9th Report of the
Center for the Study of Violence
University of São Paulo

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1. SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED ACTIVITIES FOR 2009

1.1. Research:

The research program was to explore the paradox of the unstable combination of changes and authoritarian continuities founded in Brazilian democratic transition and consolidation by continuing efforts to answer the question about what kind of democracy can develop in such complex contexts such as Brazil. To do so we chose to study the actual process of governance to identify in how far basic tenets of democracy are being respected. The focus is on public security while monitoring human rights, in its full meaning giving, though granting priority to the right to physical integrity: to be protected from violence either by agents of the state or by others as key element to enjoy other rights. Governance is being evaluated both by the actual results it produces in public security but also as how this performance is evaluated by the public and what effects (if any) on the development of a human rights culture and in the support for Rule of Law.

**Line 1. The implementation (or lack of) of democratic rule of law: public security or insecurity?**

A group of core questions refers to the survival of states of un-rule of law, or the opposite of rule of law, in an otherwise democratic context. This can be interpreted as a symptom of the weakness of the institutions, and it is visible in the presence of systemic corruption within sectors of the civil service, within political parties and courts and by the growth of organized crime and also in the institutions resistance to change. Two states that were the object of parliamentary inquests and investigations by the Federal Police and that reported such breakdown in the respect of the laws promoted by local authorities to a point in which they appear to be examples of “failed states” are the object of study. Representing cases of extreme condition of un-rule of law, covering two different periods in recent history, they constitute a privileged starting point to examine the impact that such extreme conditions have on citizen’s support for democracy and for rule of law. It is expected that we can learn how after living in a state of near anarchy promoted by local government, damages to trust in democracy can be remedied, and what role law enforcement plays in this healing process. The cases of the states of Acre and Rondônia are being studied through the Project Violence and Frontiers (Violências e Fronteiras). The analysis uses multiple sources: official
documents, parliamentary reports, court documents, coverage by the press, NEV’s database, NGO’s, interviews with significant informants, and survey with residents. For 2009 it was expected that we retrieved the results of Parliamentary inquiries that focused on these states, identifying key political and economic processes that fed un-rule of law. The evolution of human rights violations in the last 30 years in both states as reported by human rights reports (including those from NEV) and by the media in the gross human rights violations database will also be analyzed.

**Line 2. Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a Human Rights Culture**

**L2.a. Police investigation and judicial process in São Paulo: the case of homicides**

One of the key institutions to ensure the protection of rights, and a key state actor in its opposite – the violation of human rights, is the police, a key institution to promote security, to reduce fear and to secure the right to life. What role does impunity play for the development of human rights culture and in public support for democratic rule of law? This question is to be answered by the present project. Its objectives are to assess: 1) police work conditions (human and material resources) to investigate homicide cases; 2) work load and routines; 3) organizational culture (values, perceptions of perpetrators and victims, perception of how laws should be enforced, priorities for investigation, meaning of homicide, procedures for investigation, criteria for selection of cases to be investigated, etc.).

The analysis of factors that affect the performance of the criminal justice system, specifically in the case of homicides, is based on technical reports, institutional evaluation documents, historical documents available at NEV’s database (laws, norms, procedures, decrees that guide investigations and the judicial process) and in qualitative data from interviews with members of the criminal justice system, covering the same period of the actual cases of homicide\(^1\), the source of data for the analysis of their performance (1991-1997).

The 197 cases of homicide, selected for the sample, were to undergo a qualitative

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\(^1\) Homicide cases that were the focus of the project: “Assessment of the level of penal impunity (1991-1997)”. This study revealed that high levels of impunity are in part due to police discretion. Two variables were identified as explaining police investigative selectivity: identity of the aggressor known when case was reported (“known aggressor”) and when the perpetrator was arrested at the scene (“in flagranti”). Homicide cases that fell in one or another of the two conditions were more often object of a police inquiry. When cases are referred to prosecutors, and thus to courts, there is more formality and less selectivity.
analysis. The statistical analysis sought to identify what explained differences in the outcome of homicide cases: the role that social context and the judicial context play, as well as that of the biographical profiles of the agents involved play in the outcome. This analysis will help to identify the legal and extra legal factors that contribute to impunity. The qualitative analysis of the data available (police inquests and judicial processes) was to start in 2009. This would demand that court documents be digitalized. Data from interviews with police officers, public prosecutors and judges on their perceptions of how homicide cases should be processed will also be analyzed (originally collected for the project Continuidade Autoritário e Construção de Democracia, NEV-USP entre 1994-1998, -www.nevusp.org). An analysis of the rules and legislations that discipline the use of appeals in the criminal justice system was another key activity to be carried out.

Results expected for 2009 were: report to be disseminated through the institutional website of NEV and through papers to be submitted to periodicals in Brazil and abroad. Results will also be used for regular courses (undergraduate and post-graduated) at USP as well as in the e.learning courses specially designed for the police and members of the criminal justice system.

Since feelings of impunity derive not only from the perception that cases are not properly investigated but also from the length of time between the reporting of the case and final sentencing. The sub project The time of justice: its impact in the production of penal impunity was to focus on the length of time between the actual reporting of cases and final sentencing. A neglected theme in studies about the criminal judicial system in Brazil, the time that it took the police to process the inquiry and the time the judiciary took to try the cases and its impact on penal impunity are the object of this subproject. In 2009 this analysis was to: a) an update literature review on flow of justice as well as on justice tardiness; b) develop the qualitative analysis framework; c) prepare qualitative data (police inquiries and judicial process) for analysis.

L2.b. Obstacles for a human rights culture

Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Study Group. The study group was to present a research proposal for the Brazilian Ministry of Justice to evaluate proposals for new legislative instruments to ensure participative democracy. Expected results were the publication of papers in national and international journals, based on the analysis of data collected and the research material produced at NEV. The study group was to participate in the publication of books, in Seminars and Congresses in the area and in the
organization of internal and external seminars. The Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies Group (DJDH) was to dedicate two semesters to study: a) Democracy, Environment and Human Dignity, and b) Democracy and Education for Human Rights. At each semester three activities were to take place: discussions on the bibliography, definition of papers for discussion and open seminars with presentations of the results of the research carried out during the semester.

**Quasi longitudinal survey: exposure to violence and socially shared representations and attitudes to justice, rights and punishment and human rights.** The impact that the performance of law enforcing agencies has on the public’s trust in these institutions, in the legal framework as deterrents to the use of violence, and in their effects on the public’s support for the Rule of Law, and in particular, their reactions to impunity is being measured in this project. What role does impunity play for the development of a human rights culture and in the support of democratic Rule of Law? What support do we find for the Rule of Law among the population- what are the pre-conditions for a human rights culture? These questions we try to answer through this series of surveys, regularly applied by NEV since 2001 to residents in São Paulo, allows us to answer the questions concerning the obstacles to the development of a human rights culture, and to explore the role that fear and insecurity play in the resistance to the concept of universal access to human rights.

In this project the focus is on the role that exposure to violence (victimization) plays in socially shared representations, attitudes and values about justice, punishment and human rights; how such exposure affects their perception of their neighborhood and of public services- in particular the quality of their experiences with law enforcement agencies, and the expectations they hold about future contacts with law enforcement, of social capital and civility within the community, of the causes of violence and in their acceptance or rejection of the use of violence as legitimate means to solve conflict and to discipline children. Since youth are the most victimized age group, and also the group that has worse experience with law enforcement agencies, part of the survey explores youth’s values and expectations for the future, and their peers experiences of victimization. In 2009 the focus was to be in the statistical analysis of the data collected, and in preparing a book on the violence and human rights and a series of papers on the relations between the experience of violence and attitudes to human rights.

The growth of homicide is interpreted as an indicator of the failure of the state and of democracy to reduce existing deprivations, and to improve access to rights (on the prevention side) and to, with full respect for rights and protections, repress by punishing
those responsible for crimes (the deterrence side). What are the causes of the fall in homicide, specifically in the state of São Paulo? Why and how in a context of expansion of organized crime, corruption and gross human rights violations, homicide is declining? “The fall of homicide in the state of São Paulo: a diagnosis of the magnitude and causes” and “Analysis of the fall in the homicide rate of youth in the city of São Paulo, 2000-2008”: are complementary projects that address the questions listed above. The first is to identify the size and the causes for the fall in homicide in the state, and was to compare state rates to those in key economic regions of the state: Campinas, Ribeirão Preto, Franca, São José do Rio Preto, Votuporanga, and Presidente Prudente, while the second project was to focus on a specific age group in the city of São Paulo.

Official data on homicide was to be collected from various sources: law enforcement agencies and from the Ministry of Health. Variables that were to be examined were: SES, age, gender, efficacy of the disarmament legislation (number of firearms apprehended), investments in public security, education, income, housing conditions (quality/crowding), labor (jobs per 10,000 residents), employment/unemployment rates, public policies for populations at risk such as: early closing of bars; improvements in communities that present overlapping deprivations, violence prevention programs, programs to prevent substance abuse and so forth. Data on gross human rights violations from NEV’s databases would be used to characterize communities (lynching, executions and use of force by the police). The project was to use data collected by WHO’s (World Health Organization) through the Inventory on Violence Prevention Initiatives identified in the State of São Paulo. Data on the independent variables were to be collected for a longer period: 1980 to 2007 as the present fall in homicide may be a result of changes accumulated over time. In 2009 all the secondary data necessary to test the hypothesis would be collected from official sources and organized in a data base. Descriptive analysis with normality tests would be performed to prepare for multivariate analyses, as well as, for geo-statistics.

**Line 3. Monitoring Human Rights**

**L3.a. Human Rights: The Present**

To what extent human rights violations continue to occur in Brazil and who are the groups most at risk? This question we try to answer through the project “Monitoring Human Rights Violations”. Since 1987 NEV monitors human rights violations in Brazil, through the systematic collection of data from official sources: the Census Bureau-IBGE, in their household surveys (PNADs), and data from public registrar office (birth and death), Ministry
of Health, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Housing, Institute of Research and Applied Economics (IPEA), State Secretariat for Human Rights, FUNAI (National Indian Foundation), CiMI (Catholic Church Missionary Council for Indians), Human rights NGO’s, reports on the profile of the criminal justice system, on human development, information on threats to the freedom of press from International Press Associations, on gross human rights violations using national newspapers as sources (Police Violence, Lynching and Executions), and so forth.

In 2009 the 4th National Report on Human Rights, was to be finalized and edited, and twenty year balance on Police Violence in Brazil made. This balance was necessary to explore one of the questions concerning the quality of democracy in Brazil, inspired by Bayley (1990) “police activities are a barometer of the character of a regime”. This balance would be aimed at the identification of: what has changed in terms of police use of lethal force, involvement in extra judicial killings, and torture. A preliminary assessment of the efficacy of the measures adopted, so far, to prevent abusive use of force by the police would be carried out to explore means to measure how the police forces react to reform and to democracy. This would result in a book and in series of papers.

L3.b. Human Rights: The Past

To what extent the lack of closure promoted by the general amnesty, a pre-condition for the transition to democracy is an obstacle to effective democratic rule of law? In other words can we have democratic rule of law while denying past violations? This question is to be answered by the project: Mechanisms of extra-judicial reparation for victims of human rights violations: the Latin American experience: During 2009, we were to do a comparative study on the most representatives Truth Commissions in Latin-American States: Argentina, Chile and Peru. The analysis includes: (i) historical context; (ii) the legitimacy and citizen participation and (iii) the application of the mechanisms of truth, justice, reconciliation and reparations. Each of the Truth Commission was to be analyzed in terms of: a) the breadth of the mandate of the Commissioners to investigate war crimes, torture, and terrorism committed by public agents according to their position in hierarchical military and power ranking; b) whether the crimes against humanity and the genocide committed were or will be investigate by a Judicial Court; c) if hearings were open to the public in general; d) if

3 The transfer of jurisdiction of military police accused of homicide from military courts to civilian courts, the introduction of police ombudsmen to improve external control over the police, the legislation to punish torture, changes in training, the introduction of human rights training in police academies and so forth.
the Commissioners had a mandate to investigate the causes of conflicts in their social, political, ideological and historical aspects, in order to contribute to the construction of a public and national memory and e) if Commissioners had a mandate to offer reparations to the victims, as well as public apologies in the name of the State.

Measuring the Effectiveness of Human Rights Campaigns in Latin America: the role of the Organization of American States, the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, 1970-1985. In 1959, the OAS established the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR). At first the IACHR promoted human rights by making recommendations to governments of member states, preparing studies or reports, urging member states to supply information on measures adopted by them in matters of human rights. This role changed dramatically after 1970 when the IACHR received petitions about human rights abuses committed by the Brazilian military dictatorship (1964-85). The dossiers about the torture of Brazilian political prisoners were so complete, and compelling, that the IACHR modified its past practice of merely advising countries and held that the Brazilian government was involved in the “gross violation of human rights.” This new forum for the denunciation of torture in Latin America became particularly important after 1973 when the military came to power in Uruguay and Chile. Emboldened by the results of the Brazilian petitions, human rights activists in these countries, appealed to the Commission. Hundreds of cases were filed, setting a precedent for the United Nations Human Rights Commission that until the late 1970s had been slow in responding to such cases. This pattern was to model the strategies of Human Rights Organization formed in the 1980’s.

