Sao Paulo (UNESP) have joined efforts to disseminate the state of art of knowledge in the field of studies on organized crime and its impact on democracy. The Seminar was held in Sao Paulo from 26 to 28, November 2007. The seminar was the first of a series of three seminars with the following objectives: 1- to update the knowledge on organized crime in contemporary societies and the impact that this type of crime can have on democracy; 2- promote exchanges between Brazilian and foreign researchers and thus to promote comparative research; 3- to encourage networks of national and international researchers in order to more readily inform public security policies and decision making and also to ensure that public policies thus informed, are compatible with democracy. Originally scheduled to take place earlier this year the Seminar had to be postponed due to a prolonged strike that affected the three state universities. A book will be edited by NEV based on the presentations made at the seminar.

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d. II Other seminars: Internal/external public lectures/seminars

Seminar “Human Rights Violations, Legal Responses and Collective Memory”/ Professor Joachim J. Savelsberg from the University of Minnesota (USA) – Date: June 6, 2007. Law and collective memory are reciprocally associated. Law steers collective memory, directly but selectivity, as trials produce images of the past through the production and presentation of evidence in ritual practices and public discourse. Law affects collective memory indirectly by regulating the production, accessibility, and dissemination of information about the past. Simultaneously, collective memory is preserved and activated by carrier groups to inform law-making and law enforcement; and memories of past atrocities serve as analogical devices that, under certain conditions, influence law. Such institutionalization of collective memory as law partly results from applied commemorations, law making situations that invoke the past. The relevance of the reciprocal relationship between law and collective memory is highlighted by responses to recent atrocities, regime transitions, and given the international community’s new openness toward intervention in national affairs.

Seminar “Anthropology of the Memory and the Identity”/ Professor Ludmila da Silva Catela from the Universidade Nacional de Córdoba (Argentina) – Date: June 25, 26 and 27, 2007. The end of dictatorial regimes and state-sponsored political repression involves a process of transition. This entails the development of a democratic institutional apparatus and, at the same time, ways to deal with past crimes and state repression. The task of settling accounts with the past converges with the need to build a different future. The seminar of Professor Catela dealt with one specific arena of this process: the struggles around memories and meanings as reflected in public memories. The seminar was based on her research into the recent experiences of Argentina, and she analyzed the ways in which social demands for public memories change over time. Her perspective involves understanding memories as subjective processes anchored in experiences and in material and symbolic markers. There is a dynamic link between individual subjectivities, societal or collective belonging, and the
embodiment of the past and its meanings in a variety of cultural products which can be conceived as vehicles of memory, such as books, museums, films, rituals of commemoration and photographs.

Seminars on Critical Theory:

Professor Márcio Bilharinho Naves, on the critical legal works of German philosopher G. Rusche, Held at the Center for Studies of Violence, on March 5th. The connections between the Marxist critical political economic analysis and criminal law were emphasized, distinguishing traditional and critical theories;

Professor Alãor Caffé Alves, on “Social Inclusion”, on May 7th. How critical theory sociological assumptions can contribute to the discussion of social inclusion in Latin America, from a dialectical perspective and the contradictions between intersubjective will formation and the force of the social structure movement.

Professor Luiz Paulo Rouanet, on “Social Justice”, on June 4th. The relationships between Rawls and Habermas’ law theories were discussed, and their possible contributions for the deepen the understanding of social justice practices in Latin America, highlighting to the need to substitute the role of labor in social dynamics conditionings by the concept of interaction.

Professors Márcio Naves and Alysson Mascaro, on October 1st, on the legal theory of Pachukanis. It was discussed the importance of Pachukanis’ legal works as the most profound adaptation of the Marxist theory to the Philosophy of Law. Pachukanis’ seminal contribution to understand the role that the Market plays as the social element that interconnects as a co-relation between burgoise economics and positive law was acknowledged.

Symposium: Pachukanis, 70 Anos Depois - Encontro em Memória dos 70 Anos da Morte de Evgeni Pachukanis. 2007. With the presence of Professors Márcio Naves, Alãor Caffé Alves, Eduardo Bittar, Alysson Mascaro, C. Caidas and S. Almeida, held at USP law school, on September 11th, on the contributions of the Russian philosopher on Law and on Marxist theory as an alternative conception to understand law’s dynamics

h) Internet access to the database on parliamentary debates on public security and on the edicts by Governors of the province and later the state of São Paulo on public security issues.

j) Joint Program UNESCO Chair on Human Rights-IEA-USP/NEV : Programmed activities for the year 2007 emphasized two sets of themes: a) development and socioeconomic inequality, and b) human rights and access to justice. Two seminars and one course were developed. The first seminar consisted in a debate of the 3rd National Report about Humans Rights in Brazil. Participants in the debate were: Prof. Marcus Orione Gonçalves Correa (Law School – USP), Prof. Laymert Garcia dos Santos (UNICAMP), Prof. Milton Meira do Nascimento (Department of Philosophy - USP) e Prof. Gilberto Dupas (Group of Analysis of International Scenarios of the Institute for International Relations of USP). The theme of the second seminar was “Globalization of Law and the search for a community of values, presented by Prof. Mireille Dalmas-Marti, Professor of Comparative Judicial Studies and Internationalization of Rights of the Collège de France. The Collège de France has a partnership with IEA (Cátedra Lévi-Strauss). This partnership included the organization of the course “O Direito Penal do Inumano”, at Law School of the University of São Paulo. Two additional seminars are programmed for 2007, both in December. One will discuss the social responsibility of the researcher and the other will discuss the role of the Peace and Justice Commission and that of the Catholic Church in the promotion of Human Rights. All these activities are organized with academic support form NEV-CEPID/USP.

2.3. Educational Activities in 2007

a. Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice- The content of the first course given to students in class, was adapted to electronic learning format. This meant adapting the lectures and identifying strategies to be used in the internet course: papers, powerpoint presentations, support notes from lecturers plus recommendations made by previous students, professors and course coordinators. All this material was adapted to the new format, more dynamic and interactive. After the adaptation of the materials each of the 18 lectures were sent to back lecturer in charge of that topic to be reviewed and enriched. At the same time, bureaucratic steps were followed to have this new format of the course approved by the University of São Paulo, that approval happened in August 20th, 2007. The tender process was initiated the to contract an expert group to develop the system to deliver the e-learning course. All the necessary bureaucratic steps, as well as the strike of the University from May to June 2007, delayed the development of the course.

IX – Short term course: “Penal Law of the In Human”, 8th to 11th October 2007, at the Law School of USP. Prof. Mireille Delmas-Marty. Collège de France- Chair of the Comparative Judicial Studies and the Internationalization of Law based on a research on Les Figures de L’Internalisation du Droit, exploring how Penal Law spreads across the globe and the role that two factors play in this dissemination: the universalization of Human Rights and economic globalization. The study starts from the assumption that penal law and the penal process law are the basic ingredients for the internationalization of Law the course reviewed national, regional and international legislation concerning the implementation of human rights, war crimes, terrorism and crimes against humanity all from the perspective of forms to limit the in-human and to foster a community of shared values.
3. Major obstacles/ scientific challenges
Our challenges are related to the stage of development of all the fields of study involved and of the context from which we work. Empirical studies on human rights, democracy and violence all suffer from the fact that systematic investigations are a very recent phenomena: the knowledge accumulated so far present multiple conceptual problems and not surprisingly methodological ones. The good news is that despite the difficulties larger number of researchers are dedicated to the three fields a blessing and a problems for keeping abreast of the knowledge accumulated so far present multiple conceptual problems and not surprisingly methodological ones. The good news is that despite the difficulties larger number of researchers are dedicated to the three fields.

a) To refine the indicators and the methodology to measure human rights, and develop indicators to be used in comparisons with other countries.
b) To increase our knowledge about mechanisms to protect and to promote access to human rights (civil, political, economic, social and cultural) in new democracies. We need to identify more clearly what are the factors that contribute to weaken and strengthen human rights in new democracies and what is the impact that policies to ensure universal access to human rights have on rule of law and on democracy.
c) To increase our knowledge about the process of political re-socialization that is assumed to occur when transitions to democracy start: what changes and what remains as legacies form the authoritarian period and what is the impact that change and persistence, in this realm have for rule of law, democracy and human rights.
d) To communicate in a persuasive way with civil society we need to use a more positive tone. As pointed by our International Advisory Committee we have to provide a more positive view of human rights. So far what we have had to communicate is mostly bad news, the challenge is to provide positive examples to carry out an exercise of how society should be if it were to be one in which human rights were universally applied.
e) To identify clearly the relations between violence and human rights violations: to clearly delimit the territory: when and/or what type of violence is related to (caused by?) human rights violations and when or what types are not. The other challenge is to explore the connections between fear of violence and civil and political rights; what types of fear prevent the exercise of which rights.

4. Potential problems/bottlenecks

Access to information, to sources and to key information from government continues to be a problem. The mixed quality of secondary data is another problem. The data collected in all the three fields can be used for political purposes, meaning could be used to indicate success or failure of governmental policies as result access to data, generated by official departments will depend on the political context. This can prevent some time tables to be fulfilled, and or demand a lot of negotiation ability from researchers. The fact that full access to data cannot be guaranteed at all times is an indicator of the degree of freedom of access to what should be public information. Another problem is the poor capacity to forecast how much time dissemination or knowledge transfer through the media will demand from researchers. As much as we may plan a certain number of activities within knowledge transfer there is always a part of external demand we have no control of. These will be a consequence of actual events and of external demands such as seminars or workshops promoted by other groups and for which we are invited. Depending on the number of events in a single year and the pressure by the media this can be disrupting to activities that demand concentration and focus such as analyzing, doing literature reviews or writing.

On the managerial aspect there is the need to institutionalize the Center to provide researchers with a career structure. This continues to be a challenge as is the effective support of the infrastructure of the University. Without any doubt NEV is the least supported center at the university, despite its major presence in the community, the relevance and salience of the object of research as well as societal needs for information. This lack of support is expressed clearly in its more than simple, almost primitive installations.

5. Objectives to be achieved in 2008

5.1 Research: For 2008 research activities will continue to concentrate on the two main research lines: Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights; Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations.

I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights

I a- Survey data analysis in 2007- Data collection 4th survey wave: the fourth survey data will be used to close this period of data collection which will have represented nearly a decade. Joint analyzes of the results of the three previous waves: finish data reduction, write up the process of defining the Exposure to Violence Scale (ETV); analysis of effects of exposure to violence on fear and on attitudes to punishment and human rights; exposure and neighborhoods- the impact of exposure on the perception of neighborhoods, civility/incivility in interpersonal contact and on social capital; exposure to violence and trust in institutions, delegation of power, and use of force for social control, exposure to violence and use of physical punishment; exposure to violence, shared representations of the causes of violence and use of violence. In the analysis a special focus will be given to age, race and gender. It is expected that the analyses will result in a book and that a number of papers will be written by various members of NEV. Analysis of qualitative data on human rights collected throughout the 1990’s will start running simultaneous to the analysis of the surveys.
I b- Analyses of everyday conflicts-  This study analysis data available at the NEV on socially shared representations of conflicts. The data were collected through focus groups with different SES and age groups, with civil servants working (teachers, health professionals, police officers, postmen, social workers) in high violence and high poverty areas, civil society leaders in the same areas and from the surveys. The analysis seeks to identify whether there are patterns of conflicts between residents and what relations exist (if any) between these patterns and access (or lack of) to human rights as well as attributions made by respondents as to the causes of such conflicts and whether they indicate any awareness of relations between interpersonal conflicts and access to rights.

I c The criminal justice system, democracy and human rights- 1- Continuation of the project Violence, impunity and trust in democracy during 2008 includes: 1) finishing data collection, 2) Construction of database, 3) cleaning and correction of database, 4) Quantitative data analysis (descriptive and regression analysis), 5) production and submission of papers for publication (quantitative analysis), 6) begin qualitative data analysis.

2- Post-doctoral project conducted by Wânia Pasinato with a fellowship of FAPESP will continue in 2008. The following activities will be developed:

a) the literature review will be organized in two main axis: 1) the incorporation of the category of gender in Brazilian studies about violence against women. The literature already examined, will be complemented by more literature from the Social Sciences, History and Law, in particular that which analyzes the action of criminal justice in cases of violence against women; theoretical production about gender definition, intersection of gender, patriarchy and action of violence in Brazil; 2) Literature review on homicide in Brazil and the new use of the category women homicide (feminicidio) in the national literature;

3) In the empirical research, data collection is programmed to be finished in February 2008. The data collected will be analyzed considering the elements of bibliographic review. Results of both literature and empirical research will be presented in a final report, as well as in articles and papers to be presented in national and international seminars. Abstracts will be submitted to the national congress of ABA (Porto Seguro, June, 2008) and ANPOCs (October, 2008).

3- The research team involved with historical research will proceed with an integrated analysis of data on public security policies guidelines during XX century, to analyze the profile of members of the elites that were active in the public security field, the impact of governmental action in the efficacy of social control institutions. We are planning to approach through the mentioned analysis particularly during the First Republic, 1950’s and last decades of XX century.

4- The extra-judicial mechanisms of reparations for the victims of violations of human rights: the Latin-American experience A joint project of research with Unité Mixte de Recherche en Droit Comparé (UMR – Sorbonne/Paris1) is being proposed, to compare Latin-American Truth Commissions and to analyze why Truth Commissions did not progress in Europe. On the European side, the study will be restricted to the Bosnia experience and the role of the Parliamentary Assembly of Council of Europe, concerning the recognition of European States of the present and past crimes as the Parliamentary Assembly adopted, at the beginning of 2006, a new Resolution about the need for an international condemnation of the crimes of the totalitarian communist regimes. Weekly meetings of our study group will continue, which is based on the contributions of Hannah Arendt’s works, specially related to totalitarian regimes, responsibility and judgments, pardon and promise.

5- Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies- For the next year the project goals are: publish papers, organize symposiums, study possibilities of partnerships with foreign Universities and produce theoretical work based on NEV's empirical studies.