This study proposed to: a) document the efficacy of petitioning such institutions by examining the history of the IACHR’s response to the dramatic increase in human rights denunciations in the 1970s; b) measure the effectiveness of this approach through archival research and interviews with ex-Commissioners, lawyers, and former political prisoners to reduce torture and to reduce human rights violations and c) did the measures have lasting impact for instance on the use of torture? The research team was to analyze the Brazilian cases archived in Washington, D.C. and conduct interviews with former political prisoners in Brazil. The project was waiting for a clearance from the IACHR to have access to the archived documents.

Our participation in the two reports: Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, and on Juvenile Justice in the Americas was to continue with the regional consultations, in course, and the analysis of governmental responses to the questionnaires. The reports are scheduled to be launched at the end of 2010. The reports are being
prepared under the coordination and supervision of Paulo Sergio Pinheiro, coordinator, CEPID/NEV/USP, with the cooperation and support of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, the regional office of UNICEF TACRO and the regional office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights.

L3.c. Human Rights: The Future

Fostering healthy early development. This project aims at the reduction of violence, by improving the access that pregnant adolescents have to rights. It is based in the assumption that improved access to rights (for this age group: 0 to 18 years), enhances their chances for healthy development (physical, mental and emotional) and is a cornerstone for trust to evolve. This means not only trust in others, but also trust in the system: in laws, in rights and duties and thus rules. These in turn, are pre-conditions for a culture of respect for human rights and part of the civilizing process. The Brazilian state still fails to ensure full access, of the neediest groups, to basic rights. Not even the right to citizenship is secured, given that between 30% to 5% of the children born, in the country each year, are not officially registered. Without a birth certificate they are excluded from any access to rights. The poorest and least educated groups are the most affected by lack of universal access to rights and pregnant adolescents are at a greater risk of passing this exclusion to a new generation. In 2009 the development of home visitation protocols was to continue with: a) pre-test of the protocols with adolescents and their families in São Paulo and in Porto Alegre, b) refinement and pre-test of the protocols to train home visitors, c) advance in negotiations with the state secretariats of Health of São Paulo and Rio Grande do Sul for future transfer of the methodology and advance in the development of tools to evaluate the pilot experiment. A pre-test of the methodology will be carried out with 10 pregnant adolescents in São Paulo and 10 in Porto Alegre.

Evaluation of the program fostering healthy early development. In 2009 the team was to develop the qualitative tools to be used in the evaluation. Both quantitative and qualitative tools were to be pre-tested in the field along with the pre-pilot that was to take place.

1.2. Knowledge transfer

1.2.1. Web-sites
- **NEV's Institutional website**: The new version of the site along with the site for the National Institute of Science and Technology was to be made available. Reports and unpublished manuscripts from NEV newly digitalized were to be made available in the new site for downloads. A new area for videos and audios would also be available this year.

- **NEV-Cidadão (guiadosdireitos), (NEV-Citizen)**: The site supported by Joomla, with a new design and with data on the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo was to be launched. The area with information about rights and public services was to be enlarged. There was to be more initiative to disseminate information about the site in areas such as internet areas in community centers and in public schools. The accessibility and user friendliness was to be improved through a user’s satisfaction survey.

- **Youth rights’ guide website**: A website was to be developed together with middle and high school students from public schools on children’s rights and on citizenship rights, for use in their daily activities. This website was to be developed in partnership with 4 middle schools in São Paulo. The audience is that of all youth with access to the internet. The development of the website was to be in situ, using the infra-structure of the schools. NEV would coordinate the project and train the students to use necessary tools. Drawing from the experience NEV had with Youth Human Rights Observatories and Reports we would encourage youth to translate human rights and citizenship rights to useful information for their day to day and that of their communities. It is expected that this project will: 1- raise their awareness about democracy and human rights; 2- encourage critical thought; 3- encourage involvement in community issues and raise their awareness about the public sphere; 4- increase civility; 5- improve their access to the social protections present in the Estatuto da Criança e do Adolescente (Child’s Charter of Rights); 6- provide them with skills in electronic media; 7- promote greater social activism among youth and 8- encourage the exercise of citizenship rights.

- **Safety and Citizenship website**: promoting violence prevention and transparency in the public security domain: In 2009 we were to: a) update the Brazilian literature on the themes covered by the site; b) select, translate and adapt international literature; c) prepare texts on the themes selected; d) continue the development of the structure and content of the website; e) implement and maintain the website.

- **Website of the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security**: A website containing information about the
Institute’s composition, research, education and knowledge transfer program was to be available in March 2009.

- **Digital Human Rights Violations database:** In 2009 we were to open access to the public to the image database with the total of scanned news clippings images (65,334 clippings). It was expected that 40,000 clippings were transcribed to text in the coming months, and that the remaining 20,000 will be ready in the first semester of 2010.

- **E.journal:** Two editions were to be prepared this year.

- **NEV-UNESCO Chair on Peace, Human Rights, Democracy and Tolerance Education:** NEV was to continue to collaborate with the UNESCO Chair for Human Rights to optimize the efforts by both institutions.

### 1.2.2. Seminars

- NEV was to hold a series of seminars with CEM (Center for Metropolitan Studies) to discuss the role of the **Labor market-informal/illegal/legal in violence and crime,** in particular the connections with, and opportunities for organized crime.

- **Truth Commissions, Amnesties and Accountability: what the recent history of Latin America can teach Brazil?**. An International seminar to debate: the role of amnesty in the right to memory, and transitional justice.

### 1.3. Education

- **National Institute (INCT):** As programmed in the activities of the National Institute (INCT), teaching and as well as co-supervision were to be strengthened through: a) joint courses in situ and through courses delivered by the internet (e.learning); b) exchange of lecturers and researchers to teach short term courses between partner institutions, also as means to increase interaction and dialogue between researchers, lecturers and students; c) exchange of post-graduated students among partner institutions to diversify and enrich their training experience, both to participate in field work and in courses; d) monthly video conference by researchers and post-graduate degree students to be shared by all partners, followed by debate. These video
conferences were to be taped so that they can be available to the general public via partners’ sites.

The courses to be shared by partners were to offer disciplines exploring the following contents: Democracy, Human Rights and Rule of Law; Democratization; Globalization and organized crime; Theoretical models to explain violence and Crime in contemporary societies (organized crime, interpersonal violence, family violence with special emphasis on gender, race and age issues); democracy, lynching, extra-judicial executions and hired killings; reform of public security policies and criminal justice- in particular juvenile justice; police reform and organizational culture (in particular the impact over professional identities; and human rights (history and evolution). Another line of course was aimed at methodological issues such as: a) sources to study democracy, violence and crime, Rule of Law, and cultural change (archival, historical, data series, collective and institutional memories, governmental and non-governmental reports); methods to study human rights, Rule of Law, cultural change, violence and crime in particular organized crime- developing data bases, using computerized techniques for qualitative data analysis, analysis of data series, and longitudinal data, geo-statistics, data collection techniques, surveys, interviews, focus groups, observational methods). A special course on scientific language applied to the social sciences was to be designed to improve the performance of higher degrees candidates in writing papers for publication.

- **Short courses on monitoring human rights**: week long course to refine methods and indicators to monitor human rights, to promote dialogue between officials in charge of producing social indicators, human rights scholars and activists on methods and indicators to assess the state of human rights and finally to develop teaching tools to be used in future e.format courses. Secondary objectives included: update the debate on means to monitor human rights, improve existing methods and indicators, promote the exchange of international and expertise on human rights monitoring and researching. Statisticians and researchers were to be invited to lecture for a week for an audience of Brazilian researchers and public officials from local, state and federal departments in charge of social and economic, cultural and environmental data as well as from the criminal justice system, from other human rights organizations and academic researchers in this field. The week long courses were to be distributed along the next three years. Lecturers will be invited to present a paper for publication and the lectures will be filmed for future adaptation to e.format.

- **Short term course to review: The Authoritarian Personality**: The Frankfurt
School and Habermas: Obstacles to the development of a human rights culture-what tools can education provide to reinforce a greater acceptance for human rights? How can education foster tolerance, respect for pluralism and citizen participation in political life? What role can the arts, education and media play in the transformation of culture? Based on the contributions from J. Habermas and A. Honneth, this series of seminars for Law students was to address the obstacles for the development of a human rights culture. The seminars will be carried out in partnership with the International Group for the Study of Critical Theory at the Institute of Social Research coordinated by Axel Honneth.

- **Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice:**
  This course was selected to be regularly available through the Virtual University of the State of São Paulo- UNIVESP directed at the same public: civil and military police officers, public prosecutors and judges.
2. QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS OF THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES FOR 2009

Activities programmed for this period were to contribute to answer the key questions proposed in the research program through three research lines: a) The implementation (or lack of) of democratic rule of law: public security or insecurity? b) Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a culture of human rights, and c) Monitoring Humans Rights – the present, past and future. The focus of the research is in the quality of democracy under construction in the country, in particular the quality of governance with priority being given to two themes: public security and access to rights. Governance being evaluated both by the actual results it produces in public security and through how this performance is evaluated by the public, and its effects on the development of a human rights culture and in the support for Rule of Law. Specifically we want to answer the following questions:

- Why improvements in economic and social rights, in a context of decline of fatal violence, co-exist with the expansion of organized crime, corruption and gross human rights violations?

- Why, despite improvements, territories dominated by organized crime continue to exist (and even grow), and systemic corruption continues to plague the political, administrative, and judicial spheres?

- Can there be public security without universal access to civil rights, in particular to the right to life?

- What role does impunity play for the development of a human rights culture and in the support of democratic Rule of Law (Morlino, 2004)? What are the pre-conditions for a human rights culture?

- To what extent human rights violations continue to occur in Brazil and who are the groups most at risk?

- To what extent the lack of closure promoted by the general amnesty, a pre-condition for the transition to democracy is an obstacle to effective democratic rule of law? In other words can we have democratic rule of law while denying past violations?
If democracy and a human rights’ culture demand the existence of effective democratic Rule of Law, what can be expected for the future of democracy in Brazil?

Answers to these questions are being sought in different research projects. The projects vary in terms of breadth, research design, methodology, type of data collected and sources used. The INCT Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security (CNPq-FAPESP), provides the opportunity for greater breadth to the studies both in terms of the territory covered (numerous states, instead of São Paulo alone), as well as of depth, as now police forces are being analyzed from multiple perspectives, with contributions from various fields. At first, only two projects had national coverage: Monitoring Human Rights, through the National Reports on Human Rights that collects and processes data from every state in the Federation, as well as the Federal District, and the survey in 10 state capitals, now enlarged to cover 11 state capitals. The study on Violence and Frontiers that focuses on two frontier states: Acre and Rondônia. The creation of the INCT and the partnerships that it entails systematic comparisons between regions and states will be possible, granting greater density to the analysis of the relations between public security governance, access to rights, culture of human rights and organized crime not only across the country but also with some countries in Latin America (Argentina, Colombia, Mexico and Chile).

The various research projects have two axes in common: access to rights (civil, political, economic, social, cultural) and access to justice. In the later salience is given to the role that justice plays in ensuring the right to life. The research projects concerned with access to rights collect data that vary from more general aspects to more particular ones, they move from describing general conditions of regions and states in the country to what happens in large cities within a state to the dynamics of families at greater risk for violent victimization and violation of human rights. A similar process takes place in projects that focus on access to justice: departing from descriptive data about the system the goal is to arrive at the analysis of the performance of criminal justice agents in cases of homicide. A continued key challenge in this process has been access to sources of data to answer the questions posed. A second challenge has been to integrate data from various sources due to differences in: data collection and storing; standards of data quality; potential to disaggregate data to analyze smaller parts of the territory, for instance some very interesting data cannot be broken down to be used to analyze census tracts, for instance.

During the past year researchers concentrated in data treatment and analysis collecting only data to complement analyses. The process of combining secondary data from different
sources was very time consuming. Numerous problems were identified in the secondary data sets that demanded contacts with the original sources to clear doubts and/or correct errors of categorization, for instance errors in census tracts codes that prevented comparisons across time, criminal offenses that were wrongly labeled and so forth. Exploratory statistical analyses were also carried out. Their results also required that we reviewed our own data bases. Data consistency checks besides being laborious encouraged a turn over of research assistants involved in this task resulting in extra efforts for recruiting and re-training.

This effort was worthwhile as now there is more confidence in the quality of the data bases and more the integration between projects evolved: there is more sharing of data analysis between the research groups. The 4th. National Report on Human Rights represents nearly a decade of monitoring access to human rights using standardized tools. This last report confirms a trend identified in the previous reports that despite improvements in the economy and a reduction in economic inequality, profound inequalities survive in the country in access to human rights (in its breadth), in particular in access to justice and in the continued presence of state agents as perpetrators of gross human rights violations. An analysis of the four reports will allow some progress in the identification of the role that the continued violations play for the development of a culture of respect for human rights and about the quality of democratic governance.

Progress was also made in terms of answers to the questions that guide the research program, as exemplified by two projects: a) the measurement of impunity in the case of homicide in São Paulo, revealed that the high levels of impunity are not limited to the very low clearing rates for homicide cases but worse, the few cases of homicide that are tried in court, result in such short sentences that these cannot have deterrent effect, suggesting that the state fails to demonstrate that the law can inhibit crimes against life; b) the study about the drop in homicide in the state of São Paulo, seeks to establish the real size of the drop, the pattern of reduction (whether universal across all age groups, income, gender, neighborhood profile and so forth) and the causes for the reduction, testing the hypothesis present in the literature. This project is revealing not only that the drop in homicide is not homogeneous across the cities studied, but that neighborhoods that previously were not affected by this problem begin to be affected by homicide. Homicide did not fall at the same

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* Monitoring Human Rights is project that dialogues with the Millennium Goals and the Metagora Project of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). Data collected in this project is used by other research projects contributing to answer questions about the quality of governance and the state of access to human rights in the country.
rate across age groups: homicide rates for adolescents, and pre-adolescents, fell much less
than that of young adults and mature persons. The hypotheses tested so far indicate that,
though the traditional causes attributed to homicide drop cannot be rejected, they alone
cannot explain the process of homicide reduction in São Paulo.

2.1. Qualitative analysis of the research activities

A number of papers are being written as result of the exploratory analyses:

a. Obstacles to the freedom of movement

This paper analyzes the role that fear of violence and violent victimization plays in the
right to freely move around the city. The paper analyzes data on fear of violence and
measures adopted to reduce fear (including changes in the use of transport and avoidance of
districts, and routes) from the surveys on exposure to violence. This data is complemented
by data from transport surveys on Origin and Destination, and official data on homicide,
robbery followed by death and drug trade, by location to examine if the territories in which
this violence occurs acquire the image of “no-go” areas, for the general population, imposing
a de facto obstacle to the freedom of movement.

b. Obstacles to citizenship: the right to a birth certificate

Twenty three years after the Census Bureau identified that birth certificates were not an
universal document in Brazil, and 13 years after the issue of the 1st National Human Rights
Program that pointed to the need for free birth registrations and of the federal law that
eliminated all charges to register births and deaths in the country, as evidenced by the
National Reports on Human Rights birth certificates are still not universal. Every year
numerous children are born and not registered. Although the numbers vary across the
country this problem exists in every state of the country resulting in lack of citizenship and
lack of access to any rights and services that exist. The paper explores the relations between
violence and absence of birth registration. The paper analyzes the distribution of homicide
and the absence of birth certificate across the territory contrasted, against the demand for
the intervention of legal services from local Centers for Citizenship and Integration (CICs) to
determine paternity and others that could explain lack of birth registration. The hypothesis
that is being explored is that high rates of violence may prevent people from exercising rights
such as the right to citizenship that demands a birth registration. Resistance of fathers to
assume the paternity of children coupled with fear of retaliation or else may be one of the
reasons mothers refrain from thus access to birth registration.
c. Fear and limitations on the right of freedom of speech, of association and of demonstration

This paper explores the hypothesis that high rates of violence limit the rights that residents in such areas have to speak out, to meet to discuss local problems, and to demonstrate as ensured by the Constitution. The paper examines the hypothesis that the higher the homicide rate in a neighborhood, the lower the perception that neighbors are willing to act in the defense of vulnerable groups, the lower is the perception that residents participate in meetings to discuss local problems, the greater the emotional detachment from the neighborhood, and the lower is the perception of social capital. The paper is based on data from official sources, on the surveys complemented by secondary data from the survey São Paulo’s DNA by the newspaper Folha de S. Paulo.

d. Penal impunity and low trust in institutions

Results from the research on penal impunity indicated that there is high level of penal impunity for homicide cases in the city of São Paulo, between 1991 and 1997. The objective of this paper is to analyze in how far the trust that citizens have that law enforcement institutions and the criminal justice system will succeed in enforcing law and order, while respecting rule of law, is affected by this high level of impunity in crimes against life. The paper also examines the reverse: if impunity feeds opinions that favor the use of extra legal means such as abusive use of police force, and other illegal measures to apply punishment for crimes.

**Line 1. The implementation (or lack of) of democratic rule of law: public security or insecurity?**

L1. a. Violence and Frontiers

Parliamentary Inquiry Commissions Reports that covered events in the states of Rondônia and Acre were retrieved and analyzed. The 1999 Report by the Parliamentary Inquiry Commission on Drug Trafficking was analyzed, and relevant information related to the organized crime within the two States collected. A literature review on the relevant topics was carried out and this included thesis and dissertations. A paper has been written on the concept of “frontier” within the landmarks of Nation States, as well as on the concept of “margin”, raising questions about the image of the State and the limits to its performance.

**Line 2. Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a Human Rights Culture**

Quantitative analysis of police inquests and of court documents of the homicide cases retrieved for the sample registered in the city of São Paulo at the 3rd macro regional police area, in the period between 1991 and 1997, was finished. The analysis confirmed and refined the size of penal impunity for homicide described in previous reports. This analysis also contributes to confirm one of the hypotheses of the study: that penal impunity is a result of the performance of both law enforcement agents and the judiciary.

Research activities during 2009 concentrated in updating the literature review and studying types of association between the variables and the direction of the associations through statistical analysis. The literature review on penal impunity studies revealed three main branches of this literature: one focuses on the study of sentencing, a second one concentrates in the study of the flow of penal processes within the criminal justice system and the third on the study of the length of time that processes take to arrive at a sentence (time for justice to be applied). The review highlighted the multidimensional aspect of penal impunity a phenomena in which multiple variables contribute for this outcome: from the institutional environment, to judicial practices, the ideology of both lay and technical personnel, to managerial aspects of punishment. These variables combine in diverse arrangements and this in turn affects the probability that crimes remain in the flow of justice and arrive at a final sentence.

The statistical analysis, sought to explore the role that extra-legal variables (related to the profile of victims and perpetrators) as well as those related to the criminal justice system (police investigations and penal processes) played in the outcome of cases. Preliminary results do not confirm the trends identified in sentencing studies: as extra-legal factors appear to play a small role in the outcome of the homicide cases in the sample. Judicial variables play a discreet, but determinant role. Contrary to what is expected in the literature, selectivity plays a strong role in the judicial phase. This may be a consequence of managerial practices and to the management of punishment itself, in this case it is necessary to do a qualitative analysis of the arguments used by the different agents to justify their interventions and to identify the scenarios, contexts and main actors involved and their ideal images of the law and of law enforcement and justice.

The qualitative analysis of police and court documents and interviews with law enforcement agents and members of the criminal justice system was postponed to 2010 due
to the volume of data to be processed. Planning this analysis and preparing the data for the
analysis was more time consuming than originally estimated. This material is now ready for
analysis. Two reports have been revised and made available to the public in the NEV-
CEPID/USP website and are being edited for publication.

**L2.a.1. The time of justice: its impact in the production of penal impunity:** In 2009
activities focused on (1) concluding the quantitative time span analysis of homicide cases,
and (2) prepare the data for a qualitative analysis. In the quantitative analysis flow charts
were prepared for each case of homicide. Such flow charts were designed according to the
different phases involved in a penal process: 1- the police inquiry: from the moment the case
is recorded to the moment investigations are closed; 2- the judicial phase is divided in two
stages: from the indictment by the public attorney’s office until the decision, by the judge to
try or not the case; finally, the last phase is that from the formal accusation to the trial
outcome.

The time counting reveals that: a) police inquiries resulting in archived cases, without
indictment, lasted on average 775 days (or 25.8 months), and cases that progressed to
formal indictment, the inquiries were concluded in 130 days (or 4.3 months) on average.
Cases that were brought to trial lasted in total, between the time the crime was recorded by
the police and a sentence by a jury, 1846 days (61.5 months). In this phase, the average
distribution of time is very unequal: 19 months on average was the time for the criminal
instruction phase (evidence production) and 32 months between the formal accusation the
trial by jury, that is, a period in which only bureaucratic and administrative procedures for the
trial. The findings suggest the need to explore flows within each phase, including those which
refer to the bureaucratic activity of the notary’s offices, in order to understand the dimensions
of this inequality in the distribution of time to process and try the cases in the different
phases.

It is expected that the qualitative analysis will help to explain why some cases reach this
average time and why some do not. This analysis has required a review of the data
processing system. This review is in course.

**L2.b. Obstacles for a culture of human rights**

**L2.b.1. Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Study Group:** Two
themes were studied by research group during the year during six months each. The first
semester was dedicated to questions concerning the environment, democracy and human
rights, with three seminars having as invited guests Alaôr Caffé Alves (USP) and Raquel Rolnik, independent rapporteur of the United Nations for housing and professor of the School of Architecture and Urban Studies at USP. The presentations by the guests and the papers that the group researchers contributed to the seminars are to be published as a book. The second semester was dedicated to studies concerning dignified labor, democracy and human rights. The seminars had as guest lecturers: Jorge Luis Souto Maior (Labor judge and Law Professor of the Law School- USP), the historian Jorge Grespan, and Professor of Sociology at the University of Campinas (Unicamp) Ricardo Antunes. The research group has also started negotiations for a partnership for collaborative research projects between NEV and the Institute for Social Research of the University of Frankfurt. The collaborative research projects are to be developed during the next two years after a drafted agreement detailing the project is finalized and submitted for funding to the Agreement between FAPESP/DFG. The group had also presented a one-year research project to the Brazilian Ministry of Justice to evaluate proposals for new legislative instruments to ensure participative democracy but was not selected.

L2.b.2. Quasi longitudinal survey: exposure to violence and socially shared representations and attitudes to justice, rights and punishment and human rights: Part of 2009 was devoted to the correction of data banks, that included reviews of the coding of questionnaires and positioning of variables in the four data bases, since some questions and alternatives for answers changed position between data collections. New cross-tables were produced for the descriptive variables: age, education, income, race/ethnicity, and gender for each wave of the survey. New variables were used for data analysis: place of residence, level of exposure to violence, and satisfaction with police (police evaluation), victimization and support for torture and fear and support for human rights violations. In the initial steps of analysis charts and graphics were elaborated, aiming at an evaluation of patterns/tendencies of responses for each wave of data collection. This allowed us to identify other venues for analysis.

Preliminary statistical data treatment included multiple regression, factor analysis and chi-square. Data reveals that despite the drop in victimization in recent years, fear continued to grow as did the support for certain types of human rights violations, including for the violation of civil and political rights, a result that strengthens a concern for democracy. That fear of crime does not necessarily follow drop in crime rates is well established in the literature on fear. The novelty is its impact on attitudes to human rights. The different data sets suggest that fear cannot be assessed only on the basis of factual direct victimization measured in a fixed time frame: its assessment seems to demand that indirect victimization
be included, it is also necessary to include prevalence of victimization (ever in one’s life). The surveys have not measured altruistic fear: fear for the safety of people who are dear to us. It is possible that this type of fear evokes much stronger emotional responses than fear for oneself.

The survey covers a large number of questions. In order to reduce data volume to be able to carry out more complex data analysis it was necessary to reduce the data. This was achieved creating indicators for subsets of data that express the average response of each respondent for the subset of data. Thus it was possible to develop indicators of, for instance, “social capital”, police image, use of violence, human rights, fear, police use of force, efficacy vis a vis the judiciary, sentencing and punishment, among others. An exploratory factor analysis of the 2006 survey data, indicated that of the descriptive variables, despite the relatively weak correlations, age was the variable most consistently related to effects of exposure to violence. Exposure to violence seems to produce many different effects even for people who had similar patterns of exposure to violent events, in other words different person react to the same level of violence in different ways. Our challenge is now to explain why this is so. A book is being prepared analyzing the consequences of continued exposure to violence to attitudes, norms and values about human rights, and three papers are under way: one on violent victimization and human rights, a second one on attitudes to the use of torture and a third one on police image, police use of force power delegated to the State and attitudes to human rights.

During this period data from the Latinobarometro waves for the period 1995-2008 were organized in a single data base. This data base will be used to contextualize the analysis of the survey waves providing a background against which to check in how far data collected in Sao Paulo deviate or follow trends identified for Brazil and for the other 17 Latin American countries included in the study. Latinobarometro does not allow for within country data disaggregation, still comparisons between countries and with the São Paulo data when applicable can be fruitful to refine our hypothesis, for this is an on-going survey, data is collected every year, the series covered by 2008 14 years of data collection, a long period during which countries faced many political changes, and finally the data has been collected in countries that have experienced different democratic transition processes and have adopted different policies in relation to human rights violations that occurred during the military regimes. This diversity represents a near natural experiment in terms of policies to cope with past violations by state agents. Do such differences affect people’s support for

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5 In order to aid data treatment and research analysis, research assistants took courses at the SEADE Foundation and at SPSS Brazil.
democracy, rule of law, a culture of respect for human rights? Organizing the 14 years of data sets was very time consuming due to the length of the questionnaires used, to the fact that part of the questionnaire is fixed but part varies according to salient economic and political issues at the time the data is collected.