I d- Projeto Ouvidorias-Police Ombudsmen - The main objective of the project (part of a partnership between NEV/USP and Secretaria Especial dos Direitos Humanos) is to define a methodology to collect and analyze data on the use of lethal force by the police. The methodology will be transferred to Police Ombudsmen in different Brazilian States. It will enforce/empower this institution – that act as an external form of control – and help these review their relationship with Police Departments of Internal Affairs, which act as forms of internal control mechanism of the police. It is hoped that this project will contribute to reduce lethality of police action through the institutionalization of an independent and peaceful monitoring process. It will, at the same extent produce an in-depth knowledge about the use of lethal force by the police and encourage more comparisons within the country once the definition and methods to measure are standardized.

II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations

In 2007-2008, we will: 1) Refine the treatment of the data on human rights violations and the analysis of police violence, execution and lynching, improving the methodology to monitor human rights by developing human rights indicators (including indicators to human rights violations and access to human rights); 2) promote debate on quality of existing governmental, non-governmental and press data to monitor human rights; 3) refine the methodology to measure police violence, explore the causes for this violence focusing attention on the responses of the criminal justice system; 4) produce NEV Human Rights bulletins: monthly, quadric-annual and bi-annual; 6) prepare the 4th National Report on Human Rights in Brazil (2006-2008); 7) Report on Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas.


Homicide was the 12th cause of death in the age group 10-14 years in 1980 (1.5% of all deaths) and in 2005 it was the 4th cause of death, (9.5% of all deaths). This paper analysis mortality data from the health system as well as that from NEV data bases on lynching, execution
and police violence in order to identify the profile (gender, age, large cities, regions of the country) as well as by what means these children die. Causes for the greater risk for children aged 13 to 14 are sought in the child development literature. This analysis is nearly completed.

Violence, Risk and Vulnerability: homicides and human rights violations in São Paulo

Continuation of the project in 2008 includes the following activities: 1) preparation and submission of papers based on multivariate (logistic regression analysis), 2) Qualitative data collection: negotiation with a specialized service that renders support to homicide victims family members to allow us to conduct in-depth interviews (life stories), conduction of life stories, analysis. 3) Preparation and submission of papers based on life-stories analysis, 4) Continuation of weekly meetings of the research team.

Improving access to rights – a home visitation project - As a result of the meeting with the International Advisory Group in October 2007 the research team are finalizing protocols for home visitation and for the evaluation. In 2008 we will also continue efforts for funding rising. The following activities will be accomplished in 2008: 1) Review of existing protocols and evaluation instruments, 2) Adaptation of protocols to be used in Brazil and creation of new protocols, 3) Conceptual validation of protocols through discussion with experts, 4) Assessment of language used and acceptance of protocols by adolescents and family members through group discussions, 5) Second meeting with international expert advisory group to discuss all the produced protocols, 6) Review the intervention project after discussion with the national and international experts as well as the result from consultations with adolescents and their family members.

5.2. Knowledge transfer

I. International Seminar on Torture: This Seminar is expected to take place between the 25th and the 27th of February 2008 (program appended with all participants confirmed). The aim of the Seminar is to promote a broad discussion on torture and its myths. The Seminar is motivated by two concurrent factors: the return of the discussion on the “efficacy” of torture under certain conditions (i.e. the “war on terror”) and the survival within Brazilian law enforcement agencies of the practice of torture twenty years after the return to democracy. This seminar will be the first of a series of two seminars with the following objectives: 1- to promote an informed debate on torture and the impact that lowering moral interdictions against torture can have for democracy; 2- to promote exchanges between Brazilian and international scholars and researchers; 3- to encourage networks of national and international scholars in order to more readily inform public debate on these issues. A book will be edited by NEV based on the contributions made to the seminar. The second seminar will be on “Preventing torture and other forms of violence by acting on their economic, social and cultural root causes”, jointly with the World Organization Against Torture. The second international seminar on torture is expected to take place in August 2008 and we will involve mostly non-governmental organizations in particular human rights activists.

II. International Seminar “Measuring Progress and Assessing Impact in Human Rights: The Problem of Police Violence” – This seminar is expected to take place in May 8 e 9, 2008. Objectives are: 1) Presenting a background of the national and international experience about the practices of construction, assembly and systematization of the indicators of human rights; 2) Discussing the use of the indicators of the human rights to survey the police violence; 3) Debating the use of indicators of human rights by governmental and non-governmental organizations to the confrontation of the illegal police violence; 4) Discussing, based on the Human Rights indicators, the experiences of the participation of the civil society in the violence confrontation.

IV. Seminar on public security and human rights in the Americas. March 2008. Participants: experts, police officers, government officials and human rights/civil society leaders working on the reform and improvement of police services and public security policies in the region. First of a series of five sub-regional meetings (Andean, Central and North America and the Caribbean) in the context of the project Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, developed by NEV-USP, in collaboration with Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales (Cels), for the Interamerican Commission on Human Rights. The project alins the support of the Open Society Institute.


VI- Others – Community policing handbooks - The objective of the project (a partnership between NEVI/USP and Secretaria Especial dos Direitos Humanos) is to produce a training handbook to be used as training material for community policing. The target is police patrolling officers and sergeants and corporals of the Military Police, Civil Police and civil society leaders. Objective of the handbooks are: to give theoretical and practical elements to support the training for Community Policing activities. The project is in progress and the following stages completed: review of training materials on community policing (national and international), first analysis of all the literature. Next year the first draft of the handbooks will be written, tested and evaluated in focus groups with the different audiences involved. After this evaluation the final versions will be written.

VII- Cross referencing data from the newspaper data bases on lynching, death squads/execution groups and police violence- A pilot project to allow interactive access to cases of lynching, death/squads/execution groups and police violence. It will be possible for users to obtain data on number of cases per state and for Brazil according with crimes involved and causes attributed to the cases. For São Paulo
users will also be able to obtain total number of cases per city and district, place and time and police precinct where the case was recorded. This is the first step for an interactive use of the database.

VIII- NEV-CIDADÃO (guiadosdireitos)- During 2008 the site will be extended to cover services to the public in the Metropolitan Region. Also updating the information is to be maintained.

XIX-Website on public security- One of our researcher will spend a month at the Institut National de Santé Publique du Québec, responsible for the development of the website Centre québécois de ressources en promotion de la sécurité et en prévention de la criminalité, to refine the Project to transfer this to NEV in terms of personnel (skills needed) as well as types of data needed to feed the site. After that it is expected that a member of the Centre Quebecois will spend some time at NEV training our staff. Resources for this project are being sought with the Canadian government.

XX- Electronic periodical of NEV-USP, Democracia, Direitos Humanos e Violência- The first issue will be available by late February and the theme is Hannah Arendt. We are expecting to have three issues by the end of 2008.

XXI- The full text news clipping database on gross human rights violations. In 2008 the full text clippings that are now available as pictures will be transformed in text format to allow "google" like searches. This is very time consuming as the quality of images from newspapers do not allow for an automatic transcription to text. The first clippings to be format will be the clippings from editorial and analytical comments that reflect how public opinion leaders viewed gross human rights violations throughout time.

XXII- NEV-Unesco Chair on Human Rights Education. NEV will work with the Unesco Human Rights Chair at the Institute of Advanced Studies at the University of São Paulo (IEA-USP).

5.3. Education

Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice- The course will start in February 2008 for two groups of 48 students each. Each group will consist of 12 professionals each from the civil police, the military police, public prosecutor and judges. At least 30% of the vacancies will be for women in the careers listed. The course consists of 18 lectures to be delivered by lecturers from the University of São Paulo (the School of Philosophy, Languages and Human Sciences, the School of Economics and Business, and the Polytechnic School), the Getulio Vargas Foundation, the São Paulo School of Public Prosecution University Candido Mendes, State University of Rio de Janeiro, Catholic University of Rio Grande do Sul and the World Bank, the Public Security Police of Setubal (Portugal) and the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (France).
Appendix 1- Publications

List of references to publications, books, manuscripts or preprints

1.1. Book [Livros]


1.2. Book chapters [Capítulos de livros]


1.3. Publications in periodicals


1.4. Manuscripts


1.5. Magazines and Newspapers’ Articles

ADORNO, S. A violência segue a rota da riqueza (Entrevista com Sergio Adorno) [Violence follows the route of wealth (Interview with Sergio Adorno)] Revista Getulio, Ano 1, nº 3, maio/2007, pp. 20-27


CUBAS, V. "Violência na Escola" [“School Violence”] Jornal Folha Escolar


NEME, C. E isso é só o começo (violência policial no Rio de Janeiro) [And this is only the beginning (police violence in Rio de Janeiro)]. O Estado de São Paulo, Caderno Aliás, J5, 01/07/2007


PERRONE, C. M. O perdão e a justiça em Jacques Derrida [Forgiveness and justice in Jacques Derrida], Revista CULT, setembro de 2007


TELES, J.A. & SANTORO, M. A história perdida nos porões militares [The story lost in military basements]. In: Caderno Aliás. O Estado de S. Paulo, 29 abr. 2007, p.35.

1.6 Publications in electronic magazines


1.7. Annals


1.8. Preprints
In press

1.8.1. Book chapters

7TH REPORT OF THE CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF VIOLENCE


PERRONE, C.P. “Arquivos proibidos e direito à verdade” [Forbidden archives and the right to truth], In: Seminário Arquivos da Repressão e da Resistência [Repression and Resistance Resistance – Seminar], PROIN/USP; Ed Arquivo do Estado.

PERRONE, C.P “A humanidade no direito internacional- o irreductível humano”, capítulo de livro em homenagem a José Carlos de Magalhães, organizado pelo Departamento de Direito Internacional da Fadusp [Humanity in International Law – the irreducible human], chapter of a book in tribute to José Carlos de Magalhães, organized by the International Law Department of Fadusp.


1.8.2. Publications in periodicals

In press: submitted and accepted


Submitted


PASINATO, W. Violência contra as mulheres e legislação especial, ter ou não ter? Eis uma questão. Revista Brasileira de Ciências Criminais. Publicação do Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais (IBCCRIM, SP). (Qualis A, nacional) (submetido ao comitê assessor) [*Violence against women and special legislation, to have or to have? That is a question. Brazilian Review of Criminal Sciences. Published by the Brazilian Institute for Criminal Sciences (IBCCRIM, SP)/ (Qualis A, international) (submitted to the assessor committee)*]


1.8.3. Annals [Anais]

Courses organized by NEV

Course: “Organizational Management on Security and Justice”
Researcher: Paulo Mesquita Neto (Coordination)
Organization: Center for the Study of Violence, University of São Paulo. With the support of the European Union and, Special Secretariat of Human Rights, the Office of the Presidency of the Republic
Place: Center for the Study of Violence, University of São Paulo
Date/duration: September, 2005 –November, 2006
Audience: 66 students

Short term course: “Penal Law of the In Human”
Researcher: Cláudia Perrone-Moisés (organization)
Professor: Prof. Mireille Delmas-Marty. Collège de France, Chair of Comparative Judicial Studies and the Internationalization of Law.
Organization: Center for the Study of Violence, Law Faculty, International Relations Institute – University of São Paulo (USP).
Place: Law School, USP.
Date: October 8th - 11th, 2007
Audience: graduate and undergraduate students, reserchers (Law, Human Sciences)

Participation in external courses (lectures)

Title/Theme: “Violence Prevention and Culture of Peace”. Specialization Course delivered by the University of Sorocaba
Researcher: Paula Karina Rodriguez Ballesteros
Place: University of Sorocaba, São Paulo
Date: October, 2007
Audience: Civil and Military Police

Title/Theme: Gender, violence and justice: contributinons for reflexion and the research agenda
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Course: 1st Criminal Justice Social Research Course.
Organization: Brazilian Criminal Sciences Institute, IBCCRIM.
Place: IBCCRIM – São Paulo
Duration: 2h/ class
Date: September 24th, 2007.
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students. Law professionals.

Title/Theme: Brazilian Public Security System in Comparison with Other Countries’ Systems. Researcher: Cristina Neme
Organization: Pontifical Catholic University of São Paulo, PUC-SP / Ministry of Justice
Place: PUC-SP, São Paulo
Duration: 20 hours/class.
Date: September 22nd, 2007; September 29th, 2007; October 06th, 2007; October 20th, 2007; October 27th, 2007.
Audience: public security professionals and NGO representatives

Title/Theme: Youth, Violence and Social Vulnerability
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Course: Capacity-building course delivered by the Child and Youth Secretariat from the state of Paraná
Organization: Child and Youth Secretariat from the state of Paraná
Place: Guarapuava, Paraná
Date: September 11th, 2007
Audience: professionals who work with children and adolescents
7TH REPORT OF THE CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF VIOLENCE
Place: IFCS/UFRJ- Rio de Janeiro  
Duration: 2h/class  
Date: May 17th, 2007.  
Audience: researchers, Psychology, Human Sciences, Social Work, Law and Law Enforcement students

Title/Theme: Vulnerable Youth  
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres  
Course: Local Public Security Management Course  
Organization: Oficina Municipal  
Place: Oficina Municipal, São Paulo  
Duration: 4 hours.  
Date: April 27th, 2007  
Audience: public security professionals and managers

Title/Theme: Clinic-political management of interventions in violence victims' assistance  
Researcher: Fabrício de Toledo  
Course: Social Psychology Graduate Course, PUC-SP  
Organization: Social Psychology Graduate Course, PUC-SP  
Place: Pontifical Catholic University of São Paulo, PUC-SP  
Date: March 28th, 2007  
Audience: Psychology graduate students

Title/Theme: Children and Adolescent Homicides in Brazil 1980-2002  
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres  
Course: Group on the Child at Present Times  
Organization: Casa Foundation  
Venue: Capacity-building and professional formation school, Research and Documentation Center, Casa Foundation, São Paulo.  
Duration: 2hrs.  
Date: March, 2007  
Audience: Casa Foundation staff.
Appendix 3- Knowledge Transfer Activities

3.1-Presentations at seminars, congresses and workshops
3.2-Media interventions
3.3-Other knowledge transfer activities (Consultancies etc)

3.1-Presentations at Seminars, Congresses and workshops

International Seminars

Title/ Theme: Human Rights versus law and order? The challenges of the democratic control of violence in contemporary Brazil.
Date: December 6th-9th, 2007
Researchers: Sergio Adorno and Nancy Cardia
Audience: students, researchers, practitioners and academics.

Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Date: November 27th, 2007
Place: Auditorium 5 of the Faculty of Economics and Management – University of São Paulo- São Paulo-SP

Title/ Theme: La Infancia en los Países en Desarrollo y la Cooperación [Childhood in Developing Countries and Cooperation]
Date: November 6th-9th, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: University Carlos III of Madrid, Madrid
Audience: students

Title/Theme: Missão Brasileira – Cooperação em Ciências Humanas e Sociais entre o Brasil e cientistas europeus [Brazilian Mission – Cooperation in Human and Social Sciences between Brazil and European scientists].
Date: October20th-24th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Venue: 1st Meeting of European Brazilianists
Place: Madrid, Espanha

Title/ Theme: Burma: Saffron Revolution versus Authoritarian Consolidation
Date: October 22nd, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Watson Institute for International Studies, Brown University, Providence, USA
Audience: scholars, policymakers and students

Title/ Theme: UN Study on Violence against Children
Date: October 20th, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Children's Comisión, Italian Parliament, Rome
Audience: governments and civil society

Title/ Theme: Building a Europe for and with children – Conference on International Justice for Children
Date: September 18th-19th, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Council of Europe headquarters, Strasbourg, France
Audience: members of the monitoring bodies, experts in public and private international law and children's rights activists
Title/ Theme: NEV-USP and the collaboration with WHO on violence prevention, a balance of 2007 and the programming for 2008.
Date: September 19th-20th, 2007
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Audience: WHO heads of Collaborating Centers on Injury and Violence Prevention

Title/Theme: Exposure to violence and future life expectancy in São Paulo – survey data analysis. McMaster University (Research Workshop). Organized by the McMaster University
Date: August 26th – Sep. 2nd, 2007
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Venue: Workshop on future discounting at the Department of Psychology, Neuroscience and Behavior, Institute of Psychology, McMaster University, Hamilton, Canada.
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students and researchers.

Title/ Theme: The transition from the Commission on Human Rights to the Human Rights Council: the Follow up of the UNSG SVC
Date: August 23rd, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: International Relations Institute, University of Sao Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil

Title/ Theme: Launch of the Arabic Version of the World Report of the UNSG SVC
Date: June 24th-27th, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Cairo, Egypt
Audience: governments and civil society

Title/Theme: International Human Rights, Amnesty Laws and the Work of the Inter-American Court of Human Rights
Date: June 14th, 2007
Researcher: Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Venue: the international forum 2007 SYLFF (Sasakawa Young Leaders Fellowship Fund) North/South Regional Forum, organized by the Fletcher School of Diplomacy – Tufts University and the Tokyo Foundation
Place: The Fletcher School of Diplomacy – Tufts University (Boston/EUA)
Audience: Law, International Relations, and Management graduate students from the USA, Mexico, Chile and Brazil.

Title/Theme: Death due to unintentional firearm injury in Brazil, 0–19 years-old.
Date: May 29th-30th, 2007
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Place: Panama City, 2007
Audience: representatives of WHO Collaborating Centers in the Americas and consultants at the World Report

Title/ Theme: Joint Hearing: Towards an EU Strategy on the Rights of The Child
Date: April 17th, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Hemicycle Paul Henri Spaak Building (PHS), Brussels
Audience: governments and civil society

Title/Theme: La Banalité de la Violence au Brésil Contemporain [The Banality of Violence in Contemporary Brazil]
Date: April 10th-14th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Venue: Conference held in the context of the Sensibilization Journey “Violence, Justice et Droits Humains en Amérique Latine” [“Violence, Justice and Human Rights in Latin America”] organized by L’ Entraide Missionnaire and University of Québec
Place: L’Entraide Missionnaire and University of Québec, Montreal, Canada

Title/ Theme: Infância, identidade e cidadania nas Américas [Childhood, identity and citizenship in the Americas]
Date: March 9th, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Organization of American States (OAS), Washington, D.C., EUA
Audience: representatives from OAS’ Permanent Council
Title/ Theme: Launching of the UN Study on Violence against Children
Date: March 6th, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: PAHO Headquarters in Washington, D.C.
Audience: representatives of government and civil society

Title/Theme: Armed Violence Prevention Program Brazil.
Date: January 30th-31st, 2007
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Place: Panama City, 2007
Audience: UN agencies representatives and partners of the Armed Violence Prevention Program

National Seminars

Title/Theme: Discutindo violência na sala de aula através da literatura. [Discussing violence in the classroom through literature].
Date: December 14th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Manoel de Brito
Venue: Conference held at the APLL Meeting – Association of Linguistics and Literature Teachers from the Department of Classic and Vernacular Languages organized by the Faculty of Philosophy, Literature and Linguistics, and Human Sciences of the University of São Paulo (FFLCH-USP).
Place: Faculty of Literature and Linguistics, FFLCH-USP
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students, researchers, and professors.

Title/ Theme: Promovendo a segurança pública a partir da prevenção da violência [Promoting public security through violence prevention].
Date: December 7th, 2007
Researchers: Renato Alves
Venue: Participation in a round table at the Technical Seminar on Professional Quality organized by Sorocaba Municipal Guard
Place: Sorocaba, SP
Audience: 50 people - municipal guards, Civil and Military Police

Title/ Theme: “Saúde da Mulher e do/da Adolescente e suas Interfaces com a Violência de Gênero” [Women and Adolescent Health and its Interfaces with Violence and Gender].
Date: November 30th, 2007
Researchers: Renato Alves
Venue: Participation in the round table “Violência, Juventude e Vulnerabilidade” [“Violence, Youth and Vulnerability”] organized by Ecos and Save the Children
Place: Health Institute of the State of São Paulo – São Paulo, SP
Audience: 80 people - psychologists, physicians, nurses, health workers, social workers, and undergraduate and graduate students.

Title/ Theme: Violência, Risco e Vulnerabilidade: homicídios e violações de direitos humanos em São Paulo.
Date: November 22nd, 2007.
Researchers: Juliana Feliciano de Almeida.
Place: School of Arts, Sciences and Humanities of the University of São Paulo
Audience: undergraduate students

Title/ Theme: Round table “Repressão e Estado democrático de direito” ["Repression and Democratic Rule of Law] at
Date: November 22nd, 2007
Researcher: Sérgio Adorno
Venue: the 3rd Meeting on Public Security and Citizenship
Place: Faculty of Philosophy and Sciences – UNESP, Marília- SP

Title/Theme: “O papel da filosofia do direito na formação do pós-graduando” ["The role of philosophy of law in the formation of the graduate student"]
Date: November 16th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Venue: XVI CONPEDI National Congress “Pensar globalmente: agir localmente”. “Think global: act local”
Title/Theme: "Modernidade líquida e as relações instáveis" ["Liquid modernity and unstable relations"].
Date: November 15th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Venue: VI Brazilian Congress on Family Law: Family and Solidarity Congresso, promoted by IBDFAM,
Place: Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais

Title/Theme: Urban risks
Date: November 13th, 2007
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Audience: bankers, stock exchange brokers, economists.

Title/Theme: Judicial Research at the Preparatory Meeting to the V ABEDi Congress,
Date: November 10th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar (round table coordinator)
Venue: "... organized by ABEDi and the Ministry of Justice 180 anos do ensino do direito no Brasil e a democratização do acesso à justiça" ["180 years of Law teaching in Brazil and the democratization of the access to justice
Place: University of Brasilia

Title/Theme: "Violência Urbana, Política Social e Favela" ["Urban Violence, Social Policy and Favela"] Researcher: Sérgio Adorno
Date: November 9th, 2007
Venue: at the VII Southeast Regional Meeting on Oral History – Memory and Politics
Place: National School of Public Health – Fiocruz Campus – Manguinhos- RJ

Title/Theme: Conferência Violência e Cultura [Violence and Culture Conference] at Escola Senai
Date: November 6th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Manoel de Brito
Place: Escola Senai, Jandira - SP
Audience: Senai technical students

Title/Theme: “Violência e direitos humanos: o pensamento crítico-freudiano e o Estado de Direito, na berlinda entre civilização e barbarie”, "Violence and human rights: critical-Freudian thinking and the rule of law, in the firing line between civilization and barbarism".
Date: Recife October 26th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Venue: III COGNO: Brazilian Congress on Philosophy and Theory of Law

Title/Theme: “Mídia, Cidadania e Direito: para um Estado de Direito Mais Democrático” ["Media, Citizenship and Law: towards a More Democratic Rule of Law"].
Date: October 24th, 2007
Researcher: Vitor Souza Lima Blotta
Venue: Semana Jurídica da Faculdade de Direito da PUC-Campinas, promoted by the Centro Acadêmico XVI de Abril
Place: Auditoríio da Faculdade de Direito da PUC-Campinas
Audience: Law and Human Rights students

Title/Theme: "Delegacias de Defesa da Mulher vinte anos depois: a violência revelada e os limites do conhecimento".
Date: October 22nd –25th, 2007
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Venue: the 31º Encontro da ANPOCs - GT - 8: “Conflitualidade Social, Acesso à Justiça e Reformas nas Instituições Coercitivas do Sistema de Segurança Pública”, promoted by the Associação Nacional de Pós-graduação em Ciências Sociais - ANPOCs
Place: Caxambu, Minas Gerais
Audience: Social Sciences researchers and undergraduate and graduate students

Title/Theme: “Dignidade da pessoa humana: fundamento dos direitos humanos” (round table) promoted by the Law School of the University of São Paulo
Date: October 22nd, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Place: Law School of the University of São Paulo
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students

Title/Theme: Conference “Democracia, Violência e Segurança” promoted by the Academia de Polícia Militar do Barro Branco, São Paulo
Date: October 10th, 2007
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Place: Academia de Polícia Militar do Barro Branco, São Paulo
Audience: students from the Curso de Formação de Oficiais da Polícia Militar do Estado de São Paulo

Title/Theme: Coordinator of the conference “A Mundialização do Direito: Rumo a uma Comunidade de Valores?”, Prof. Dr. Mireille Delmas-Marty, from Collège de France
Date: October, 10th, 2007
Researcher: Sérgio Adorno
Place: IEA- Instituto de Estudos Avançados da USP.

Title/Theme: Crime Organizado ou Organizações Criminosas.
Date: October 9th, 2007
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Venue: 13º Seminário Internacional do IBCCRIM (Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais). Promoted by the Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais
Place: Hotel Gran Meliá Mofarrej – São Paulo
Audience: lawyers, prosecutors, judges, police officers, researchers and students.

Title/Theme: 10 anos da lei de tortura.
Date: October 9th, 2007
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Venue: 13º Seminário Internacional do IBCCRIM (Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais). Promoted by the Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais
Place: Hotel Gran Meliá Mofarrej – São Paulo
Audience: lawyers, prosecutors, judges.

Title/Theme “A mundialização do direito a busca de uma comunidade de valores”, debate on the conference of Prof. Mireille Delmas-Marty, from the Collège de France, as part of the UNESCO Chair Educação para a Paz, Direitos Humanos, Democracia e Tolerância, Instituto de Estudos Avançados, USP
Date: October 8th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Place: Instituto de Estudos Avançados, USP

Title/Theme: “Violência e direitos humanos”
Date: October 5th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Venue: I Fórum de Debates Constitucionais, organized by the Instituto Brasileiro de Direito Constitucional and FIGUNIMESP
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Child Rights - Past, Present and Future. Researcher: Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Date: October 4th, 2007
Venue: Study Group on The Child in Present Times promoted by the Fundação Casa, São Paulo, SP.
Place: Fundação Casa, São Paulo, SP
Audience: 30 people Fundação Casa staff.

Title/Theme: “Violência e direitos humanos: um estudo a partir do freudo-marxismo e da Escola de Frankfurt”
Date: October 4th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo C. B. Bittar
Venue: I Fórum de Debates Constitucionais promoted by the Instituto Brasileiro de Direito Constitucional
Place: São Paulo
Audience: members of the Instituto Brasileiro de Direito Constitucional

Title/Theme: “Mídia, Cidadania e Direito: Contribuições de Leituras Habermasianas da Comunicação de Massa para a Retomada da Esfera Publica em Sociedades Complexas”.
Date: October 4th, 2007
Researcher: Vitor Souza Lima Blotta
Venue: III Semana de Relações Internacionais da USP, “Mídia e Poder” promoted by the Centro Acadêmico Guimarães Rosa
Place: Auditório da Faculdade de Economia e Administração da USP
Audience: International Relations students

Title/Theme: “Progresso, ordem e desordem”
Date: September 11th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Venue: paper presented at the Seminário Pachukanis: 70 anos depois, organized by the NEV and the Law School of the University of São Paulo
Place: Law School of the University of São Paulo

Title/Theme: Modernidade e Direito Penal
Date: September 9th, 2007
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Venue: III Congresso Brasileiro de História do Direito promoted by the Instituto Brasileiro de História do Direito
Place: Auditório da Ordem dos Advogados, Curitiba, Paraná
Audience: lawyers, prosecutors, judges, historians, Law researchers.

Title/Theme: “A arte do (im)possível: as novas formas do fazer político nos dias de hoje.”
Date: September 9th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Venue: Conference at the debate “A luta por justiça e direitos como luta política”.organized by CPFL
Place: Espaço Cultural CPFL – Campinas- SP.

Title/Theme: “Violência e direitos humanos”.
Date: September 9th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo C. B. Bittar
Venue: Seminário Final do Programa Alfa Human Rights- facing security and III Encontro Anual da ANDHEP.
Place: UFPB/ João Pessoa
Audience: Law and Human Rights researchers and students

Title/Theme: “Normatividade e Direitos Humanos: Limites e Possibilidades de Consensos Mínimos no Contexto Internacional”.
Date: September 5th, 2007
Researcher: Vitor Souza Lima Blotta
Place: UFPB/ João Pessoa
Audience: Law and Human Rights students

Title/Theme: Democracia e Estado de Exceção: os avessos do Estado de Direito.
Date: September 4th, 2007
Researcher: Edson Luís de Almeida Teles
Venue: Paper presented at the III Jornada de Filosofia e Direitos Humanos organized by the Associação Nacional de Pós-graduação em Filosofia.
Place: Universidade Federal de Goiás
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students.