L2.b.2.2. Analysis of everyday conflicts: A chapter is being written based on data from the survey waves on perception of social disorganization, and incivility as potential sources of conflicts contrasted with data from focus groups with residents in São Paulo on the sources of conflicts in everyday life in São Paulo and insecurity. This chapter will be part of a book on urban conflicts and public insecurity in Latin America edited by Carlos Perea, in Bogotá, Colombia.

L2.b.3. The fall of homicide in the state of São Paulo: a diagnosis of the magnitude and causes: The research methodology combines qualitative and quantitative procedures. Data collected was analyzed and submitted to consistency tests, using statistics and geo-statistics techniques. This resulted in indicators and parameters for the analysis of the size and the causes for the fall of homicides in the following cities in the state of São Paulo: Bauru, Campinas, Santos, Ribeirão Preto, São José do Rio Preto, São José dos Campos, Sorocaba, and thirty-three cities in the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo. Data was collected on the following types of crimes: drug traffic, theft, theft of cars, homicide, manslaughter, attempted murder, murder in the first degree, robbery followed by death, armed robbery, and car robbery.

The data refers to the period between 2000 and 2008, resulting in thousands of cases in each type of crime. The cases were geo-coded according to date, time of day and type of crime. Also geocoded were the socioeconomic, demographic variables and the data with cause of death and the types of crime selected for the study. This data was integrated, to a Geographic Information System (GIS) basis, after the reviews of data quality and the consistency checks. Problems in the quality of secondary data, identified in the exploratory analyses, were reported to the data sources for correction and suggestions made to improve the quality of data collection. Preliminary analysis confirm the drop in homicide rates in the...

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6 Metro (Subway. Responsible for the research Origin and Destiny), the Coordination of the Epidemiology and Information (CEInfo) of the City's Secretary of Health and the Department of Statistics and Production of Information (DIPRO) from the City’s Secretary of Planning (SEPLA) – both from the Municipality of São Paulo (PMSP) – and the Office of Analysis and Planning (CAP) and the Secretary of Public Security of São Paulo (SSP/SP).

state of São Paulo, but homicide has emerged in this period, in areas in which previously homicides were not present. Two of the hypotheses that were analyzed cannot be rejected: that which asserts that there is a correlation between the drop in homicide and improvements in public security mechanisms of management and control over the last decade by the State Secretariat of Public Security and that which claims that homicides fell due to changes in the socioeconomic and demographic profile of the population. Preliminary analyses also reveal that whereas that the success of public security policies in the are of homicide did not generalize to other types of crime such as armed robberies, thefts and drug trafficking.

Moreover the preliminary analyses show that, though homicides are related to changes in socioeconomic and demographic profile, including housing conditions, these relations differ across the city. Contrary to what is found in the literature on homicide, where explanations for the drop in homicide seem to apply to a city as a whole, it seems that the drop in homicide in cities in São Paulo cannot be ascribed to a single combination of factors, but that there seems to be various combinations of patterns specific to certain locations at a moment in time, as result it seem that explanations for the fall in homicides in São Paulo, must be sought at the micro–level.

L2.b.4. Analysis of the fall in homicide rate of youth in the city of São Paulo, 2000-2008: A bibliographical review of the national and international literature on homicide and on youth homicide in particular, was carried out in 2009, to identify new hypotheses to explain the fall in homicide. This review will guide secondary data collection and the exploratory multivariate analysis. Data were collected from the “Programa de Aprimoramento de Informações sobre Mortalidade” (Mortality Data Improvement Program) on death by homicide for the Municipality of São Paulo and the 96 administrative (census) districts for the period between 1996 to 2008. The first stage of data processing the rate of death by homicide for residents of the city and for each of the 96 districts were calculated to identify the evolution of homicide as cause of death, by age group and gender of the total population of the city and that of the districts. Next, the data for the 96 districts were grouped in the five zones that comprise the Municipality of São Paulo, and these into five areas (based on the Juvenile Vulnerability Index).

The initial analysis shows that the mortality rates caused by homicides have fallen in most of the districts, in the five grouped zones, in areas that present different Indexes for Juvenile Vulnerability, for all age groups and genders. However, the fall is more intense in the age group from 15 to 24 years old. This data was presented at the first seminar of the “National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security”
during the debate “Methodological aspects for a research net”. A paper reporting initial findings is to be submitted for publication in 2010. As this project is linked to the project “The fall of homicide in the state of São Paulo: a diagnosis of the magnitude and causes” the database will be used for further analysis.

Line 3. Monitoring Human Rights

L3.a. Humans Right: The Present

L3.a.1. The 4th National Report on Human Rights: The 4th National Human Rights Report was reviewed, missing data was collected, the report was edited and it is in final review to be sent to the printers.

L3.a.2. Thirty years of police violence: A literature review was updated on the following themes: (1) democratic transition and abusive use of force by the police; (2) police violence and public security policies in the 90’s; and (3) control of the use of force and police accountability. In order to analyze a lengthy data series as the one that covers 30 years8 of cases of police violence reported in the printed media, chronologies of relevant events that could, in theory affect police violence were produced. These chronologies refer to: changes in legislation, government and police based programs to reduce police use of lethal force, interventions by organized civil society (reports from human rights NGOs), turn over of political parties in power, changes in public security policies, and high media profile cases of police abusive use of force.

L3.b. Human Rights: The Past

L3.b.1. Mechanisms of extra-judicial reparation for victims of human rights violations: the Latin American experience: Having as starting point the country case studies and the literature review on the role of truth commissions in the transitions a methodology to process a comparative analysis of Truth Commissions in the three countries selected (Argentina, Chile e Peru) was defined. The methodology covers three perspectives:

1. Chronological and Historical perspective – including: (a) timeframe of the formation and functioning of the Commission; (b) time span covered by the Commission’s

8 Newspaper Data Base on Gross Human Rights violations
investigations; (c) national and international support, initiatives and participation.

2- Work dynamics and work load – including: (a) number of cases analyzed; (b) degree of freedom of access to truth; (c) number of commissioners; (d) type of mandate (broad or restrictive); (e) staff size; (f) type of amnesty; (g) methodology used for case analysis (documents, depositions and statements from witnesses/victims, confrontation of witnesses, public hearings).

3- Type of Reparation – including: (a) profile of violations (kidnappings, arbitrary imprisonment, torture, rape, war crimes, crimes against humanity, genocide); (b) restitution; (c) compensation; (d) satisfaction.

Having defined the methodology and characterized the Truth Commissions, in the three countries selected, in terms of variables identified in the chronological and historical perspective, the research is now concentrating in the second aspect: identifying the dynamics of the truth commissions, in particular to identify the methodology used to gather information to analyze each case presented to the Commission.


L3.b.3. Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, and Juvenile Justice in the Americas: Three reports were prepared on the following themes: citizen security, juvenile justice and corporal punishment. The research was divided in three geographic regions: the Southern Cone, Central America and the Caribbean, and North America. Questionnaires were prepared for each of the three themes and applied to key informants in each region.

Preliminary data analysis results were submitted to specialists at two meetings: one held in Washington, DC in May 2007 and the second one in Bogotá, September 2008. Regional consultations were also organized in Assumpción, in November 2008, in San José, in March 2009; in Bogotá, in March 2009; in Bridgetown and St. Lucia, in May 2009 and in Washington, DC in August 2009. The first report to be finished was the Report on Corporal Punishment and Human Rights of Children and Adolescents (August 2009, 44 pages) and this in available in English and in Spanish and can be found in the following website:

http://www.cidh.org/Ninez/CastigoCorporal2009/CastigoCorporal.TOC.htm. This report
was launched in São José, in Santiago do Chile, and in Buenos Aires in November 2009 and in Panama City and Rio de Janeiro in December 2009.

**L3.c. Human Rights: The Future**

**L3.c.1.** *Fostering healthy early development:* A pilot version of home visitation methodology was developed and manuals to train paraprofessional home visitors were prepared. A pilot of the pre-test is in course in two areas of high incidence of adolescent pregnancy: Heliopolis and Jardim Angela involving 10 adolescents and their children. An international seminar with the international and national advisory committees was organized.

The manuals to train paraprofessional home visitors are being tested in the area of Jardim Ângela. To test the home visitation methodology negotiations with the Health Secretary of the Rio Grande do Sul State progressed and members of the home visitation team visited two potential sites in the Metropolitan Region of Porto Alegre: the city of Teutônia or the city of Esteio. In 2010 the pre-test will be applied one of these cities to test the both the home visitation and the manuals to train paraprofessional home visitors in a different setting from São Paulo.

Also in 2009, the International Committee of the Red Cross requested information about this experimental project for an eventual replication in high risk areas for violence in the city of Rio de Janeiro. After a number of contacts between representatives of International Committee of the Red Cross and members of the Health Secretariat of the City of Rio de Janeiro, and members of the Fundação Oswaldo Cruz, the oldest Public Health Research institution in Brazil, a decision was reached to implement the home visitors methodology in the following regions: Cidade de Deus; Cantagalo, Pavão and Pavãozinho; Fazendinha (Alemão Complex) and Linha do Trem (Parada de Lucas). The Guides for home visitation developed at NEV will be used as the basis for this program that in Rio and NEV will assist in the adaptations. The manuals to train paraprofessional home visitors will also be used and NEV will also assist the paraprofessional visitors’ training.

The website Healthy Childhood, with the home visitation guides and the manuals to train paraprofessional home visitors can be assessed at the following (http://www.infanciasaudavel.org).

As an outcome of this project, the Center was invited by the World Health Organization to participate in an international call for projects to define and to test a methodology to
measure the readiness of countries to prevent child maltreatment, funded by the Fetzer Foundation. The Center’s project was selected along with four other projects (Africa do Sul, China, Malasia and Macedonia). Recently, a project from South Arabia joined this group. Expected results are six country case studies depicting the state of art of child maltreatment prevention. These studies must include a wide range of information, from human and material resources to actual prevention programs as well as the perceptions of experts about child maltreatment prevention.

This study is part of the study: "Preventing child maltreatment to enhance early child development" a joint effort of the World Health Organization, the Department of Violence Prevention of the Centers for Disease Control-CDC (in Atlanta) and UNICEF. The objective of this project is to reduce children maltreatment and consequently to avoid some of the negatives consequences that impact mental, physical and human development, and to promote stable, secure and affectionate relations between children and their parents.

L3.c.2. Evaluation of the program: Fostering healthy early development: The protocols for the quantitative and qualitative components of the evaluation were completed. The evaluation team received training to apply specific instruments to be used in the evaluation such as: 1. Home Observation for the Measurement of the Environment Inventory (HOME); 2. Questionnaire World Studies of Abuse in Family Environments–World Safe, Brazil Section B [translation and adaptation from the Parent-Child Conflict Tactics Scales (CTSPC)]; 3. Standardized Questionnaire –Multi Country Study on women health and home violence; 4. The Edinburgh Scale of post partum depression (EDPE); 5. Social Support Scale (EAS). The pre-test is scheduled to take place along with the pre-test.

Others Researches (Outside the Research Lines)

Police Civilian Oversight: preparation of the final report describing in detail the mandate, structure, organizational chart, freedom of action, independence from local the police forces and of the public security secretary, and an in-depth analysis of right and the capacity to follow-up investigations, or to inform the state attorney to do so, in cases of use of lethal force by the police forces. Fourteen Police Ombuds offices across the country, representing the total universe of police Ombuds offices at the time, were studied. As result a full report on the conditions and efficacy of the Ombuds offices, in relation to police use of lethal force, was written and guide on how to follow cases of use of lethal force – the steps to follow and on indicators of abusive use of lethal force was also prepared for the Special Secretariat for Human Rights, responsible for the dissemination both of the report and the
Community policing handbooks: the final version of the handbooks has been delivered to the Special Secretariat for Human Rights. The handbooks are to be published in partnership with SENASP (Secretaria Nacional de Segurança Pública- National Secretariat for Public Security). An electronic version has also been delivered but has not been made available for download.

Democracy, Human Rights and Prisons Conditions in South America: This project, a partnership with the Centro de Estudios en Seguridad Ciudadana of the Universidad de Chile, and with the Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales in Argentina, is one of the initiatives of the “Swiss Initiative for the Commemoration of the 60th Anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights – Protecting Human Dignity: an Agenda for Human Rights” sponsored by the Swiss federal government and the Académie de Droit International Humanitaire et de Droits Humaine in Geneva. The aim of the study was to describe and analyze the conditions of prisons in three Latin American countries – Brasil, Chile and Argentina – identifying the social, political and institutional aspects that allow gross human rights violations to occur in prisons. The work analyzes the current punishment policies, their main characteristics and trends, in the context of the democracies in Latin America, with emphasis on the obstacles for full implementation of the Rule of Law. Data on Argentina, Brasil and Chile are discussed with focus on penal policies and of the criminal justice system in South America. This study resulted in: a preliminary paper, an executive summary, a results summary and a final report, the latter to be launched as publication jointly with other project reports. Further information on the website www.udhr60.ch.