Title/Theme: Desafios da Pós-Graduação em Direitos Humanos, round table coordination
Date: September 3rd, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Venue: at the IV Seminário Internacional de Direitos Humanos da Universidade Federal da Paraíba
Place: campus Universitário I, Federal University of Paraíba
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students, researchers and professors

Title/Theme: “A sala de aula do Professor de Direito”
Date: August 28th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Place: Law School of the University of São Paulo
Audience: graduate students from the Faculty of Law of the University of São Paulo

Title/Theme: “Filosofia e direitos humanos” paper presented at the FDV
Title/Theme: "Strategies to promote healthy development in urban settings". Adolescents in urban settings: promotion of quality learning opportunities, protective environments and peaceful coexistence.

Date: August 24th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Place: Vitória, ES

Title/Theme: Homicídios e violações de direitos humanos de crianças e adolescentes no Brasil, 1980 a 2002.

Date: August 21st, 2007.
Researcher: Nancy Cardia

Title/Theme: "O psicólogo no contexto do sistema prisional".

Date: August, 2007
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Venue: Conference at the 2º. Fórum da Sociedade de Pediatria de São Paulo organized by the Sociedade de Pediatria de São Paulo
Place: Memorial da América Latina, Audience: health, education and legal professionals.

Title/Theme: "Violência contra as mulheres e legislação especial, ter ou ter? Eis uma questão."

Date: July 23rd-26th, 2007
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Venue: Paper presented at the VII Reunião de Antropologia do Mercosul. Desafios Antropológicos - Grupo de Trabalho (GT 7) "Violência e Justiça: questões teóricas e etnográficas de gênero e família" organized by PPGAS/UFRGS
Place: UFRGS, Porto Alegre - RS, Audience: anthropologists, undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Education, Adolescent, Development and Child Protection - Regional Meeting

Date: July 20th-24th 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Hotel Jaraguá, São Paulo, Brazil, Audience: governments and civil society

Title/Theme: Human Rights in Brazil and the world today: perspectives

Date: July 23rd, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: Course on Human Rights of the Sao Paulo State Attorney's office
Audience: judges, attorneys, police, professors and students

Title/Theme: Human Rights in the UN and in the Americas: the situation of children and adolescents

Date: July 22nd, 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Palace of Bandeirantes (office of the governor of Sao Paulo)
Audience: human rights state councils, NGOs, judges, public prosecutors

Title/Theme Os Efeitos do Treinamento e da Qualificação Profissional sobre a Abordagem Policial", por Tânia Pinc (doutoranda do Departamento de Ciência Política da USP) promoted by the Programa de Pesquisa Inovações em Segurança Pública e Privada do NUPPs.

Date: June 20th, 2007
Researcher: Cristina Neme (Debate)
Place: University of São Paulo,
Audience: students, researcher and professors

Title/Theme: "Direito à Vida e à Paz".

Date: July 16th-18th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Place: Centro de Convenções da Bahia - Salvador – BA
Audience: health professionals, students and researchers
Title/Theme: “A impossibilidade do esquecimento: os testemunhos dos familiares de mortos e desaparecidos políticos no Brasil
Date: July 15th–20th, 2007
Researcher: Janaína de Almeida Teles
Venue: Paper presented at the: XXIV Simpósio Nacional de História - História e Multidisciplinaridade: territórios e deslocamentos promoted by the Associação Nacional de História
Place: Universidade do Vale do Rio dos Sinos
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students and history professors from Brazilian universities.

Title/Theme: Avaliação do Projeto “Acompanhamento e Fortalecimento da Política Nacional de Combate à violência contra a Mulher” presented at seminar organized by Agende/CEPIA/SPM
Date: July 5th–6th, 2007.
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Place: Brasília
Audience: experts, members of the Secretaria Especial de Políticas para Mulheres and project coordinators.

Title/Theme: “Amor líquido, individualismo e família” paper presented at the Seminar “Psicanálise e Direito: nos impasses da contemporaneidade”, promoted by the SBPSP and IBDfam
Date: June 23rd, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Place: SBPSP, São Paulo.

Title/Theme: Punição, Sociedade e Poder: o debate contemporâneo na Sociologia da Punição.
Date: June 13th, 2007
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Venue: Paper presented at the Seminário Polícia, Cidadania e Direitos Humanos organized by the Núcleo de Estudos Indiciários
Place: Universidade Federal do Espírito Santo
Audience: undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: “Violência e Políticas Públicas – A importância do envolvimento da comunidade”.
Date: June 13th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Place: Instituto para Políticas Públicas da Baixada Santista. Santos- SP

Title/Theme: Reparações de Graves Violações de Direitos Humanos.
Date: May 31st, 2007
Researcher: Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Venue: Conference at the Ciclo de Palestras organized by the Núcleo de Estudos Internacionais da Faculdade de Direito da USP (NEI/IFADUSP)
Place: Law School of the University of São Paulo
Audience: undergraduate students from the Faculty of Law of the University of São Paulo

Title/Theme: Punição e Teoria Social.
Date: May 29th, 2007
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Venue: Paper presented at the XIII Congresso Brasileiro de Sociologia, organized by the Sociedade Brasileira de Sociologia
Place: Universidade Federal de Pernambuco
Audience: 30 people - Social Sciences researchers

Title/Theme: Violência, Conflitualidade e Resistência.
Date: May 29th–June 2nd, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Title/Theme: Brasil: a anistia de 1979 e a prescrição criminal.
Date: May 24th–25th, 2007
Researcher: Janaína de Almeida Teles
Venue: Round-table coordination at the Debate Sul-Americano sobre Verdade e Responsabilidade em Crimes contra os Direitos Humanos, organized by the Escola Superior do Ministério Público Federal
Place: Auditório Ministério Público Federal/SP
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students, legal and judicial professionals, human rights defenders.

Title/Theme: "Ética e biodireito".
Date: May 24th, 2007
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Venue: Paper presented at the XXVII Congresso Brasileiro de Direito Constitucional
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Violência e Cidadania. Paper presented at the Encontro Internacional de Semiótica, Tecnologias de Informação e Educação organized by Universidade Braz Cubas
Date: May 18th, 2007
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Place: Universidade Braz Cubas
Audience: graduate students.

Title/Theme: Reflexos dos ataques do PCC nas políticas penitenciárias.
Date: May 15th, 2007
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Venue: Participation in the round-table “Um ano dos Atentados do PCC: impactos para a segurança pública” organized by Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais (Ibccrim)
Place: Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais (Ibccrim), São Paulo
Audience: 30 people - legal professionals and undergraduate and graduate students

Date: May 15th, 2007
Researcher: Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Venue: Participation in the round-table “Um ano dos Atentados do PCC: impactos para a segurança pública” organized by Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais (Ibccrim)
Place: Brazilian Institute of Criminal Sciences –IBCCrim, São Paulo, SP
Audience: 30 people - legal professionals and undergraduate and graduate students

Title/Theme: A Segurança Pública na Perspectiva dos Direitos Humanos [Public Security from a Human Rights Perspective].
Date: May 10th, 2007.
Researcher: Paulo Mesquita Neto
Venue: Round table organized by Commerce Federation – State of São Paulo, Council of Economics, Sociology and Politics
Place: São Paulo, Commerce Federation – State of São Paulo

Title/Theme: “Juizados Especiais Criminais e Violência de gênero”.
Date: May 7th, 2007
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Venue: Paper presented at the Ciclo de Palestras “Violências, Punições, Direitos Humanos” organized by the Grupo de Pesquisas em Politica e Direito (GPD/CEIPC)/Programa de Pós-graduação em Ciência Política- Instituto de Filosofia e Ciências Humanas (IFCH)/Universidade de Campinas (UNICAMP)/Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais (IBCCRIM)
Place: IFCH, UNICAMP
Audience: graduate and undergraduate students, IFCH/UNICAMP

Title/Theme: “Monitorando locais de detenção no Brasil” [Monitoring Places of Detention in Brazil].
Date: April 23rd-25th, 2007
Researcher: Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Venue: Paper presented at the Seminar Torture Prevention in Practice: The Implementation in Brazil of the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture, organized by the Academy of the Union’s Public Ministry
Place: Academy of the Union’s Public Ministry, Brasilia, DF
Audience: 50 people - professionals in the areas of Law, public security and health, researchers, and representatives of governmental and non-governmental organizations.

Title/Theme: “Novos Desafios da Segurança Pública”. Conference at Federal University of Pará, Brazil
Date: April 23rd, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Place: Federal University of Pará – Auditório CAPACIT
Audience: Students of RENAES (Rede Nacional de Especialização em Segurança Pública – National network for specialization in public security), researchers and students, Public security managers from Belém – PA.

Title/Theme: Violência e Juventude [Violence and Youthness].
Date: April 19th, 2007
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Venue: Conference at the Forúm sobre violência no Futebol organized by the Faculdade de Educação Física da Univeridade de Campinas (UNICAMP)
Place: Faculdade de Educação Física da UNICAMP
Audience: graduate and undergraduate students

Title/Theme: “Crime e Castigo no Brasil” [Crime and Punishment in Brazil].
Date: April 19th, 2007
Researcher: Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Place: Serviço Social do Comércio – Sesc, São Paulo, SP
Audience: 50 people - professionals working in the areas of Law, health and education, and undergraduate and graduate students

Title/Theme: “O que é Terra sem Lei prá você”.
Date: April 16th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Venue: Participation in a round table at the Debate “O que é Terra sem Lei prá você” organized by Projeto “Terra Sem Lei”
Place: Galpão do grupo de Teatro – Barra Funda

Title/Theme: Michel Foucault e o estudo da punição.
Data: April 12th, 2007
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Venue: Paper presented at the seminar of Grupo de Estudos sobre Temas de Criminologia
Place: Law School of the University of São Paulo
Audience: undergraduate students from the Faculty of Law of the University of São Paulo

Title/Theme: Relatos bem sucedidos de participação comunitária,
Date: April 11th, 2007
Researchers: Renato Alves
Venue: participation in a round table at the “VII Seminário de Políticas Integradas na Efetivação da Comunidade Cívica” organized by the Cátedra Unesco Prefeito Celso Daniel – Universidade Metodista de São Paulo (UMESP)
Place: Universidade Metodista de São Paulo – São Bernardo do Campo
Audience: 50 people – public administrators, civil society representatives, and undergraduate and graduate students

Title/Theme: “Impunidade, violência e confiança nas instituições democráticas”. Conference at Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul
Date: April 3rd-4th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Place: Auditório do ILEA – Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students

Title/Theme: “Os crimes da ditadura militar: reparação ou impunidade?” conference at Faculdade Cásper Líbero
Date: March 26th, 2007
Researcher: Janaína de Almeida Teles
Venue: Anfiteatro da Faculdade Cásper Líbero
Audience: students
Title/Theme: “Os crimes da ditadura militar: reparação ou impunidade?” conference at Faculdade Cásper Libero
Date: March 29th, 2007
Researcher: Janaína de Almeida Teles
Place: Anfiteatro da Faculdade Cásper Libero
Audience: students

Título: Workshop sobre direitos da criança e adolescente no Brasil: desafios e oportunidades.
Date: March 26th, 2007
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Venue: Participation in a work group organized by Embaixada Britânica.
Embaixada Britânica, DF

Title/Theme: Violência Urbana e seu impacto sobre as mulheres.
Date: March 26th, 2007
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Place: PUC/São Paulo
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students, researchers and militants in gender and violence

Title/Theme: Exchange of Views on the Human Rights situation in Burma/Myanmar
Date: March 20th 2007
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: European Parliament, Subcommittee on Human Rights
Audience: governments and civil society

Title/Theme: Violência, Gênero e Direitos Humanos. Paper presented in a seminar organized by PAGU/ - Núcleo de Estudos de Gênero/UNICAMP
Date: March 15th, 2007
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Place: Instituto de Filosofia e Ciências Humanas/UNICAMP
Audience: PAGU researchers, graduate and undergraduate students, militants on violence against women and human rights

Title/Theme: Violência Contra as mulheres: avanços e obstáculos jurídicos e sociais.
Date: March 8th, 2007
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Venue: Paper presented in a commemorative seminar (International Women’s Day) organized by the Serviço de Atendimento à Mulher Vitimizada (SEAMUV) Secretaria Municipal de Assistência Social. Santos.
Place:Santos, SP
Audience: professionals who work with women victims of violence.

Title/Theme: Participation in the debate “Direitos Reprodutivos: uma questão da democracia”, organized by the Núcleo de Estudos da Mulher e Relações Sociais de Gênero/NEMGE-USP and the NGO Católicas pelo Direito de Decidir.
Date: March 19th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Sérgio Adorno
Place: Faculdade de Filosofia, letras e Ciências Humanas, USP. Room 8.
Audience: undergraduate and graduate students, researchers and professors.