Projeto Altus “III Semana de Visita a Delegacias de Polícia” (Project Altus “III Week of Visits to Police Stations): The Week of Visits to Police Stations is a global event organized by Altus, to: 1) evaluate the quality of the services delivered by the police departments; 2) identify police best practices; 3) strengthen the accountability by the police towards the community, and 4) promote human rights. Visitors analyze the quality of the service that the police render the public considering five parameters: 1) information to the public; 2) installations; 3) absence of prejudice-when dealing with the public; 4) transparency and accountability; 5) facilities for temporary prisoners. The project was carried out in 16 countries, including Brazil, where the following cities were visited: Rio de Janeiro, Belo Horizonte, Brasilia, Recife, Porto Alegre, Fortaleza, Belém, Goiânia, São Paulo. The Center for the Study of Violence and the Sou da Paz Institute have coordinated the execution in São Paulo, where 42 police stations were visited. Further information at: www.altus.org.
2.2. Knowledge Transfer-Dissemination Activities

2.2.1. Websites

- **NEV's Institutional website:** About 1000 documents (including texts, audio, partial and final reports), referents to more than 30 researches and 20 events, produced since the initial activities of the NEV, it was already listed and it is being cataloged and selected for the material of public interest could be inserted in the site. This work has as secondary objective: to improve the section of the site that is related to concluded researches, discriminating information as objective, sponsorship institutions, members, summary, and principal products of conducted researches from NEV in the 20 years of existence. The audio and video files are being inserted in the institutional site according to the context that the contents is refers (news, clipping, seminars). To access videos just click in “videos”, available in the home page of the institutional site.

![Bar chart showing Institutional Web-Site](chart.png)

Source: Software AWStats
- Visitors: Number of computers (IPs) that accessed the site.
- Visits: Number of visits to the site.
- Downloads: Number of document downloaded by visitors.

### List of the 10 publications with greater number of downloads

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Downloads</th>
<th>Publication</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Page</td>
<td>Citation</td>
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- **NEV-Cidadão (guiadosdireitos), (NEV-Citizen):** The new version of the website is available at the address: [www.nevusp.org/guiadedireitos](http://www.nevusp.org/guiadedireitos), with the information about the cities from ABC region and reformulated layout. During the event Campus Party 2009, the largest event of technology of the country, the web-site was used to discuss digital inclusion and about 4.000 internet potential users learned how to surf the internet and seek information of public utility. The users’ satisfaction research will be
implemented next.

### Web Site NEV-Cidadão Visits

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<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Visits</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>997,375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>1,777,741</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>2,563,988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>2,596,817</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** [http://nev.incubadora.fapesp.br/stats](http://nev.incubadora.fapesp.br/stats) / **Software:** AWStats / **Number of visits =** Number of users that visited the site, including returnees.

- **Youth rights’ guide website:** the project is being developed and will be implemented in a school environmental in 2010.

- **Safety and Citizenship website: promoting violence prevention and transparency in the public security domain:** In 2009 the project of this site was submitted and approved for the program of the Pan American Health Organization/ Health Canada Biennial Work Plan 2008-2009, when was received financial support to the translation. In October 2009 the project also received two graduation scholarships granted by Pro-Rector of Culture and Extension. The project implementation started in November 2009.

- **Website of the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security:** The Institutional web-site of the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security was developed and is available for access in [www.inctviolenciaedemocracia.org.br](http://www.inctviolenciaedemocracia.org.br)

- **Digital Human Rights Violations database:** In 2009 besides the regular maintenance of the Database, all non digitalized clippings on “Police Violence in São Paulo State”, for the period between 1997 and 2008, 6,273 cases totaling 18,000 news clippings were inserted in the database. As result 60% of the cases on police violence are in digital form, including large cases which comprise the “dossiers”. Cases of lynching in São Paulo State for the period between 1995 and 2008, are also in digital form. Twenty-two percent of the lynching cases are digitalized. On average 1,846 news items
are digitalized per month. The program to retrieve cases, using key-words is under test and expected to be in use by researchers in 2010.

- **E.journal**: The project was discontinued after the evaluation that showed priority for the publication of papers in established periodicals.

- **Site for the International Conference about the Right to Truth**: A web-site was designed to disseminate information about the Conference. After the Conference the site was maintained to disseminate studies, research and initiatives to ensure the right to truth.

### 2.2.2 Seminars

**External public**

- **Labor market- informal/illega/legal in violence and crime**: this seminar was postponed to 2010.

- **Truth Commissions, Amnesties and Accountability: what the recent history of Latin America can teach Brazil?** This seminar was substituted by: **International Conference about the Right to Truth**- 19th to 20th of October 2009. This Conference resulted of a partnership between the Centre for the Study of Violence (USP); The Teotônio Vilela Commission for human rights; the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security (INCT); the National Institute of Science and Technology for Studies about the United States (INEU); the Institute of International Relations from USP (IRI); the Special Secretariat for Human Right of the Presidency (SEDH); and the Human Rights Commission of the city of São Paulo (CMDH), with the support of USP’s Pro-Rector for Culture.

- **Film Festival**: “Espectros em Retrospecto: O cinema como memória de regimes autoritários” (Specters in Retrospective: movies and the memory of authoritarian rule) – Period: 03 to 09 of August 2009.

State of São Paulo in partnership with the Secretariat of Institutional Relations, the support of the Secretariat of Justice and the Defense of Citizenship and cooperation of the Federal Department of Foreign Affairs of Switzerland and the Academy of International Humanitarian Law and Human Rights of Geneva and the Centre for the Study of Violence (NEV/USP).

**Seminars not open to the external public**

- Meeting with NEV-CEPID International Advisory Group member, Prof. Dr. Alfred Stepan (Columbia University). The objective of the meeting was to present ongoing research projects for his critical assessment. Prof. Stepan made a number of recommendations, comparisons with similar studies in course in Southwest Asia, with strong emphasis in India and improved contacts for publication in international journals. Place: NEV-CEPID/USP. Date: 10 of June, 2009

- Meeting with Prof. Goren Therborn (Cambridge University), international consultant for the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security. Prof. Therborn met with NEV’s researchers for two days to: a) present his conference “Global Social Process”; b) critically assess the ongoing research projects, and c) to suggest changes and ways to improve results. Place: NEV-USP. Date: 25 and 26 of August 2009.

**2.2.3. Others**

**NEV - Cátedra Unesco de Educação em Direitos Humanos (NEV-Unesco Chair on Human Rights Education).** The following joint activities took place in 2009:


- 05/05/09: Conference “Les droits d'homme sont-ils universels?” Lecturer: Michel Wiewiorka (Ecole dês Hautes Etudes en Sciences Sociales, France
2.3. Educational Activities in 2010

- **INCT-CNPQ Activities:** The implementation of graduate courses is being negotiated with the partner institutions. The video-conference facilities are ready for use granting access to all partners to implement joint disciplines in post graduation programs (USP, UFRGS, UFRJ, FIOCRUZ, UNB e UFC), and to share lectures, seminars, and student supervision.

- **Short Curses about human rights monitoring:** This course has been postponed due to the death of Prof. Dr. Paulo Mesquita Neto, who was coordinating the activity.

- **Short term course to review the classic study “The Authoritarian Personality”** (Adorno, T.W. & all). This course was postponed to 2010. In 2009, due to opportunity, the Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Study Group had to formalize its partnership with the Violence Study Center and the Social Research Institute at the University of Frankfurt. This resulted in a project submitted to FAPESP/DFG (Brazil/Germany), to ensure financial support for exchange of scholars and the course implementation.

- **Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice:** Due to a strike at the University between May and July 2009 negotiations between the University of São Paulo and the Secretariat for Higher Learning to implement the State of São Paulo Virtual University- UNIVESP, were suspended. It is expected that this project will be re-starting in 2010.

2.4. External public use of NEV’s Library

Control of Research requests made through the institutional e-mail of the Library of
NEV/USP:

- Researches requested by internal staff (NEV researchers): 46
- Researches requested by external audience: 72
- Total amount of researches carried out in the period: 118*

Amount of researches made virtually. Please note that users that requested assistance in person are not fully registered: in 2010, there will be a specific control form to assess the research demand by this audience.
3. MAJOR OBSTACLES/ SCIENTIFIC CHALLENGES

The research program in course at NEV-CEPID combines multiple sources of data: from archival data, to official sources of secondary data, to data provided by NGO's, primary data collected from official documents, through surveys, through interviews, focus groups, case studies and through participant observations. We thus combine qualitative and quantitative sources. A sizable effort is made to collect primary data to compensate for gaps in the provision of official figures to measure phenomena: there is little reliable information for most of the subjects in our research program: on human rights access and violations, on the performance of the criminal justice system and for violent crime. Collecting data from multiple sources is a strategy to overcome the deficiencies of sources but this comes at a cost, this leads to another challenge: to integrate all the data sets in order to test hypotheses. As result not only does the research team spend much time identifying sources, retrieving data but also building data bases that must have consistency to usable and useful. Furthermore the different data sets must be compatible to be used in statistical analyses and this demands more time and effort. It also demands a special profile of research assistants: they must be resourceful, creative and capable of concentrating their attention to find problems in the data. They must also be capable to handle frustration well for tidying the data bases can demand much effort and the rewards to be gathered much later on.

Until recently the data collected focused on the state of São Paulo, with greater detail and volume of information for the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo. The four National Reports on Human Rights as well as the Data Base on Human Rights Violations were the only instances where the approach became national. With the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security the limitation imposed by the access to data from the state of São Paulo only is being overcome. This is needed in order to identify what role each sphere of government plays in the persistence of human rights violations, in fostering obstacles for democratic consolidation and for a culture of respect for human rights. Overcoming the technical difficulties of integrating different types of data from various sources, it is expected that a national perspective will allow us to explore, with greater precision, our hypotheses and that this in turn, will lead to greater depth in the theoretical debate about the quality of democracy in Brazil.

As we confront these challenges new ones emerge as the complexity of the projects grow due to the nature of the themes involved. For instance, the project that seeks to explore the relations between the political sphere and organized crime in the frontiers, or the one
that refers to the right to truth about what happened during the military regime, or else the project to foster healthy early development. They have in common the fact that they break new ground, there are not many such projects around that we can rely on established models to adapt, even in the case of home visitation there is a great challenge as few programs in the literature have focused on adolescents and fewer still use paraprofessionals. As such they demand that the research team be prepared to deal with unexpected threats and opportunities: a good example on the positive side is that of the project on the right to truth: by chance the 3rd National Program on Human Rights proposed that a Truth Commission be formed to investigate what happened to the persons who went missing or were killed during the military regime due to their political or terrorist activities. This proposal provoked a major reaction not only from the military, but also from members of the high echelon of the present administration and from some groups in society. This public debate is enlightening not only about the resistance the groups have about the past but also about the resistance to the universal access to rights. The project on the promotion of healthy early development through the close contact with daily lives of adolescent girls, their babies and their families is revealing the loopholes in social policies that seek to attend the groups most at risk and fail. It is also providing a terrible close up of what overlapping deprivations effectively means, and how this, de facto, translates in overwhelming obstacles for the children Born under such circumstances, in families that present no resilience for them.

Historically lack of universal presence of the state over the territory, in particular in urban areas, has provided organized crime with multiple opportunities to control parts of urban areas, de facto preventing the presence of the state in such areas after crime takes control. This enfeebles the state capacity to enforce the law and thus control crime and violence. The three on-going projects at the NEV focus on organized crime and they all present challenges to a varying degree. The project on Violence and Frontiers is perhaps the most complex as it involves: a) relations that are difficult to bring to light and b) involve new themes—that of the relations between frontier territory and violence and crime. The frailty of local institutions, the permanence of traditional forms of exercise of power (by force rather than by popular representation), the collusions that institutions tend to establish, the lack of independence by local media, represent major difficulties to have access to data.

A second project on organized crime analyzes the social networks present in a major report on Drug trafficking in Brazil by a Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry by the Brazilian Congress. Through the use of a methodology of social networks, it is possible to establish how criminal careers develop involving actors from all sectors of society.
With the support of CNPq, an analysis of events that took place between May and September 2006, in the state of São Paulo, when groups identified as belonging to an organized crime faction the PCC (First Command of the Capital) are being re-constructed, with the help of reports by the media. The attacks took the form of a number different of events, with different targets concentrated in a short time span (waves) affecting the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo as well as major cities in the interior. The project identified chronological relations between prison riots since the 1980’s, changes in public security policies, changes in prison management and political changes. Following The chronology of events and that of political changes seem to be related.

Another project that focuses on organized crime is that about the illegal markets in Rio de Janeiro in the INCT-CNPq. It is expected that this project will provide a large contribution to the analytical framework on the impact that organized crime brings to the studies on the quality of democracy.
4. POTENTIAL PROBLEMS/BOTTLENECKS

The research program presents numerous theoretical and methodological challenges. One example is the case of studies that involve organized crime. From the theoretical perspective, there is no consensus about the concept of “organized crime”. Many scholars question the validity and the applicability, of the concept since there is no agreement as to which operations and strategies for action constitute “organized crime”. Is it legitimate to apply models used to study máfias to a context of organized crime such as Brazil? There is much debate on this issue and Brazilian researchers are working in the clarification of the concept.