Title/Theme: Violência contra as mulheres: abordagem sociológica sobre os avanços jurídicos e sociais.
Date: March 3rd, 2007
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Venue: Conference at Faculdade de Direito de São Bernardo do Campo, organized by the Centro Acadêmico XII de Agosto.
Place: Law School of São Bernardo do Campo
Audience: students from the Faculty of Law of São Bernardo do Campo.
Title/Theme: Participation in a debate on urban violence  
Date: January 15th, 2007  
Researcher: Viviane de Oliveira Cubas  
Venue: Congresso Brasileiro dos Estudantes de Comunicação Social  
Place: São Paulo  
Audience: undergraduate students

Seminars organized by NEV for the external public

Title/Theme: International Seminar on “Organized Crime and Democracy, promoted by the three state universities of Sao Paulo, Brazil: University of Sao Paulo (USP), University of Campinas (UNICAMP) and the State University of Sao Paulo (UNESP) and organized by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência, USP.  
Date: November 26th-28th, 2007  
Researchers: Prof. Dr. Sérgio Adorno, Drª. Nancy Cardia, Dr. Fernando Salla e Dr. Paulo de Mesquita Neto and other participants  
Venue: Auditório 5 da FEA-USP  
Audience: lawyers, prosecutors, judges, police officers, researchers and students

Title/Theme: Seminars on Critical Theory, “The legal theory of Pachukanis”, promoted by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP) and the Faculty of Law of the University of São Paulo  
Date: October 1st, 2007  
Researchers: Professors Márcio Naves and Alysson Mascaro,  
Venue: Law School of the University of São Paulo  
Audience: researchers and students

Title/Theme: Symposium: Pachukanis, 70 Anos Depois - Encontro em Memória dos 70 Anos da Morte de Evgeni Pachukanis, promoted by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP) and the Faculty of Law of the University of São Paulo  
Date: September 11th, 2007  
Researchers: Professors Márcio Naves, Alaôr Caffé Alves, Eduardo Bittar, Alysson Mascaro, C. Caldas and S. Almeida  
Venue: Law School of the University of São Paulo  
Audience: researchers and students

Title/Theme: Seminar “Anthropology of Memory and Identity”, promoted by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)  
Date: June 25th-27th, 2007  
Researchers: Professor Ludmila da Silva Catela, Universidade Nacional de Córdoba (Argentina)  
Venue: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência, USP.  
Audience: researchers, Law, History, Philosophy, Sociology and Political Science graduate students, and civil society members

Title/Theme: Debate on the 3rd National Report on Humans Rights in Brazil - Joint Program UNESCO Chair on Human Rights-IEA-USP/NEV,  
Date: June 11th, 2007  
Researchers: Prof. Marcus Orione Gonçalves Correa (Faculty of Law of the University of São Paulo), Prof. Laymert Garcia dos Santos (UNICAMP), Prof. Milton Meira do Nascimento (Department of Philosophy - USP) e Prof. Gilberto Dupas (Group of Analysis of International Scenarios of the International Relations Institute of USP).  
Venue: Auditório do Instituto de Matemática e Estatística - USP

Title/Theme: Seminar “Human Rights Violations, Legal Responses and Collective Memory”, promoted by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)  
Date: June 6th, 2007  
Researchers: Professor Joachim J. Savelsberg, University of Minnesota (USA)  
Venue: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência, USP.  
Audience: researchers and Law, History, Philosophy, Sociology and Political Science graduate students

Title/Theme: Seminars on Critical Theory, “Social Justice”, promoted by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)  
Date: June 4th, 2007  
Researchers: Professor Luiz Paulo Rouanet.  
Venue: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)  
Audience: researchers and students

Title/Theme: Seminars on Critical Theory, “Social Inclusion”, promoted by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)  
Date: May 7th, 2007
Researchers: Professor Alaôr Caffé Alves
Venue: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)
Audience: researchers and students

Title/ Theme: Seminars on Critical Theory- “The critical legal works of German philosopher G. Rusche”, promoted by The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)
Date: March 5th, 2007
Researchers: Professor Márcio Bilharinho Naves
Venue: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)
Audience: researchers and students

Title/ Theme: “Globalization of Law and the search for a community of values” - Joint Program UNESCO Chair on Human Rights-IEA-USP/NEV,
Date: October 8th, 2007
Researchers: Prof. Mireille Dalmas-Marty, Professor of Comparative Judicial Studies and Internationalization of Rights at Collège de France.
Place: Instituto de Estudos Avançados (IEA/USP)
Audience: researchers and Sociology, Philosophy, Law and Social Sciences graduate students and professors

Internal Seminars - open to the external public

Title/ Theme: Redução da Maioridade Penal: projetos de lei
Date: October 3rd, 2007
Researcher: Marcelo Campos (Mestrando em Ciência Política/UNICAMP)
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Migração transnacional e dinâmica democrática
Date: September 14th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Dra. Angelina Peralva (Sociologia / Universidade de Toulouse-le-Mirail e pesquisadora do CADIS-EHESS Paris)
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Da Comissão para o Conselho de Direitos Humanos da ONU: desafios e perspectivas
Date: August 16th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Paulo Sergio Pinheiro (Ciência Política / USP, pesquisador Associado NEV, perito independente da ONU e integrante da Comissão Interamericana de Direitos Humanos)
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: As necessidades de saúde da perspectiva dos usuários de um serviço comunitário de saúde mental
Date: August 8th, 2007
Researcher: Taia Mota (Msc Nursing / USP and researcher at NEV)
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: O PCC na Mídia
Date: July 11th, 2007
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Clovis de Barros Filho (Ciência da Comunicação ECA/USP)
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: A questão do monitoramento eletrônico de presos
Date: July 6th, 2007
Researcher: Dr. René Levy (Centre National de la Recherche Científique (França))
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: A reforma do modelo de segurança interna em Portugal
Date: July 6th, 2007
Researcher: Paulo Valente Gomes (Polícia de Segurança Pública de Setúbal (Portugal))
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Title/ Theme: Informalização da Justiça e pluralismo jurídico: o caso dos Centros de Integração da Cidadania-SP  
Date: June 27th, 2007  
Researcher: Dra. Jacqueline Sinhoretto (Sociologia / USP)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Pierre Clastres e a Arqueologia da Violência  
Date: June 20th, 2007  
Researcher: Prof. Dra. Ana Lucia P. Schritzmeyer (Antropologia FFLCH/USP)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Reunião de trabalho para discussão dos resultados de Surveys sobre Violência desenvolvidos pelo Núcleo de Pesquisa das Violências - NUPEVI / UERJ e pelo Núcleo de Estudos da Violência - NEV / USP.  
Date: May 23rd, 2007  
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Alba Zaluar (Antropologia Social / UERJ, Núcleo de Pesquisa das Violências / UERJ)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Avaliação do Projeto “RAC- Redescobrindo o Adolescente na Comunidade – Jardim Ângela- SP”  
Date: May 16th, 2007  
Researcher: Dra. Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres (Coordenadora de pesquisa NEV), Caren Ruotti (Mestre em sociologia / USP e pesquisadora NEV), Taís Viúdes e Juliana Feliciano (Auxiliares de pesquisa NEV)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Democracia e Segurança Pública em São Paulo (1946-1964)  
Date: May 8th, 2007  
Researcher: Dra. Thais Battibugli (Ciência Política / USP)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Política e administração colonial (seminário sobre o livro O Sol e a Sombra, de Laura de Mello e Souza)  
Date: April 18th, 2007  
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Marcos C. Alvarez (Sociologia FFLCH/USP e pesquisador NEV)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: A violência no coração da cidade. Um estudo psicanalítico  
Date: April 11th, 2007  
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Paulo Cesar Endo (Instituto de Psicologia / USP)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: O crime de tortura e a justiça criminal: um estudo dos processos de tortura na cidade de São Paulo (discussão de projeto de mestrado)  
Date: April 4th, 2007  
Researcher: Gorete Marques (Secretária Executiva da Comissão Teotônio Vilela – CTV e mestrandando em sociologia / USP)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: O percurso contemporâneo da política penitenciária brasileira  
Date: March 21st, 2007  
Researcher: Alessandra Teixeira (Mestre em sociologia / USP)  
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP  
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Violência, Gênero e Direitos Humanos  
Date: February 28th, 2007
7th REPORT OF THE CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF VIOLENCE

Researcher: Dra. Wania Pasinato (Pós-doutoranda UNICAMP e colaboradora NEV)
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: As leis de Anistia
Date: February 14th, 2007
Researcher: Profa. Dra. Claudia Perrone-Moisés (Faculdade de Direito / USP e coordenadora de pesquisa NEV) e Dra. Lucia Ferreira Bastos (Faculdade de Direito / USP e pesquisadora NEV)
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Os Surveys sobre exposição à violência em São Paulo
Date: January 31st, 2007
Researcher: Dra. Nancy Cardia - Coordenadora Adjunta do NEV – e Patricia Carla dos Santos - Estatística e pesquisadora NEV
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Promovendo o Direito ao Desenvolvimento: Um programa de visitações domésticas continuadas para prevenção da violência em São Paulo
Date: January 24th, 2007
Researcher: Dra. Dolores Galindo - Psicologia Social / PUC-SP e pesquisadora NEV
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students

Title/ Theme: Dinâmica Espacial da Violência em São Paulo
Date: January 17th, 2007
Researcher: Marcelo Nery - Mestre em Sensoriamento Remoto / INPE e pesquisador NEV
Place: Núcleo de Estudos da Violência / USP
Audience: researchers, professors and students
3.2- Interventions in the media

Interventions in the Media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media Type</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Television</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newspaper</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internet (sites + news agencies)</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazines/periodicals</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date: 10/12/07
Theme: Homicides in São Paulo
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Media: Magazine – Época

Date: 10/12/07
Theme: Elite Troop Movie
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: TV – SBT

Date: 10/12/07
Theme: Elite Troop Movie
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: TV – SBT

Date: 09/12/07
Theme: Homicides in São Paulo
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Newspaper – Folha de S.Paulo

Date: 09/12/07
Theme: Brazilian’s Prisional System (article)
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 06/12/07
Theme: Casa Fundation and violence
Name: Alexandra Santos
Media: Internet – Imprensa Oficial

Date: 05/12/07
Theme: Children’s Homicides in Brazil
Name: Maria Fernanda
Media: Radio – CBN
Date: 05/12/07
Theme: Children's Homicides in Brazil
Name: Maria Fernanda
Media: Internet – UOL

Date: 05/12/07
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: Radio – Radio USP São Carlos

Date: 04/12/07
Theme: Crime's violence against citizens
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: TV – SBT

Date: 03/12/07
Theme: Brazilian's Prisional System
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: TV – Canal Futura

Date: 03/12/07
Theme: Police's actions and methods
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Internet – G1

Date: 03/12/07
Theme: Children's Homicides in Brazil
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 29/11/07
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do campus

Date: 29/11/07
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: TV – TV Cultura

Date: 28/11/07
Theme: Homicides in São Paulo
Name: Marcelo Nery
Media: Newspaper – Rudge ramos

Date: 26/11/07
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar
Name: Alba Zaluar
Media: Magazine – Ciência Hoje
Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Radio – Bandnews

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do campus

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Radio – Rádio USP

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Newspaper – Jornal da USP

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Jay Albanese  
Media: Magazine – FAPESP

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Homicides in Brazil  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Assalt and tourism in Brazil  
Name: Paula Ballesteros  
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Internet – G1

Date: 26/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Newspaper – O Globo

Date: 22/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Margaret Beare and Louise Shelley  
Media: TV – BBC Brasil
Date: 21/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Jay Albanese  
Media: TV – BBC Brasil

Date: 21/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 21/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Newspaper – O Estado do Paraná

Date: 16/11/07  
Theme: Organized Crime Seminar  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 09/11/07  
Theme: Drugs decriminalization  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Radio – Metropolitana

Date: 09/11/07  
Theme: popular manifestation against police  
Name: Paula Ballesteros  
Media: Newspaper – Zero Hora/RS

Date: 09/11/07  
Theme: Lethal Weapons in Public Security  
Name: Bruna Charifker  
Media: Newspaper – Agora SP

Date: 09/11/07  
Theme: Violence committed by rich and Young people  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: TV – Rede TV

Date: 06/11/07  
Theme: Slaughter in Finland’s School, a psychological view  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 29/10/07  
Theme: Public Security and Elite Troops  
Name: Paulo Mesquita  
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do Campus
Date: 28/10/07
Theme: Non lethal weapons
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Newspaper – A Tarde/BA

Date: 28/10/07
Theme: Public Security and Elite Troops
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: TV – Redegazeta

Date: 28/10/07
Theme: Public Security and Elite Troops
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do Campus

Date: 26/10/07
Theme: Homicides in São Paulo
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Media: Newspaper – Rudge Ramos

Date: 25/10/07
Theme: Abortion and violence
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: Radio – Bandnews

Date: 24/10/07
Theme: Homicides by shotguns in Brazil
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Media: Newspaper – Gazeta de Curitiba

Date: 24/10/07
Theme: abortion and violence
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: Newspaper – Destak

Date: 19/10/07
Theme: Two years after the new law about guns in Brazil
Name: Bruna Charifker
Media: Newspaper – Vale Paraibano

Date: 18/10/07
Theme: Organized Crime’s money - Film "Elite Troop"
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 17/10/07
Theme: Gangs problem in São Paulo
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Radio – Eldorado
Date: 17/10/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Viviane Cubas  
Media: Internet – Portal Virgula

Date: 16/10/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Newspaper – O Tempo BH

Date: 16/10/07  
Theme: Torture and Police - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Gorete Marques  
Media: Magazine – Superinteressante

Date: 16/10/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Magazine – Superinteressante

Date: 11/10/07  
Theme: Children being violent against their parents  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: Agency – Unipress

Date: 10/10/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Viviane Cubas  
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 10/10/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 10/10/07  
Theme: Police’s public image in Brazil  
Name: Eduardo Brito  
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 10/10/07  
Theme: Urban violence out of control  
Name: Paula Ballesteros  
Media: Newspaper – Diário de Salvador

Date: 10/10/07  
Theme: Slavery in Brazil  
Name: Paulo Mesquita  
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo
Date: 10/10/07  
Theme: Violence at School  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: Radio – Electro

Date: 09/10/07  
Theme: Violence at School  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: Magazine – FAPESP

Date: 08/10/07  
Theme: Homicides in São Paulo  
Name: Marcelo batista Nery  
Media: Radio – Gazeta

Date: 07/10/07  
Theme: Drugs, Police and Violence - Film "Elite Troop" (article)  
Name: Paulo Mesquita  
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 03/10/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Paulo Mesquita  
Media: Newspaper – Folha de S.Paulo

Date: 03/10/07  
Theme: Human Rights in Birman  
Name: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Media: Radio – Eldorado

Date: 03/10/07  
Theme: The use of Paralyzing Guns in Guarulhos/SP  
Name: Paulo Mesquita  
Media: Newspaper – Jornal da Tarde

Date: 03/10/07  
Theme: Human Rights in Birman  
Name: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Media: Newspaper – Agora SP

Date: 03/10/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Newspaper – Agora SP

Date: 03/10/07  
Theme: Public Security in Brazil  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: TV – Record
Date: 03/10/07
Theme: Military intervention in public security policies (Bogota and Rio de Janeiro)
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Reuters

Date: 02/10/07
Theme: 15 years after Carandiru case
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 02/10/07
Theme: Comentaries about UN-habitat Report
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: TV – Terra

Date: 01/10/07
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 01/10/07
Theme: Report of the UN-Habitat
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Media: Radio – Jovem Pan

Date: 01/10/07
Theme: Report of the UN-Habitat
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Media: Internet – Portal IG (www.ig.com.br)

Date: 01/10/07
Theme: Report of the UN-Habitat
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Internet – Portal Terra (www.terra.com.br)

Date: 01/10/07
Theme: Report of the UN-Habitat
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 01/10/07
Theme: Report of the UN-Habitat
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 27/09/07
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: TV – Gazeta
Date: 27/09/07  
Theme: Corruption and Police Violence - Film "Elite Troop"  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Newspaper – A tribuna de Santos

Date: 27/09/07  
Theme: Human rights in Birman  
Name: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do Brasil

Date: 27/09/07  
Theme: Human rights in Birman  
Name: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Media: TV – Globonews

Date: 23/09/07  
Theme: Human rights in Birman  
Name: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Media: Newspaper – O Globo

Date: 21/09/07  
Theme: Project of Law on reduction of schedule of functioning of bars in Salvador  
Name: Maria Fernanda  
Media: Magazine – Diário de Salvador

Date: 21/09/07  
Theme: Project of Law on commissions to diminish the violence in the schools in São Paulo  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: Newspaper – Jornal da Tarde

Date: 20/09/07  
Theme: Comparison Between Brazilian’s Police and the European’s Police  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Magazine – Comunita Italiana

Date: 19/09/07  
Theme: Sexual violence against women, children and adolescents  
Name: Wânia Pasinato  

Date: 17/09/07  
Theme: Slaughters in São Paulo  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Newspaper – Diário de São Paulo

Date: 17/09/07  
Theme: Slaughters in São Paulo  
Name: Marcela Evangelista  
Media: Newspaper – Diário de São Paulo
Date: 17/09/07
Theme: Link between data on internments for external causes and violence
Name: Renato Alves
Media: TV – Gazeta

Date: 17/09/07
Theme: Revision of the data of the Secretariat of Public Security of São Paulo
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Media: Internet – Conversa Afiada

Date: 14/09/07
Theme: Crime in infancy and Adolescence
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 14/09/07
Theme: Crime in infancy and Adolescence
Name: Alexandra Santos
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 14/09/07
Theme: Report about the military dictatorship in Brazil. "Right to the Memory and the Truth",
Name: Marcos Alvarez
Media: TV – France 24

Date: 13/09/07
Theme: extreme spreading of barbarous crimes by the media and its social consequences
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Documentari

Date: 13/09/07
Theme: Causes of the Violence
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Magazine – Carta Capital

Date: 13/09/07
Theme: Human rights as Politics
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 11/09/07
Theme: impunity in Brazil
Name: Marcelo Nery
Media: Newspaper – O Estado do Paraná

Date: 10/09/07
Theme: Public security - Attempted against to the train with ministers in the RJ
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 08/09/07
Theme: Police corruption
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: TV – SBT

Date: 05/09/07
Theme: Police corruption
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 02/09/07
Theme: Image of the policy among brazilians
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: Newspaper – Gazeta do Povo

Date: 31/08/07
Theme: Criminalização of the Preconception against Homosexuals
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: TV – TV Assembléia

Date: 31/08/07
Theme: Growth of the Private Security
Name: Viviane Cubas
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 28/07/07
Theme: impunity in Brazil
Name: Marcelo B. Nery
Media: Newspaper – O Tempo

Date: 28/08/07
Theme: Relationship of the NEV with the press
Name: Bruno Quirino
Media: Documentari

Date: 28/08/07
Theme: Violence in the Media - data base of the NEV
Name: Maria Cecília
Media: Documentari

Date: 27/08/07
Theme: Sensation of increase of the violence
Name: Renato Alves
Media: TV – Rede Record

Date: 27/08/07
Theme: Growth of the Private Security
Name: Viviane Cubas
Date: 24/08/07
Theme: Slaughter in Minas gerais' prison
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: Radio – Jovem Pan AM

Date: 23/08/07
Theme: National program of Security and Citizenship
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 21/08/07
Theme: Art and Violence
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: radio – Revista Continuum

Date: 20/08/07
Theme: impunity in Brazil
Name: Marcelo Nery
Media: Newspaper – Diário da Região

Date: 20/08/07
Theme: National program of Security and Citizenship
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Radio – Eldorado

Date: 20/08/07
Theme: National program of Security and Citizenship
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Radio – Nacional

Date: 17/08/07
Theme: traumas after-violence
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Tv – Rede Record

Date: 17/08/07
Theme: firearms and violent deaths
Name: Maria Fernanda
Media: Newspaper – Folha de S.Paulo

Date: 17/08/07
Theme: Traffic of Weapons in Brazil - as they arrive in the hands of criminals
Name: Giana Guelfi
Media: Newspaper – Folha de S.Paulo

Date: 17/08/07
Theme: Violence in São Paulo’s countryside
Name: Marcelo Nery
Date: 15/08/07
Theme: Revision of the data of the Secretariat of Public Security of São Paulo
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: TV – Rede Record

Date: 14/08/07
Theme: Report of violence against children in the world
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Media: Newspaper – Folha de São Paulo

Date: 14/08/07
Theme: National program of Security and Citizenship
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Internet – Projeto Brasil (www.projetobr.com.br)

Date: 13/08/07
Theme: Human rights in Americas
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 13/08/07
Theme: impunity in Brazil
Name: Wânia Pasinato
Media: TV – SBT

Date: 10/08/07
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Magazine – GameMaster

Date: 09/08/07
Theme: Public security and Traffic of Drugs
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: TV – Record

Date: 08/08/07
Theme: Firearms and Violence
Name: Giana Guelfi
Media: Radio – Rádio 2

Date: 08/08/07
Theme: Violence at the School (article)
Name: Viviane Cubas
Media: Magazine – Revista Escola

Date: 06/08/07
Theme: Suicide and young
Name: Gorete Marques
Date: 02/08/07  
Theme: Violent trots in University  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Media: TV – Record

Date: 01/08/07  
Theme: Harder penalties versus Education in the long run (article)  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Media: Magazine – Revista E

Date: 01/08/07  
Theme: Revision of the data of the Secretariat of Public Security of São Paulo  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Internet – Rádio Web

Date: 01/08/07  
Theme: Revision of the data of the Secretariat of Public Security of São Paulo  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Newspaper – Diário do Grande ABC

Date: 01/08/07  
Theme: Lack of access to the school, Jobs and Violence between young of 15 the 24 years  
Name: Maria Fernanda  
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 26/07/07  
Theme: Urban violence and Politics of Public Security in São Paulo  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: TV – ZDF

Date: 25/07/07  
Theme: Increase of internments, in the Fundação Casa, for traffic of drugs  
Name: Alexandra Santos  
Media: Newspaper – Diário do Grande ABC

Date: 19/07/07  
Theme: PCC and the changes in the jail system of Brazil  
Name: Fernando Salla  
Media: Internet – FranPress

Date: 16/07/07  
Theme: Violence at the School (article)  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Media: Newspaper – Correio Popular

Date: 16/07/07  
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young  
Name: Nancy Cardia
**Date:** 13/07/07  
**Theme:** Alcohol and Violence - cities with "Dry Law"  
**Name:** Maria Fernanda  
**Media:** TV – SBT

**Date:** 12/07/07  
**Theme:** 17 years of the Statute of the Child and the Adolescent  
**Name:** Alexandra Santos  
**Media:** Newspaper – A Tribuna de Santos

**Date:** 10/07/07  
**Theme:** National program of Security and Citizenship  
**Name:** Cristina Neme  
**Media:** Radio – Eldorado

**Date:** 10/07/07  
**Theme:** National program of Security and Citizenship  
**Name:** Renato Alves  
**Media:** TV – Futura

**Date:** 06/07/07  
**Theme:** 3rd Brazilian’s National Report about Human Rights  
**Name:** Renato Alves e Gorete Marques  
**Media:** TV – TV Record

**Date:** 06/07/07  
**Theme:** Urban violence in Paraná  
**Name:** Renato Alves  
**Media:** Newspaper – Diário de Londrina

**Date:** 06/07/07  
**Theme:** Violence’s triviality in Brazil  
**Name:** Paula Ballesteros  
**Media:** Internet – Portal G1 (www.g1.globo.com)

**Date:** 06/07/07  
**Theme:** Military policemen involved in Slaughters  
**Name:** Cristina Neme  
**Media:** Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

**Date:** 05/07/07  
**Theme:** impunity in Brazil  
**Name:** Sergio Adorno  
**Media:** TV – Globo

**Date:** 05/07/07  
**Theme:** impunity in Brazil  
**Name:** Wânia Pasinato
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 05/07/07  
Theme: Violence at the School  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: Radio – Jovem Pan

Date: 05/07/07  
Theme: Urban violence in Rio De Janeiro  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Media: Newspaper – El Colombiano

Date: 05/07/07  
Theme: Urban violence in Brazil  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Documentari

Date: 04/07/07  
Theme: Hideous Crimes  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 03/07/07  
Theme: Violence at the School  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: TV – Rede TV

Date: 03/07/07  
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Media: Radio – Rádio Bandeirantes

Date: 03/07/07  
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Media: Radio – Rádio USP

Date: 03/07/07  
Theme: Torture committed by agents of the State and Impunity  
Name: Gorete Marques  
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 03/07/07  
Theme: impunity in Brazil  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 02/07/07  
Theme: Violence at the School  
Name: Caren Ruotti
Media: TV – TV Câmara

Date: 30/06/07
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young
Name: Gorete Marques
Media: TV – TV Gazeta

Date: 29/06/07
Theme: Urban violence in Rio De Janeiro (article)
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 29/06/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Caren Ruotti
Media: Magazine – Revista Escola

Date: 29/06/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Viviane Cubas
Media: Magazine – Revista Escola

Date: 29/06/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Magazine – Revista Escola

Date: 28/06/07
Theme: Accord of the Policy with the quarter of the Jardins in São Paulo
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 28/06/07
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 28/06/07
Theme: Urban violence and Politics of Public Security
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Newspaper – O Popular

Date: 28/06/07
Theme: Urban violence and Politics of Public Security
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: Radio – Rádio Record

Date: 28/06/07
Theme: Models of prevention to the urban violence
Name: Marcos Alvarez
Date: 27/06/07
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Magazine – Isto É

Date: 27/06/07
Theme: Drugs and Violence
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Magazine – Superinteressante

Date: 27/06/07
Theme: Urban violence and Politics of Public Security
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: TV – Século XXI

Date: 26/06/07
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Radio – Rádio Guaíba

Date: 26/06/07
Theme: Violence committed by rich Young
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Newspaper – A Tribuna de Santos

Date: 22/06/07
Theme: Penitentiaries for young of 18 the 24 years
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 22/06/07
Theme: The end of the Invasion of the main building of the USP
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 21/06/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Caren Ruotti
Media: Magazine – Revista da APEOESP

Date: 21/06/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Caren Ruotti
Media: Internet – Portal da Imprensa Oficial (http://www.imprensaoficial.com.br/PortalIO/DO/HomeDO_2_0.aspx)

Date: 21/06/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Vivivane Cubas
Date: 21/06/07  
Theme: Violence at the School  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: Internet – Portal da Imprensa Oficial (http://www.imprensaoficial.com.br/PortalIO/DO/HomeDO_2_0.aspx)

Date: 21/06/07  
Theme: impunity in Brazil  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Media: Newspaper – O Globo

Date: 20/06/07  
Theme: Violence at the School  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 20/06/07  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Media: Newspaper – Zero Hora

Date: 20/06/07  
Theme: Reduction of the Criminal Majority  
Name: Gorete Marques  
Media: TV – TV Câmara

Date: 20/06/07  
Theme: impunity in Brazil  
Name: Sergio Adorno  
Media: Newspaper – O Globo

Date: 19/06/07  
Theme: impunity in Brazil  
Name: Wânia Pasinato  
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 18/06/07  
Theme: Violence at the School  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Media: Magazine – Nova Escola

Date: 18/06/07  
Theme: Violence at the School  
Name: Renato Alves  
Media: TV – Rede TV

Date: 10/06/07  
Theme: practical of Torture in Brazil  
Name: Gorete Marques
Media: Newspaper – Correio Brasiliense

Date: 05/06/07
Name: Maria Fernanda
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 05/06/07
Name: Maria Cecilia
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 31/05/07
Theme: Reduction of the Criminal Majority
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Magazine – Mundo Estranho

Date: 31/05/07
Theme: Weapons traffic
Name: Giana Guelfi
Media: Magazine – Época

Date: 29/05/07
Theme: Private security
Name: Viviane Cubas
Media: TV – Cultura

Date: 28/05/07
Theme: Public security in São Paulo
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: TV – JB TV

Date: 25/05/07
Theme: Crime in infancy and Adolescence
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: Newspaper – A Semana Popular

Date: 25/05/07
Theme: Organized crime
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Magazine – Tempo Social

Date: 25/05/07
Theme: impunity in Brazil
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 25/05/07
Theme: Public security in São Paulo
Name: Renato Alves
Date: 24/05/07
Theme: Invasion of the main building of the USP
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: TV – SBT

Date: 23/05/07
Theme: Invasion of the main building of the USP
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 23/05/07
Theme: Invasion of the main building of the USP
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 23/05/07
Theme: Crime in infancy and Adolescence
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Internet – ANDI (www.andi.org.br)

Date: 22/05/07
Theme: Adolescent young homicides
Name: Maria Fernanda
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 22/05/07
Theme: Reduction of the Criminal Majority
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: Newspaper – A Tribuna de Santos

Date: 15/05/07
Theme: To comment declaration of President Lula on politics of Public Security
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do Brasil

Date: 15/05/07
Theme: Violence and hip hop in São Paulo
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: TV – Rede Record