From the methodological perspective the challenge is to research themes considered to be “dangerous”, that is, with low visibility, low public access and bringing risks to researchers. At present most of the studies in course use open archival data, analyzing the quality of the data, and the sources. Sometime in the future it will be necessary to do some field work and this will entail other risks.

A recurrent problem is that of the demand for knowledge transfer, in particular through the media whose demand varies as consequence of events in society at large. This past year we adopted two measures: to broaden the participation of junior researchers in knowledge transfer with more presence to respond to media demands and up date and expand our referral list so that we can refer editors, journalists and producers to other sources in academia.

Negotiations to institutionalize the Center, continue though at a slower pace due changes in the Administration of the University, with the election of a new Rector at the end of 2009. Progress was made though in terms of space as two new rooms have been allocated to NEV: an amphitheater and a new library room and this should reduce the crowding in present facilities.
5. OBJECTIVES TO BE ACHIEVED IN 2010

5.1. Research

**Line 1. The implementation (or lack) of the Rule of Law: public security or insecurity?**

Violence and Frontiers: The following activities are scheduled for 2010: a) –continued literature review and analysis of the literature collected in 2009; b) – cross-referencing information collected in the different documents (depositions, statements and formal questionings) and reports of the Parliamentary Inquiry Commissions, as well as the legislation and official documentation collected in 2009; c) – collection of information from the system of criminal justice in the States of Acre and Rondônia on the white collar crime, corruption and on the profile of criminal violence; d) – literature review and analysis of violence and frontiers in the relevant international literature; e) – organization of two research workshops at NEV; f) – organization of two research workshops in Rondonia and in Acre with local partners; g) – participation in the INCT Workshop e h) – production of two papers.

**Line 2. Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a Human Rights Culture**

**L2.a. Police investigation and judicial process in São Paulo: the case of homicides**

The qualitative analysis of the archival documentation on police inquiries and the judicial processes is to be finished in 2010. Complementary data is to be collected through interviews with police officers and agents of the criminal justice system working specialized in homicide. An analysis of the Penal Code and relevant legislation that regulates the performance of the system will also be carried out.

We expect to publish three papers based on research results: 1 - one on justice flow in the case of homicide that occurred during the 1990’s in the city of São Paulo; 2 – and one about the time of Justice: its impact on producing penal impunity, as well as a paper with the results from the qualitative analysis.

**L2.b. Obstacles for a culture of human rights**
L2.b.1. Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Study Group:
During the first semester of 2010, the group will concentrate on the study of the theme “theory and practice of the radicalization of democracy”. Lecturers will be invited to present seminars to the group on this subject. In the second semester the group will focus on democracy, human rights and education. Negotiations to strengthen the partnership between NEV and The Institute for Social Research of the University of Frankfurt will continue. Funding for joint seminars, exchange of scholars and internships was requested. Preliminary internships have taken place through a post-doctoral period at the University of Frankfurt and at The Institute for Social Research and more are expected to follow.

L2.b.2. Quasi longitudinal survey: exposure to violence and socially shared representations and attitudes to justice, rights and punishment and human rights:
Statistical treatment of the data is to be continued and the following analyses are scheduled: a) patterns of victimization and re-victimization – who is most at risk and why? What changes over time in such patterns? Here descriptive variables will be expanded to include religion and place of residence, and b) the impact that victimization and in particular multiple victimization have on attitudes, norms and values (in relation to the causes of violence and on the use violence), trust in institutions (police, judiciary, delegation of power), human rights (beliefs about torture, the protection of civil and political rights) and rule of law (respecting the law versus accepting informal forms of punishment) and social capital. Is there an impact of violent victimization on people’s values and beliefs? If so, what is more likely to be affected? Does this impact (if present) change over time? These results are to be used in the book on violence and human rights in preparation.

By request of the Special Secretariat for Human Rights the questionnaire used in the regular survey in São Paulo is to be applied to 11 state capital and the results compared to those from 1999. This will result in a book, published by the Special Secretariat. Data from the survey was also used for the introduction for the book that presents the papers from the International Seminar on Torture. Edição do livro sobre a violência e os direitos humanos.

L2.b.3. The fall of homicide in the state of São Paulo: a diagnosis of the magnitude and causes: Qualitative and quantitative analyses will be carried out: statistical and spatial analysis techniques will be used to test the evolution of intentional homicide in the period from 1996 to 2008, in the six cities selected for the study as well as the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo. Data on crime and on the socioeconomic and demographic profile of residents will be used to explore space-time patterns for murder in the
first degree and its causes and to identify the key variables for the fall of this type of crime.

L2.b.4. Analysis of the fall in homicide rate of youth in the city of São Paulo, 2000-2008: Secondary data collection will continue. The statistical analyses will start with: 1- an exploratory analysis to evaluate the distribution and frequency of youth homicide; 2) bivariate analyses; 3) multivariate analyses to test specific hypotheses for the fall in youth homicide as compared to that for the total population in the city of São Paulo. A paper shall be submitted for publication based on the descriptive analysis of data and another one based on the multivariate analysis.

**Line 3. Monitoring Human Rights**

L3.a. Human Rights: The Present

L.3.a.1. 5º National Human Rights Report: The 5º National Human Rights Report is will start with two main objectives: a) to continue the data collection on human rights violations, as done in previous Reports data collected for the 5th Report, will refer to the years 2007-2009; and b) the Report will present a “balance of the decade” (1999-2009). This will include: a) an analysis of the data, for the decade, in terms of its temporal evolution; b) an evaluation of the quality of the available sources; c) an assessment of the degree of public access to the data; d) an analysis of the advances and regressions in terms of public policies regarding mechanisms to protect human rights. During 2010, research assistants will actively participate in this Report and training will take place early in the year also new sources of data will be identified. The first draft of the Report should be ready by the end of the year. “Special rapporteurs”, meaning experts in the different areas covered will be identified and invited to collaborate analyzing specific themes for the “balance of the decade” section of the Report.

L.3.a.2. Thirty years of police violence: The chronology represents the background for the analyses. The literature review is also guiding the analyses identifying new indicators of police abusive use of lethal force. The analyses will use data collected in other on-going research projects at the Center besides the Data base on gross human rights violations, such as the survey, regularly published data provided by the Secretariat of Public Security on police use of force, theses, dissertations and papers on the subject. This analysis will include newspapers chronicles (signed pieces written by journalists or columnists, editorials, opinions, letters from readers and so forth) published in the period 1980-2009, that comprise
L3.b. Human Rights: The Past

L3.b.1. Extra-judicial mechanisms of reparations for victims of Human Rights Violations: the Latin-American experience: the research will focus on the comparative analyses, as defined in 2009, of the Truth Commissions in the three countries Argentina, Chile and Peru. This will be followed a by the analyses of the extra-judicial reparations to victims of gross violations of Human Rights. This will result in papers for publication.

L3.b.2. Measuring the Effectiveness of Human Rights Campaigns in Latin America: the role of the Organization of American States Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, 1970-1985: We are still waiting for the authorization to have access to the documents. Once the authorization is obtained, the data collection will be started.

In 2010 two reports will be finished and published – Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, and on Juvenile Justice in the Americas, both under the coordination of Professor Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro.

L3.c. Human Rights: The Future

Fostering healthy early development: The activities scheduled for 2010:

- to review the pilot manuals to train paraprofessional home visitors, maintain the website “healthy childhood” and to update the home visitation guide;
- to pilot the pre-test home visitation program in São Paulo and in Rio Grande do Sul;
- to organize a seminar with members of the National and International Advisory Committee;
- to train the First Childhood Program (PIM) team (a program from the State Secretariat of Health of Rio Grande do Sul) to implement the Visitation Program in one city of the Rio Grande do Sul State (probably the cities of Teotônia or Esteio);
- to follow 15 pregnant adolescents or adolescents who recently gave birth during a full year (2010), in the city of São Paulo;
- to continue to advise the International Committee of the Red Cross to implement, in partnership with the Secretary of Health of the city of Rio de Janeiro, a home visitation program to promote a healthy development of children;
- to share the information and the techniques of early development stimulation, which are...
being used by the paraprofessionals to health agents from the Casa do Adolescente (Teenage Center) in Heliópolis, São Paulo to sensitize and inform pregnant adolescents and adolescent mothers on how to promote a healthy development of their children;
- to test the tools to evaluate the program Fostering healthy early development: pre-testing the quantitative and qualitative instruments from the evaluation protocol.

5.2 Knowledge Transfer– Dissemination Activities in 2010

5.2.1. Websites
- **NEV’s institutional website**: migration to the new version of Joomla software (from 1.0 to the 1.5 version). To insert documents and information about on-going research projects and completed ones.
- **NEV-Cidadão (guiadosdireitos), (NEV-Citizen)**: Partnership with the Computation Center of USP to host the webpage. Review of the old data, updating information about services. New themes are being introduced such as public transport. Evaluate user’s satisfaction. Social media campaigns (Twitter).
- **Youth rights’ guide website**: The project is to be implemented in middle schools
- **Safety and Citizenship website**: promoting violence prevention and transparency in the public security domain: Management and implementation of the website contend; translation and adaptation of the international reference material; developing introductory basic material on relevant subjects.
- **Website of the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security**: Insertion of information about projects developed by partner research centers.
- **International Conference about the Right to Truth**: Maintaining the site up to date with the material from the study group on the Truth Commissions and the on-going debate on the recently established Brazilian Truth Commission.
- **Digital Human Rights Violations database**: Finalize the digitalization of remaining cases of Police Violence in São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro from the 1980’s, and other
states in Brazil from 1980’s, 1990’s and 2000’s. Cases of Lynching for the decade of 1980’s will also be digitalized (São Paulo 1980’s, Rio de Janeiro and Brazil from 1980’s, 1990’s and 2000’s). The digital processing of cases of Extrajudicial Executions, for all locations and decades will also be finished. A review is being made as cases are digitalized. In the first half of 2010 it will be possible to consult the cases in a text format and no longer as images.

5.2.2. Seminars

INCT-CNPq Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security. Activities for 2010 are being programmed.

5.2.3. Others

NEV-Unesco Chair on Human Rights Education: Maintenance of collaboration with the UNESCO Chair on Human Rights Education in order to optimize efforts by both institutions.

5.3. Educational Activities in 2010

Course of Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice. This course will be offered by UNIVESP – Virtual University of the State of São Paulo, the result of the cooperation between the Secretariat for Higher Education of the State of São Paulo, the Paula Souza Center and the three state universities of the state of São Paulo, with the support of Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa no Estado de São Paulo (FAPESP), of The São Paulo Foundation for Management Development (FUNDAP), the Padre Anchieta Foundation (FPA) and The Imprensa Oficial Printing House. This course consists of 18 lectures taught by professors from different schools in the University of São Paulo: the School of Philosophy, Languages and Human Sciences, the Law School, the School of Economy and Management and the Engineering School- Escola Politécnica), the Getulio Vargas Foundation, the School of Prosecutors of São Paulo, University Candido Mendes, State University of Rio de Janeiro, Pontifitican Catholic University of Rio Grande do Sul, a specialist in reform of the judiciary from the World Bank, a member of the Portuguese Police and a researcher from the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (France).
1.1. Books


### 1.2. Book Chapters


### 1.2.1. Introductions


1.3. Publications in periodicals


1.4. Manuscripts

- 

1.5. Magazines and newspapers articles


1.6. Publications in electronic magazines


1.7. Annals


Pinheiro, P. S. (2009) Exposition, Stop à la violence faite aux enfants dans le Sud (Stop the violence against the children in the South), Bruxelas, Brown University (USA) and University of São Paulo.


1.8. Reports


1.9. Preprints

1.9.1. Books


1.9.2. Book chapters


1.9.3. Periodicals:

1.9.3.1. In press: submitted and accepted


1.9.3.2. Submitted


### 1.9.4. Annals


Florianópolis, 2009.
APPENDIX 2 – KNOWLEDGE TRANSFER ACTIVITIES

2.1. Seminars organized by NEV

2.1.1. Seminars open to the general public

International Conference on the Right to Truth on 19-20 October 2009: The objective of this Conference was to promote a debate on the Brazilian Amnesty Law (Lei nº 6.683/79) and its effects over the last three decades, focusing on the right to truth. After 45 years of the coup d'état that instituted the military regime in the country, families of insurgents who died or went missing for political reasons, still do not know what happened to their relatives. Victims of crimes committed by State agents, such as illegal prisons, kidnappings and torture, still seek justice and reparation. In this context, society mobilizes to demand the right to truth, with access to the archives from the dictatorship and the disclosure of the facts that took place at that period of our History. After all, it is both the duty and the responsibility of the State to reveal the truth to its citizens, ensuring the non-repetition of the violations of rights institutionalized during the authoritarian government. Democracy and the rule of law can only be achieved after the State deals with its past. Knowledge of the facts can promote true reconciliation. Reparation for victims, with the restoration of their moral dignity, and the construction of the collective memory, only can derive from knowledge about the truth. All the presentations were broadcasted through IPTV and may be watched on the Internet in the following site: www.nevusp.org/direitoaverdade.