Date: 09/05/07
Theme: 1st anniversary of the attacks of the PCC
Name: Marcos Alvarez
Media: TV – Record

Date: 08/05/07
Theme: Public security in São Paulo
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Newspaper – Diário de Cataluña

Date: 08/05/07
Theme: Public security in São Paulo
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Radio – Boa Vontade

Date: 08/05/07
Theme: Reduction of the Criminal Majority
Name: Gorete Marques
Media: Magazine – Carta Capital

Date: 08/05/07
Theme: 1st anniversary of the attacks of the PCC
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Radio – BandNews

Date: 07/05/07
Theme: 1st anniversary of the attacks of the PCC
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 07/05/07
Theme: Jail system in Brazil
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 07/05/07
Theme: Slaughters in São Paulo
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: TV – Record

Date: 04/05/07
Theme: 1st anniversary of the attacks of the PCC
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Radio – BandNews

Date: 04/05/07
Theme: Weapons traffic
Name: Giana Guelfi
Media: Newspaper – Diário do Gde ABC

Date: 03/05/07
Theme: Violence inside USP
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do Campus

Date: 03/05/07
Theme: Urban Violence’s numbers
Name: Patrícia Carla
Date: 03/05/07
Theme: Architecture, Urbanism and Violence
Name: Bruna Charifcker
Media: Magazine – Arquitetura e Urbanismo

Date: 03/05/07
Theme: Decision of the Superior Court of Brazilian Justice about the law of the disarmament
Name: Giana Guelfi
Media: Newspaper – O Globo

Date: 03/05/07
Theme: 1ft anniversary of the attacks of the PCC
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 02/05/07
Theme: Report of the International Amnesty about Violence in Brazil
Name: Renato Alves
Media: TV – Record

Date: 02/05/07
Theme: Report of the International Amnesty about Violence in Brazil
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Radio – CBN

Date: 25/04/07
Theme: Comparison of the violence in Brazil and U.S.A.
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: Newspaper – Folha de Curitiba

Date: 24/04/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Renato Alves
Media: TV – Bandeirantes

Date: 23/04/07
Theme: Education and prevention to the violence
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Internet – Portal Universia

Date: 20/04/07
Theme: Treated international to commerce of weapons
Name: Maria Fernanda
Media: TV – Globo

Date: 19/04/07
Theme: Use of the Armed Forces To contain the Violence in Rio de Janeiro
Name: Paulo Mesquita

7th REPORT OF THE CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF VIOLENCE
Date: 19/04/07
Theme: Investments of the government against the Violence
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: Magazine – Época

Date: 19/04/07
Theme: Deaths in consequence of bank's robberies
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Media: TV – SBT

Date: 19/04/07
Theme: Jail system in Brazil
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: Radio – Eldorado

Date: 18/04/07
Theme: Violence at the School
Name: Caren Ruotti
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 18/04/07
Theme: impunity in Brazil
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: Magazine – Veja

Date: 18/04/07
Theme: Violence’s triviality in Brazil
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: TV – Globonews

Date: 18/04/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian’s National Report about Human Rights
Name: Renato Alves
Media: TV – Rede Mundial

Date: 18/04/07
Theme: Increase of the support to the penalty of death in Brazil
Name: Fernando Salla
Media: TV – TV Câmara

Date: 18/04/07
Theme: Scientific production of the NEV-USP
Name: Sergio Adorno
Media: magazine – Revista FAPESP

Date: 17/04/07
Theme: Shoot out in university in Virginia leaves 32 dead ones
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Radio – Rádio Cultura de Porto Alegre

**Date:** 17/04/07  
**Theme:** Violence at the School  
**Name:** Caren Ruotti  
**Media:** TV – TV Bandeirantes

**Date:** 16/04/07  
**Theme:** National program of Security and Citizenship, that will be voted in the Brazilian congress  
**Name:** Paula Ballesteros  
**Media:** Radio – Rádio Eldorado

**Date:** 16/04/07  
**Theme:** Shoot out in university in Virginia leaves 32 dead ones  
**Name:** Renato Alves  
**Media:** Radio – Rádio CBN

**Date:** 12/04/07  
**Theme:** Violence in São Paulo’s countryside  
**Name:** Eduardo Brito  
**Media:** Radio – Rádio Aparecida

**Date:** 10/04/07  
**Theme:** Violence at the School  
**Name:** Caren Ruotti  
**Media:** Newspaper – A Tribuna de Santos

**Date:** 10/04/07  
**Theme:** Violence in Brazil  
**Name:** Paulo Mesquita  
**Media:** Magazine – Revista Getúlio

**Date:** 10/04/07  
**Theme:** Use of the Armed Forces To contain the Violence in Rio de Janeiro  
**Name:** Paulo Mesquita  
**Media:** Internet – Portal UOL (http://www.uol.com.br/)

**Date:** 09/04/07  
**Theme:** Increase of the support to the penalty of death in Brazil  
**Name:** Nancy Cardia  
**Media:** Radio – Rádio CBN

**Date:** 08/04/07  
**Theme:** Increase of the support to the penalty of death in Brazil  
**Name:** Viviane Cubas  
**Media:** Newspaper – Folha de S.Paulo

**Date:** 02/04/07  
**Theme:** Urban violence  
**Name:** Paulo Mesquita
Media: TV – RedeTV

Date: 02/04/07
Theme: Urban violence (article)
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Internet – Jornal de debates (http://www.jornaldedebates.ig.com.br/index.aspx)

Date: 30/03/07
Theme: Evaluation of the 100 first days of Serra's government - Public Security
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Media: Radio – Rádio CBN

Date: 29/03/07
Theme: Violence against women
Name: Wânia Pasinato
Media: TV – TV Record

Date: 28/03/07
Theme: Program of reduction of use of firearms: comparison between Brazil and Mexico
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Magazine – Isto É

Date: 28/03/07
Theme: Violence’s effects in brazilian’s society
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Newspaper – O Popular

Date: 17/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Renato Alves
Media: TV – TV Mackenzie

Date: 16/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Renato Alves
Media: Newspaper – Folha de Londrina

Date: 15/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Radio – Radiobrás

Date: 15/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Newspaper – O Globo

Date: 15/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: Newspaper – Gazeta do Povo

Date: 15/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Eduardo Brito
Media: Newspaper – Jornal do Brasil

Date: 15/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Newspaper – Diário do Grande ABC

Date: 14/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: TV – TV Globo

Date: 13/03/07
Theme: 3rd Brazilian's National Report about Human Rights
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Newspaper – O Estado de S.Paulo

Date: 08/03/07
Theme: Shot guns and the violence in Brazil
Name: Maria Fernanda Peres
Media: Radio – Rádio Oboré

Date: 06/03/07
Theme: Private condominium's growth in São Paulo
Name: Nancy Cardia
Media: TV – TV Globo

Date: 05/03/07
Theme: Violence’s map in São Paulo
Name: Cristina Neme
Media: Internet – Cotia Todo Dia (www.cotiatododia.com.br)

Date: 24/02/07
Theme: Crime's reduction in São Paulo
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Media: TV – Globonews

Date: 01/02/07
Theme: Public Security Agency's statistics for October, November and December of 2006
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Newspaper – Bom Dia Jundiaí

Date: 31/01/07
Theme: Para military groups in Rio de Janeiro
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Radio – Deutsch Radio

Date: 31/01/07
Theme: Number of people killed by police in during PCC’s attack
Name: Paulo Mesquita
Media: Radio – Rádio Eldorado

Date: 22/01/07
Theme: Police Performance
Name: Cristina Neme e Viviane Cubas
Media: TV – TV Aparecida
3.3- Other knowledge transfer activities (Consultancies etc)

3.3.1- Consultancy

Cristina Neme

Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Comissão julgadora do prêmio para melhor monografia em Direitos humanos e Cidadania e Direitos Humanos e Saúde Mental – Associação Nacional de pesquisa e pós-graduação em Direitos Humanos, ANDHEP.

Marcos César Alvarez
Comissão julgadora do prêmio para melhor monografia em Direitos humanos e Cidadania e Direitos Humanos e Saúde Mental – Associação Nacional de pesquisa e pós-graduação em Direitos Humanos, ANDHEP.

Marcelo Nery
Consultancy to Serviço Social do Comércio (Sesc). Theme: Prevenção da Violência e da Criminalidade

Consultancy to Serviço Nacional de Aprendizagem Comercial (Senac). Theme: Prevenção da Violência e da Criminalidade

Consultancy to Serviço Social da Indústria (Sesi). Theme: Prevenção da Violência e da Criminalidade

Consultancy to Serviço Nacional de Aprendizagem Industrial (Senai). Theme: Prevenção da Violência e da Criminalidade

Consultancy to Serviço Social do Transporte (Sest). Theme: Prevenção da Violência e da Criminalidade

Consultancy to Serviço Nacional de Aprendizagem do Transporte (Senat). Theme: Prevenção da Violência e da Criminalidade

3.3.2 - Meetings with foreign representatives

NEV Staff
Prof. Louis Herns Marcelin, researcher at the Institute Interuniversitaire de Recherche Sociales (IIRS), Haiti and Professor at University of Miami. November, 29th, 2007.

Fernando Salla
International Committee of the Red Cross

Nancy Cardia
Canada Chief Justice Beverley McLachlin, November, 2007

Embassador Anne Patterson, and General Consul Christopher J. McMullen, May, 2007


Other dissemination activities by members of the NEV

3.3.3- External Committees

Since 1999 the Núcleo de Estudos da Violência of the University of São Paulo has a representative in the deliberative council of the Programa de Proteção a Vítimas e Testemunhas Ameaçadas [Program of Protection to Threatened Victims and Witnesses]. NEV’s representation in such Council is under the responsibility of Teotônio Vilela Comission’s executive secretary, Alexandra Maria de Jesus Santos.
Other NEV representatives in external committees are:

**Sergio Adorno**

CAPES – Coordinator of the Sociology area, responsible for the evaluation of Graduate Sociology courses in Brazil and member of the Scientific Council (2005-2007).

**Nancy Cardia**

Consultative Committee of the 9th World Conference on Injury and Violence Prevention, Research and Training, Mexico 2008.

Represents NEV as Head of a Collaborating Center at the Department of Injury and Violence Prevention of the World Health Organization – WHO (since 2002).

Vice-president of the Instituto São Paulo Contra a Violência (since 1997). São Paulo - SP.

**Paulo de Mesquita Neto**

Comissão Especial para Redução da Letalidade em Ações Envolvendo Policiais. Secretaria de Estado da Segurança Pública, São Paulo - SP.


**Renato Alves**

Representative in the Psychology Federal Council at the sub-commission on violence and injury at the National Health Council of the Ministry of Health.

**Cristina Neme**

Comissão Especial para Redução da Letalidade em Ações Envolvendo Policiais. Secretaria de Estado da Segurança Pública, São Paulo - SP.

**Ariadne Natal**

Participation in the Comitê Consultivo e no Comitê Executivo da Biblioteca Virtual em Saúde e Violência, gerida pelo Claves e pelo ICICT-FioCruz, com tecnologia Bireme. Site: http://www.bvsvs.cict.fiocruz.br

**Viviane Cubas**

Comissão Estadual de Polícia Comunitária do Estado de São Paulo.

**Marcelo Batista Nery**

Comissão Estadual de Polícia Comunitária
Comissão de Letalidade da Coordenadoria de Análise e Planejamento da SSP de São Paulo

3.3.4- Participation in Editorial Boards and Advisory Committees

**Sérgio Adorno**

Member of the Editorial Board of Análise Social, a scientific publication from the Social Sciences Institute of the University of Lisboa (2006).
Member of the Editorial Board of Sociologias, a scientific publication from the Philosophy and Human Sciences Institute of the University of Rio Grande do Sul (Brazil).

Nancy Cardia

Editorial Board, Injury Control and Violence Prevention (since 2002).


Paulo de Mesquita Neto

Consultative Council, Centro Santo Dias de Direitos Humanos. São Paulo - SP.

Editorial Board, Revista Última Ratio. São Paulo - SP.

3.3.5- Participation in other external collective activities

Paulo de Mesquita Neto

Fórum Brasileiro de Segurança Pública.

Fórum da Cidadania Contra a Violência. São Paulo - SP.

Observatório da Defensoria Pública do Estado de São Paulo. São Paulo - SP.

3.3.6 – Prizes received

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro

Medalha do Presidente da Italian, conferida pelo Centro Pio Manzu, Rimini, Italia, outubro de 2007, pelo trabalho sobre violencia contra a crianca

Premio do Comite de ONGS junto a UNICEF, pelo trabalho sobre violencia contra a crianca

Sérgio Adorno

Comendador da Ordem Nacional do Mérito Cientifico, pela Academia Brasileira de Ciência
### Appendix 4 [Anexo 4] - Complete list of researchers, time dedicated to the projects and research line

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Researcher</th>
<th>Dedicação/s</th>
<th>Research line / Diffusion / Knowledge Transfer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Coordinator of Education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Paulo Sergio Pinheiro</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drª Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Paulo de Mesquita Neto</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profª Drª Claudia Perrone-Moisés</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Fernando Alfonso Salla</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Knowledge transfer: internet database on parliamentary debates</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Marcos César Alvarez</td>
<td>8h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Knowledge transfer: internet database on parliamentary debates</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drª Wânia Pasinato</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dr. Eduardo Manoel de Brito</td>
<td>35h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations Diffusion: NEV electronics periodical</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dra. Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Caren Ruotti (MsC)</td>
<td>30h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cássia Garcia (MsC)</td>
<td>5h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cristina Neme (MsC)</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Knowledge transfer: website Safety and Citizenship</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marcelo Batista Nery (MsC)</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Renato Antonio Alves (MsC)</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Renato Oliveira de Faria (MsC)</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Taia Duarte Mota (MsC)</td>
<td>40h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viviane de Oliveira Cubas (MsC)</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Educational Activities: Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amanda Carneiro Santos</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ariadne Lima Natal</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Diffusion: NEV website and NEV electronic periodical</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bianca Boggiani Cruz</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<td>Bruna Augusta</td>
<td>20h</td>
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<td>Bruna Charifker</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations Educational Activities: Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bruno Bueno Quirino de Souza</td>
<td>30h</td>
<td>Diffusion: media</td>
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<tr>
<td>Denise Carvalho da Silva</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Name</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fabio Alex</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flavia Valle Vernaschi</td>
<td>30h</td>
<td>Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Helio Querino de Moraes Jr.</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Diffusion: library</td>
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<td>João Carlos Nascimento Bruder</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>João Rafael Ersina Navarro</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Diffusion: NEV website</td>
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<tr>
<td>Juliana Feliciano de Almeida</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marcela Boni Evangelista</td>
<td>20h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maria Carolina Moraes</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maria Cecília França de Abreu</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marcus Vinicius Oestmann</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Patricia Carla dos Santos</td>
<td>40h</td>
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<td>Paula Karina Rodriguez Ballesteros</td>
<td>40h</td>
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<td>Sírley Alencar</td>
<td>20h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thaís Viudes Freitas</td>
<td>40h</td>
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<td>Thaís de Souza Ferreira Narciso</td>
<td>30h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vanessa Orban Aragão Santos</td>
<td>30h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vitor Blotta</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viviane C. Massa</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Collaborating researchers:**

**Line I: Democracy, rule of law and human rights**
The extra-judicial mechanisms of reparations for the victims of violations of human rights: the Latin-American experiences

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Line I</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr. Edson Luis de Almeida Teles</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dra. Vanessa Sievers de Almeida</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Janaína de Almeida Teles (MsC)</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Camila Akemi Perruso</td>
<td>3h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fabrício de Toledo</td>
<td>3h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Name</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mário Attanásio Júnior (MsC)</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies</td>
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<tr>
<td>Celso Kashiura Júnior</td>
<td>3h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elisa Pires Cruz</td>
<td>3h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jaqueline Sena</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies</td>
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<tr>
<td>Luana Fúncia</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies</td>
</tr>
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</table>
Appendix 5- List of concluded MSc dissertations and PhD thesis

Alessandra Teixeira  
Masters in Sociology  
"O reencontro das temporalidades: Do sujeito de direito ao estado de exceção, no percurso contemporâneo do Sistema Penitenciário Brasileiro". ["The temporalities reencounter: from the subject of rights to the state of exception in the contemporary trajectory of the Brazilian Penitentiary System"]  
University of São Paulo – Faculty of Philosophy, Literature and Linguistics, and Human Sciences – 2007  
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Sergio França Adorno de Abreu

Caren Ruotti  
Masters in Sociology  
"Os sentidos da violência escolar: uma perspectiva dos sujeitos". ["The meanings of school violence: a subjects' perspective]  
University of São Paulo – Faculty of Philosophy, Literature and Linguistics, and Human Sciences – February 28th, 2007  
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Sergio França Adorno de Abreu


Jacqueline Sinhoretto  
Doctorate in Sociology  
"Ir aonde o povo está. Etnografia de uma reforma da Justiça". ["To go where the masses are. Ethnography of a Justice reform"]  
University of São Paulo – Faculty of Philosophy, Literature and Linguistics, and Human Sciences - 2007  
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Sergio França Adorno de Abreu

Thais Battibugli  
Doctorate in Political Science  
University of São Paulo – Faculty of Philosophy, Literature and Linguistics, and Human Sciences  
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Paulo Sergio Pinheiro

Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos  
Doctorate in Law  
"As Leis da Anistia face ao Direito Internacional – o Caso Brasileiro" [Amnesty Laws in face of International Law – the Brazilian Case]  
University of São Paulo – Law Faculty – May 7th, 2007  
Orientadora: Prof. Dr. Claudia Perrone-Moisés

Ivan Rosas Teixeira  
Masters in Judicial Positivization and Concretion of Human Rights  
"A Polícia Civil na Promoção dos Direitos Humanos: Reflexões Acerca do Policiamento Comunitário". ["Civil Police in the Promotion of Human Rights: Reflections on Community Policing"]  
UNIFIEO University Center  
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar

Taia Duarte Mota  
Masters in Psychiatric Nursing  
"As necessidades de saúde da perspectiva dos usuários de um serviço comunitário de saúde mental". [Health Needs from the perspective of the users of a mental health community service.]  
University of São Paulo – February 28th, 2007  
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Ana Luiza Aranha e Silva
Edson Luis de Almeida Teles
Doutor em Filosofia
"Brasil e África do Sul – Os Paradoxos da Democracia – Memória Política em Democracias com Herança Autoritária". ["Brazil and South Africa – The Paradoxes of Democracy – Political Memory in Democracies with Authoritarian Heritage"]
University of São Paulo – Faculty of Philosophy, Literature and Linguistics, and Human Sciences – August 31st, 2007
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Renato Janine Ribeiro
### Appendix 6 – List of students

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Researcher</th>
<th>Graduação</th>
<th>Pós-Graduação</th>
<th>Pós-Doc</th>
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<tr>
<td>Amanda Carneiro Santos</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bianca Boggiani Cruz</td>
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<td>Bruna Augusta Ramachiotti</td>
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<td>Camila Akemi Perruso</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fabio Alex F. da Silva</td>
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<td>Flavia Valle Vernaschi</td>
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<td>João Carlos N. Bruder</td>
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<tr>
<td>Juliana Feliciano de Almeida</td>
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<td>Maria Carolina Moraes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marcus Vinicius Oestmann</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sirley Alentar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vitor Blotta</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wânia Pasinato</td>
<td></td>
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<td>X</td>
<td>Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Following FAPESP recommendation an International Advisory Committee for CEPID Program was composed. The following experts were invited, and accepted, to be part of such committee:

1. Prof. Dr. James Mercy from the Center for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States Of America. Prof. Mercy is a sociologist with strong background in Epidemiology, expert in violence studies and violence prevention;

2. Prof. Dr. Ignacy Sachs from the École des Hautes Études en Sciences Sociales (EHESS), Centre de recherches sur le Brésil contemporain. Prof. Sachs is an economist who has a deep knowledge about Brazil and focus his research in human rights and development;

3. Prof. Dr. Guillermo O’Donnell, Professor at the Kellog Institut at the University of Notre Dame (Helen Kellog Chair of Political Science), Researcher at the University of Stanford amd memebor of American Academy of Science and Arts. Prof. O’Donnell is a Political Scientist who has a deep knowledge about Brazil and focus his research in democracy in transitional societies.

In November 7th the International Advisory committee came to NEV to a one-day work section. The meeting was opened with a presentation of CEPID program, made by Prof. Herman Chaimovich, Coordinator of Special Programs (CEPID) from FAPESP. For this meeting NEV sent previously to committee members a set of documents with key information about the center work and history. It was also send to them the NEV report of 2006. Prof. O’Donnell could not attend the meeting but he also received all mentioned documents.

All the members of the International Expert Advisory Committee received a complete version of 2007 CEPID FAPESP report, as stated by FAPESP
The state universities of Sao Paulo, Brazil: University of Sao Paulo (USP), University of Campinas (UNICAMP) and the State University of Sao Paulo (UNESP) have joined efforts to disseminate the state of art of knowledge in the field of studies on organized crime and its impact on democracy. On behalf of the Pro-Rector of Cultural Activities of USP, the purpose of this letter is to invite you to take part in this Seminar presenting a paper on this subject. The Seminar will be held in Sao Paulo from 26 to 28, November 2007. The state of Sao Paulo has witnessed the growth of activities by forms of organized crime in recent years that reached a culminating point last year with a series of attacks against law enforcement agents and buildings as well as against public transport and banks that in total lasted for 4 months, in 2006. These attacks resulted in numerous casualties and in the growth of public fears as well as Economic losses. In the perspective of the three universities the prevention of the repetition such events, that provoked so much public fear, demand a proper analysis. It is expected that the Seminar will allow public debate to break with the vicious circle of responding to the growth of criminal violence by supporting more severe forms of punishment and/or by granting more freedom of action to law enforcement agents, fostering more gross human rights violations.

In the last three decades much research has been produced in Brazil on violence, crime and on the criminal justice system. Still organized crime is a much less studied subject largely due to the methodological and security issues related to such object but also as result of the poor access to data from the law enforcement agencies.

1. “What is organized crime?” - a controversial concept
   Chair: Sedi Hiranro (Pro-Rector of Research -USP)
   Presentation: Michel Schiray (EHESS)
   Discussants: Guaracy Mingardi (Researcher from Instituto Latino-Americano dos Nações Unidas para Prevenção do Delito e Tratamento do Delinqüente)

2. Defining theoretical approaches and perspectives
   Chair: UNICAMP
   Presentation: Jay S. Albanese (Department of Criminal Justice, Virginia Commonwealth University)
   Discussants: Sérgio Adorno (NEV-USP-Brazil)

3. How to research organized crime?
   Chair: UNESP
   Presentation: Peter Kruttschnitt (School of Public, Legal, Political, Department of Criminology, University of Maryland)
   Discussants: Nancy Cardia (NEV-USP-Brazil)

The present Seminar will be the first of a series of three Seminars with the following objectives:

1. To update the knowledge on research on organized crime
2. To promote exchanges between Brazilian and foreign researchers
3. To encourage networks of national and international researchers in order to more readily inform public security policies and decision-making.
The Program

02/25 – Monday - Opening
7:00 pm
The Seminar will open with a key lecture on “Torture and Civilization”, to be followed by four panels each with four presenters and one discussant. Guest Speaker: Darius Rejali

02/26 – Tuesday
9:00 am to 12:30 pm
Panel I – Fear and torture: Ethics, values and cruelty in present days;
Dinah PoKempner
Jean Maria Arrigo
David Sussman
Moderador: Maria Celina Soares D’Araújo

2:00 pm to 5:30 pm
Panel II – Torture and the war on terror: the world after September 11th;
David Luban
Henry Shue
Fritz Allhoff
Moderador: Nancy Cardia

02/27 – Wednesday
9:00 am to 12:30 pm
Panel III - Torture and criminal justice:
Roy King
David DeBatto
David Rodin
Moderador: Sérgio Adorno

2:00 pm to 5:30 pm
Panel IV – The legacy of torture to democracy
Martha Huggins
Henrik Ronsbo
Jessica Wolfendale
Moderador: Emílio Delasoppa

Measuring Progress and Assessing Impact in Human Rights: The Problem of Police Violence

Local: University of São Paulo

Program

Day 1:

Opening Session: Indicators, Measurement and Human Rights – What has been done, what are the challenges?

- Sérgio ADORNO, Center for the Study of Violence, University of São Paulo
- Audrey R. CHAPMAN, University of Connecticut Health Center (Former director of the American Association for the Advancement of Science/Science and Human Rights Program).
- Thomas HEIMGARTNER, OECD, DCD/Paris 21, Metagora
- Christopher STONE, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University

Panel 1: How to Use Indicators do Understand and Measure a Problem – Police Violence

Police Violence – Civil and Political Rights
Police Violence – Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
Police Violence as events/ incidents – Violations of Human Rights
Police Violence as practice – Lack of Access to Human Rights

- Patrick BALL, Human Rights and Data Analysis Group, Palo Alto, CA. (Former member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science/Science and Human Rights Program).
- David BRUCE/Gareth NEWHAM, Center for the Study of Violence and Reconciliation, Johannesburg, South Africa
- Nancy CARDIA, Center for the Study of Violence, São Paulo, Brazil
- Gustavo PALMIERI/Luciana POL, Center for Legal and Social Studies, Buenos Aires, Argentina
- Fernande REINE, Carr Center for Human Rights Policy

Day 2

8h30-9h30
Breakfast
9h30-12h00  
**Pannel 2: How to Use Indicators to Understand and Measure a Solution – Police Integrity**  
- Jana ASHER, American Association for the Advancement of Science/Science and Human Rights Program.  
- Lucia DAMMERT, Flacso-Chile.  
- Rachel NEILD, Senior Advisor – National Criminal Justice, Justice Initiative, Open Society Institute, Washington, D.C.  
- Paulo MESQUITA, Center for the Study of Violence, São Paulo, Brazil.  
- Nancy THEDE, Université du Québec à Montréal - Département de Science Politique

12h00-13h30  
**Lunch**

13h30-15h30  
**Working Group A: Using Indicators to Build Alliances and Advocate Change in Policies and Organizations**  
**Working Group B: Using Indicators to Manage Change in Policies and Organizations**  
**Working Group C: Using Indicators to Measure Progress and Assess Impact in Reducing Police Violence and Promoting Police Integrity**

15h30-16h00  
**Coffee Break**

16h00-17h00  
**Group Reports**

17h00-18h00  
**Closing Session: Evaluation and Next Steps**
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O direito penal do inumano

Sala da Congregação da Faculdade de Direito da Universidade de São Paulo - 17hs

8/10 - Introdução ao direito penal do inumano: o parádoxo penal
1) O Universalismo do sofrimento
   - violência e representação do mal
   - massacres e negação da humanidade
2) O relativismo penal
   - relativismo político
   - relativismo cultural
3) Em direção a um direito penal do inumano
   - 1945: três crimes complementares
   - 2007: três paradigmas parcialmente contraditórios

9/10 - O paradigma do crime de guerra: limitar o inumano
1) O Universalismo na definição da proibição
   - A confusão por efeito de acúmulo: direito de Haia, direito de Genebra
   - O significado comum da proibição: CIJ, TPI
2) Relativismo na colocação em prática
   - Renacionalização: ex. França, EUA
   - Inadequação: guerra/paz, combatentes inimigos/criminosos civis

10/10 - O paradigma da guerra contra o crime: legitimar o inumano?
1) Militarização do direito penal nacional
   - Empréstimos da lógica da guerra
   - Um “buraco negro” no Estado de direito
2) Renacionalização do inumano
   - Estender a legitima defesa ao terrorismo
   - Reconstruir a relação entre terrorismo e tortura

11/10 - O paradigma do crime contra a humanidade: construir a humanidade como valor
1) Uma proibição em extensão
   - O tempo da proibição
   - O conteúdo da proibição
2) Um paradigma a ser construído
   - O significado da humanidade-valor
   - A definição do crime contra a humanidade

Conclusão: As questões emergentes