Results achieved: The Seminar was attended by 132 persons at the auditorium Professor Francisco Romeu Landi, at USP, nevertheless such number may be slightly higher, since not all the persons present formally registered and there was IPTV broadcasting for the Department of Sociology of the Universidade de Brasília, and for the Laboratory for Studies of Violence of the Universidade Federal do Ceará (Professor César Barreira). There was no record keeping of this audience transmissions.

Media impact: repercussion in the following vehicles: “Folha de S. Paulo” and “O Estado de S. Paulo”; the news website “BBC News” (International) and “Terra” and “Rádio CBN” and “Correio do Povo” (RS) besides in “Jornal da USP”. A book is being prepared for
broad national and international academic diffusion. The website of the International Conference on the Right to Truth, developed for the diffusion of the conference, was reformulated in order to host the videos of the presentations and the debates, historical documents and informations on the subject theme. It shall be maintained by NEV for the next 12 months in the website for open research of any audience.

* Program available at Appendix 8

**International Conference on Human Rights – Protecting Dignity / Date: 21st of December 2009 / Place: MuBe – Museu Brasileiro de Escultura, São Paulo – SP**

**Organization:** Government of the State of São Paulo with the Secretariat for Institutional Relations Secretary of the State of São Paulo, in cooperation with the Federal Department of International Affairs of Switzerland in collaboration with the Geneva Academy of International Humanitarian Law and Human Rights and the Center for the Study of Violence, NEV/USP and the support of the Secretariat of Justice and the Defense of Citizenship.

To celebrate the 60º birthday of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Swiss government launched in December 2008 the project: Protecting Dignity: an agenda for Human Rights. The reason for this being that though countries endorsed the Universal Declaration this endorsement has not been translated in effective actions and public politics to implement the principles of the Universal Declaration. This initiative by the Swiss government aims at on the one hand a balance of achievements derived from the promotion and protection of human rights up to present, and on the other to reiterate the the weight and the importance that human rights deserve in the XXI century, and to encourage the study and monitoring of rights enforcement.

In 2008, the Panel held meetings in Geneva, Oslo and Vienna, with the support of the government from Switzerland, Norway and Austria to discuss present challenges for human rights. The agenda that resulted focuses on the need to respond to the challenge of poverty, to promote access to justice and to Rule of Law, to recognize that States the shared responsibilities and to create effective mechanisms for the protection and implementation of human rights. The agenda prioritizes eight themes: human dignity, violence prevention, arrests and prisons, migrations, the right to health, climate changes and a world court for human rights violations. The agenda was formulated by a Panel formed by experts and long time activists in the field of human rights. In São Paulo members of the panel presented the agenda, as well, as preliminary results for two studies on human dignity and vulnerable groups and for the creation of an international court for human rights violations. The following members of the Panel attended the Conference in São Paulo:
• Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro (co-president of the Panel, member of the Interamerican Commission of Human Rights – Organization of American States, Washington former independent expert of the United Nations Secretary General on violence against children, former State Secretary of Human Rights of the Federal Government in Brazil);

• Manfred Nowak (Special Rapporteur of the UN about torture);

• Vitit Muntarbhorn (Special Rapporteur of the UN for the North Korea and former Special Rapporteur for the pornography and sale of children);

• Andrew Clapham (Director of the Academy of Humanitarian Law and Human Rights, Geneva).

• Frédéric Mégret (Professor of International Law and Human Rights of the Law School - University McGill, Montréal).

* Program available at Appendix 8

2.1.2. Seminars and Workshops

Workshop “Sex and Power: the family from 1900 to 2000” (“Sexo e Poder: a família de 1900 a 2000”)
Promotion: NEV-USP, UNESCO Chair for Peace Education, Human Rights, Democracy and Tolerance of the Institute for Advanced Studies of the University of São Paulo, jointly with the Graduate Program in Sociology of the Faculty of Philosophy, Languages and Human Sciences of the University of São Paulo.
Presenter: Prof. Göran Therborn, Professor of the Department of Sociology Cambridge University and International Consultant of the INCT “Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security”.
Date: 24th of September 2009
Place: Room 8 of the Conjunto Didático of FFLCH –USP

Workshop “The violent attacks of May 2006 and new forms of illegality” (“As Ondas de maio de 2006 e os novos ilegalismos”)
Promotion: NEV-USP
Presentation: Alex Martire and Prof. Sergio Adorno
Date: 2nd of September
Place: NEV-USP
Workshop with international Advisor Göran Therborn

Göran Therborn is the international advisor for the INCT Project - National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security.

Presentation: Professor Göran Therborn and NEV Research Coordinators

Date: 25th and 26th of August

Place: NEV-USP

* Program available at Appendix 8


Promotion: NEV-USP

Presentation: Prof. Angelina Peralva (Toulouse University) and Prof. Jacqueline Sinhoretto (São Carlos Federal University)

Date: 2nd of July 2009

Place: NEV-USP

Workshop “Borders of Tension: a study on politics and violence in the suburbs of São Paulo” (“Fronteiras de tensão: um estudo sobre política e violência nas periferias de São Paulo”).

Promotion: NEV-USP

Presentation: Gabriel Feltran, PhD in Social Sciences by Unicamp and researcher (post-doctoral) at CEM/Cebrap.

Date: 25th of June

Place: NEV-USP


Presentation: several lecturers

Promotion: NEV-USP and INCT Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security

Date: 18th and 19th of June 2009

Place: Auditorium USP Oficina

Workshop with International Advisor Alfred Stepan

This meeting was held in order to exchange experience with Alfred Stepan in a broad perspective on the research lines NEV has been recently developing.

Date: 10th of June
Presentation: NEV Research Coordinators
Place: USP Oficina Auditorium at University of São Paulo
* Program available at Appendix 8

Workshop “Urban Planning” (“Planejamento Urbano”)
Presentation: Prof. Raquel Rolnik, Special Rapporteur on the Right to Adequate Housing of United Nations Security Council, Professor of FAU-USP.
Date: 18th of May
Place: NEV-USP

Workshop “Crime, Violence and City” (“Crime, Violência e Cidade”)
Promotion: NEV-USP and CAPES-COFECUB Program
Presentation: several lecturers
Date: 6th and 7th of May 2009
Place: Room 8 of the Conjunto Didático of FFLCH-USP

Workshop “Are Human Rights Universal?” (“Direitos Humanos são Universais?”)
Promotion: NEV-USP, UNESCO Chir for Peace Education, Human Rights, Democracy and Tolerance of the Institute for Advanced Studies of the University of São Paulo, jointly with the Sociology Graduate Program of the Faculty of Philosophy, Languages and Human Sciences of the University of São Paulo.
Presentation: Prof. Michel Wieviorka (CADIS)
Date: 5th of May
Place: Room 8 of the Conjunto Didático of FFLCH-USP

Workshop “Jürgen Habermas thought his contribution to understand relations between violence and human rights in contemporary world” (“O Sistema de Pensamento de Jürgen Habermas e sua Contribuição para a Compreensão das Relações entre Violência e Direitos Humanos na Sociedade Contemporânea”)
Promotion: NEV-USP
Presentation: Vitor Blotta, researcher of NEV-USP and doctoral student at the Law School of USP
Date: 8th of April
Place: NEV-USP
Workshop “Diffuse Urbanization and Urban Insecurity” (“Urbanização Difusa e Insegurança Urbana”)
Promotion: NEV-USP
Presentation: Professors Eda Góes and Maria Encarnação Beltrão Spósito, of the Faculty of Science and Technology of the Paulista State University (UNESP).
Date: 30th of March
Place: NEV-USP

Workshop "The Amnesty Laws within International Law – The Brazilian Case" (“As Leis de Anistia Face ao Direito Internacional - O Caso Brasileiro”).
Promotion: NEV-USP
Presentation: Dr. Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Date: 12th of February
Place: NEV-USP

Workshop “Latin America, Brazil and Italy within the International Context: Challenges” ("América Latina, Brasil e Itália na Conjuntura Internacional: Desafios").
Promotion: NEV-USP and the International Relations Institute of the University of São Paulo – IRI/USP.
Presentation: Prof. José Luiz Del Roio, Former Senator of Italy.
Date: 9th of February
Place: Auditorium Lupe Cotrim, School of Arts and Communication –USP

2.2. Participation at External Seminars, Workshops and Congresses

2.2.1. International events: Seminars, Workshops and Congresses

Title/Theme: Ten Years Review of the Department of Violence and Injury Prevention- PAHO
Date: 18th to 20th of November
Organization: Panamerican Health Organization
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Place: Washington, D.C.
Title/Theme: Authoritarian Regimes  
Date: 28th of October  
Organization: Open Society  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: How to Engage Authoritarian Regimes: The Case of Burma  
Place: New York

Title/Theme: Recognition and the Right to Difference  
Date: 1st October  
Organization: The Catholic University of Rio Grande do Sul  
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar  
Event: Fourth International Symposium on Justice  
Place: Porto Alegre

Title/Theme: Recognition and Transitional Justice in Brazil: a critical theory approach on reasons for a truth commission on the dictatorial regime of 1964-1985  
Organization: The Catholic University of Rio Grande do Sul  
Date: 29th of September  
Researcher: Vitor Blotta and Wilson Levy  
Event: Fourth International Symposium on Justice  
Place: Porto Alegre

Title/Theme: Juvenile Justice  
Date: 28th to 30th of September  
Organization: Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, Organization of American States  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Reunión de Expertos sobre Justicia Penal Juvenil y Derechos Humanos en las Américas  
Place: Montevideo

Title/Theme: Transitional Justice  
Date: 25th to 28th of September  
Organization: Laboratory for the Study of Intolerance - FFLCH-USP  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: International Seminar: 30 years of amnesty in Brazil: the right to memory, truth and justice
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Children’s Human Rights
Date: 24th of September
Organization: Instituto Interamericano del Niño, la Niña y Adolescentes
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Event: Visita a Campo - Institución Educativa Pitágoras
Place: Lima

Title/Theme: Children’s Human Rights
Date: 22nd to 25th of September
Organization: Instituto Interamericano del Niño, la Niña y Adolescentes
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Event: XX Congreso Panamericano del Niño, la Niña y Adolescentes
Place: Lima

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention
Date: 17th to 18th of September
Organization: WHO
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Event: Fourth Milestones in a Global Campaign for Violence Prevention Meeting - Boosting global violence prevention
Place: Geneva

Title/Theme: Human Rights within International Law
Date: 16th to 17th of September
Organization: Faculdade de Direito da Universidade de São Paulo
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Event: Reséau ID (Internationalisation du Droit) Franco – Brésilien
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Child Maltreatment
Date: 16th of September
Organization: WHO
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Event: Project on Child Maltreatment Prevention Readiness Workshop
Place: Geneva
Title/Theme: Children’s Human Rights  
Date: 6th to 7th of September  
Organization: European Union  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: 11th Annual EU-NGO Forum on Human Rights, Focus on Children  
Place: Stockholm

Title/Theme: Juvenile Justice  
Date: 31st of August  
Organization: Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, Organization of American States  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Consultation on Juvenile Justice in the US and Canada  
Place: Washington, D.C.

Title/Theme: Human Rights  
Date: 22nd of July 2009  
Organization: Swiss Federal Department of Foreign Affairs  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Swiss Initiative Meeting – Analysis of Papers Presented  
Place: Geneva

Title/Theme: Democratic Governance, Development and Human Rights  
Date: 7th of July  
Organization: Ludwig Boltzmann Institute of Human Rights  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: An Approach to Democratic Governance, Development and Human Rights  
Place: Vienna

Title/Theme: Human Rights  
Date: 6th of July  
Organization: United Nations Development Programme  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Steering Committee for the publication on "Mainstreaming Human Rights in Governance Assistance" – Meeting 2
Place: Vienna

Title/Theme: Laughter and Forgetfulness – Right to truth, duty to remember (“Riso e esquecimento – direito à verdade, dever de memória”)
Date: 12th of June
Organization: Latin American Studies Association
Researcher: Ludmyla Franca
Place: Rio de Janeiro

Title/Theme: Latin American Context
Date: 11th to 14th of June
Organization: Latin American Studies Association
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Event: XXVIII LASA International Congress - Kalman Silvert Lecture
Place: Rio de Janeiro

Title/Theme: Citizen Security and Juvenile Justice
Date: 6th to 7th of June
Organization: Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, Organization of American States
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Event: Consulta Sub-Regional para países de Centroamérica, Cuba, México y República Dominicana sobre Seguridad Ciudadana y Derechos Humanos y Justicia Penal Juvenil en las Ameritas
Place: San José

Title/Theme: Juvenile Justice
Date: 24th to 29th of May
Organization: Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, Organization of American States
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Event: Consultation on Juvenile Justice for the Caribbean Region
Place: Bridgetown, Barbados e St. Lucia

Title/Theme: Human Rights
Date: 16th of April
Organization: United Nations Development Programme  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Steering Committee for the publication on "Mainstreaming Human Rights in Governance Assistance"  
Place: Vienna

Title/Theme: Violence against the Girl Child  
Date: 9th to 10th of March  
Organization: The Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: International Conference on Violence against the Girl Child  
Place: The Hague

Title/Theme: Child Rights  
Date: 13th to 18th of February  
Organization: Save the Children Kenya  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Regional Workshop on National Child Protection Systems – An effective approach to ensuring Child Rights  
Place: Nairobi

Title/Theme: Lynchings and Power ("Linchamentos e Poder")  
Date: 4th to 7th of February  
Organization: Minho University – Social Sciences Institute  
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno  
Event: X Congresso Luso-Afro-Brasileiro de Ciências Sociais  
Place: Braga

Title/Theme: Human Rights  
Date: 22nd to 24th of January  
Organization: Wilton Park  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Contemporary and Future Human Rights Challenges  
Place: London

2.2.2. National Events
Title/Theme: Public Archives  
Date: 13th of November  
Organization: Direção do Instituto de Filosofia e Ciência Humanas da UNICAMP  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Event: Opening of the new headquarters of the Edgard Leuenroth Archive (“Inauguração da nova sede do Arquivo Edgard Leuenroth”)  
Place: Campinas

Title/Theme: Teaching and the rejection of human rights in Brazil: The ambivalence of the Origins, of the Foundations and Efficiency of Human Rights (“Ensino e Recusa dos Direitos Humanos no Brasil: A Ambivalência das Origens, dos Fundamentos e da Eficácia dos Direitos Humanos”)  
Date: 6th of November  
Organization: National Council on Law Graduate Studies – CONPEDI  
Researcher: Arthur Roberto Capella Giannattasio  
Event: XVIII National Congress of CONPEDI  
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: The Law on the Couch. The discourse of pleasure in public telespace (“O Direito no Divã. Por uma discursivização do Gozo no Telespaço Público”)  
Date: 6th of November  
Organization: National Council on Graduate Law Studies – CONPEDI  
Researcher: Vitor Blotta  
Event: XVIII National Congress of CONPEDI  
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Instruction (Bildung) for the Responsibility to Decide – a critic to the modern judicial dogmatism of the hermeneutics of Hans-Georg Gadamer (“Formação (Bildung) para a Responsabilidade de Decidir – uma crítica à metodologia da dogmática jurídica moderna a partir da hermenêutica de Hans-Georg Gadamer”)  
Date: 5th of November  
Organization: National Council on Graduate Law Studies – CONPEDI  
Researcher: Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco  
Event: XVIII National Congress of CONPEDI

Title/Theme: A critique of judicial dogmatism to constitutional hermeneutics: thoughts on the (in)efficiency of norms for the protection of healthy environment (“Da crítica da dogmática
jurídica à hermenêutica constitucional: reflexões sobre a (in)eficácia das normas de proteção do meio ambiente saudável”

Date: 5th of November
Organization: National Council on Graduate Law Studies – CONPEDI
Researcher: Wilson Levy
Event: XVIII National Congress of CONPEDI
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: The Judge and the Shadow: an analysis of the extralegal factors that work upon judicial performance in the analitical psychology perspective (“O Juiz e a Sombra: uma análise dos fatores extralegais que influenciam a atuação judicial a partir da psicologia analítica”)

Date: 5th of November
Organization: National Council on Law Graduate Studies – CONPEDI
Researcher: Jaqueline Santa Brigida Sena
Event: XVIII National Congress of CONPEDI
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Crime, violence and punishment
Date: 26th to 30th of October
Organization: ANPOCS- Assoc. Nacional de Pós-Graduação e Pesquisa em Ciências Sociais
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno
Event: 33rd Annual Meeting of ANPOCS (“33º Encontro Nacional da ANPOCS”)
Place: Caxambú

Title/Theme: Children and Adolescents Human Rights
Date: 16th of October
Organization: Bandeirantes University
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Event: Workshop on Children and Adolescents Human Rights
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: The simbolic use of Union Freedom: an apocaliptical vision of Unions Legal Dogmas in Brazil (“A Função Simbólica da Liberdade Sindical: uma Visão Apocaliptica da Dogmática Jurídica Sindical Brasileira”)
Date: 14th of October
Organization: Department of Labour Law and Social Security of the School of Law of the University of São Paulo
Event: Presentation of theses for the Course of Specialization on Labour Law
Place: School of Law of the University of São Paulo, São Paulo – SP
Researcher: Arthur Roberto Capella Giannattasio

Title/Theme: Dilemmas, projects and questions for the future of social sciences
Date: 24th to 25th of September
Organization: University of Brasília – UnB
Researcher: Prof. Sergio Adorno
Event: Workshop: 40 years of the Social Sciences School in UnB ("Seminário 40 Anos do Curso de Ciências Sociais na UnB")
Place: Brasília

Title/Theme: Intercultural Hermeneutics ("Hermenêutica Intercultural")
Date: 19th of September
Organization: Human Rights National Association – Andhep
Researcher: PERUZZO, P. P.
Event: 5th Meeting of the Human Rights National Association – Andhep
Place: Belém

Date: 18th of September
Organization: Human Rights National Association – Andhep
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Event: 5th Meeting of the Human Rights National Association – Andhep
Place: Belém

Title/Theme: Marxism and the history of law: methodological annotations as of Evgeni Pachukanis ("Marxismo e história do direito: apontamentos metodológicos a partir de Evgeni Pachukanis")
Date: 17th of September
Organization: Brazilian Institute for the History of Law – IBHD
Researcher: KASHIURA JR., Celso Naoto
Event: IV Congress of the Brazilian Institute for the History of Law ("IV Congresso do Instituto
Title/Theme: Criminal Policy, Public Security and Human Rights – Roundtable ("Política Criminal, Segurança Pública e Direitos Humanos - Mesa Redonda")
Date: 17th of September
Organization: Human Rights National Association – Andhep
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Event: 5th Meeting of the Human Rights National Association – Andhep
Place: Belém

Title/Theme: Metropolis and Exclusion
Date: 15th of September
Organization: The Catholic University of São Paulo – PUC/SP and the State University of Londrina – UEL
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno
Event: National Workshop: Between the Global and the Place in the Urban/Metropolitan Context ("Seminário Nacional Entre o Global e o Place no Contexto Urbano/Metropolitano")
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Project of Amendment of the Fiscal Administrative Procedure Rules (PAF) – clarifications on the interviews round ("Projeto de Reforma do Processo Administrativo Fiscal (PAF) – esclarecimentos sobre a etapa de entrevistas")
Date: 1st of September
Researcher: Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco
Coordinator: Eurico Marcos Diniz de Santi
Event: Presentation at the GV Law School
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Democracy and Punishment. Partial results of a research in São Paulo
Date: 27th to 29th of August
Organization: IFCS – UFRJ
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno
Event: CAPES-COFECUB Franco-Brazilian Workshop – Urban Conflicts, Violence and Criminalization Processes in France and in Brazil: Comparative Dimensions ("Seminário Franco-Brasileiro CAPES-COFECUB - Conflitos Urbanos, Violência e Processos de Criminalização na França e no Brasil: Dimensões Comparativas")
Place: Rio de Janeiro

Title/Theme: Violence in the Brazilian Society: facts and fiction
Date: 14th of August
Organization: Bandeirantes University
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno
Event: III Workshop on the Adolescent in Conflict with the law (“III Seminário Adolescente em Conflito com a Lei”) Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Conference on Police Action Control
Date: 13th of August
Researcher: Viviane Cubas
Place: Chamber of Federal Deputies, Brasília

Title/Theme: Crime, Violence and Punishment – Organized Crime and Violence
Date: 28th to 31st of June
Organization: Brazilian Society of Sociology
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno
Event: XIV Brazilian Congress on Sociology (“XIV Congresso Brasileiro de Sociologia”) Place: Rio de Janeiro

Title/Theme: Contextualization of the 1st Conseg (“Contextualização da 1ª Conseg”) Date: 23rd of June
Organization: Union of the Federal Highway Police of the State of São Paulo
Researcher: Cristina Neme

Title/Theme: Media and the Public Security (“Mídia e Segurança Pública”) Date: 27th of May
Organization: Ministry of Justice
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Event: 1st National Conference on Public Security Place: Brasília

Title/Theme: Roundtable on Urban Development, addressing the theme of violence (“Mesa
de Debates Desenvolvimento Urbano, tratando do tema da violência”)

Date: 26th of May
Organization: University of Campinas
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Event: Congress Sustainable City
Place: Campinas

Title/Theme: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security (“Violência, Democracia e Segurança Cidadã”)
Date: 26th of May
Organization: City of São José dos Campos
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Event: 1st National Conference on Public Security – Regional and Municipal rounds
Place: São José dos Campos

Title/Theme: Organized Crime, prisons and urban world in São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro (“Crime organizado, prisão e mundo urbano em São Paulo e no Rio de Janeiro”)
Date: 6th and 7th of May
Organization: Faculty of Philosophy, Languages and Human Sciences of the University of São Paulo
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Event: Workshop on Crime, Violence and City
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Violence, Democracy and Confidence in the Institutions
Date: 23rd of April
Organization: Laboratory for the Studies on Intolerance - LEI/USP
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno
Event: International Colloquium on Tolerance and Human Rights: Diversity and Peace (“Colóquio Internacional Tolerância e Direitos Humanos: Diversidade e Paz”)
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Violence and Society
Date: 16th of April
Organization: Institute of Psychology –USP
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno
Event: I Workshop on Psychology and Violence: Teaching and Research (“I Seminário
Title/Theme: Public Sphere, Collective Identities and Social Insertion  
Date: 30th of March  
Organization: Graduate Program in Communication Studies, ECA- USP  
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno  
Event: Workshop on Mutations in the Contemporary Public Space ("Seminário Mutações no Espaço Público Contemporâneo")  
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Justice and Human Rights  
Date: 24th to 26th March  
Organization: Laboratory for the Study of Violence – LEV/UFCE  
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno  
Event: Workshop on Violence and Social Conflicts: Research Trajectories ("Seminário Violência e Conflitos Sociais: Trajetórias de Pesquisa")  
Place: Fortaleza

Title/Theme: Public security and the culture of violence in Brazil ("Segurança Pública e cultura da violência no Brasil")  
Date: 7th of March  
Organization: UNIFAI – Centro Universitário Assunção  
Researcher: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno  
Event: Workshop on Public Security  
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: The right to Justice. Restaurative Justice: A pathway that rescues the value of human beings. The focus of the Justice institutions in conflict resolution: the need for a new approach ("O direito à Justiça. Justiça Restaurativa: Um caminho que resgata o valor do ser humano. O enfoque das instituições de Justiça na resolução de conflitos: a necessidade de um novo olhar")  
Date: 26th to 28th of February 2009  
Organization: School of Public Health of USP  
Researcher: Luci Buff  
Event: IV Colóquio de Psicopatologia e Saúde Pública  
Place: São Paulo
2.3. Media Intervention

Summary of media intervention by type of medium:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>Interventions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Television</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newspaper</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>News Website</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newsagencies</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazines/periodicals</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>178</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date: 22nd of December  
Subject: Human Rights in International Law  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Rádio Web* Newsagency  
* This interview has been broadcasted on 186 radio stations throughout Brazil

Date: 21st of December  
Subject: Human Rights Conference  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Jornal da Cultura Newscast on TV Cultura Educational Television
Date: 21st of December  
Subject: Human Rights Conference  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV  
Publication/network: Estado Newsagency

Date: 14th of December  
Subject: Torture and impunity  
Researcher: Maria Gorete Marques de Jesus  
Publication/network: Correio Braziliense Newspaper

Date: 11th of December  
Subject: Violence at schools  
Researcher: Renato Alves  
Publication/network: Observatório da Educação Education Website

Date: November  
Subject: Public Security Polices  
Researcher: Marcelo Nery  
Publication/network: Retrato do Brasil Magazine

Date: 29th of November  
Subject: Work conditions and wages of the police forces  
Researcher: Paula Ballesteros  
Publication/network: Época Magazine

Date: 28th of November  
Subject: Violence against Children  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: El Dia La Plata Newspaper

Date: 28th of November  
Subject: Violence against Children  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: La Nueva Provincia Newspaper
Subject: Violence against Children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Crónica Newspaper

Date: 28th of November
Subject: Violence against Children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Diario Popular (Argentina) Newspaper

Date: 28th of November
Subject: Violence against Children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: La Prensa Newspaper

Date: 27th of November
Subject: Violence against leaders of social movements
Researcher: Vitor Blotta
Publication/network: Diário do Alto Tietê Newspaper

Date: 27th of November
Subject: Violence against children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Télam News Website

Date: 26th of November
Subject: Violence against children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Missiones online News Website

Date: 25th of November
Subject: Vulnerability and exposition to violence among youths
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: CBN Radio

Date: 25th of November
Subject: Youth vulnerability and exposure to violence
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Date: 25th of November
Subject: Youth vulnerability and exposure to violence
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Record AM Radio

Date: 10th of November
Subject: Violence and the media
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Globo Radio

Date: 08th of November
Subject: Private and public security
Researcher: Viviane Cubas
Publication/network: Eldorado Radio

Date: 07th of November
Subject: Work conditions of police forces
Researcher: Paula Ballesteros
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 06th of November
Subject: Intolerance and discrimination based on gender
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: R7 News Website

Date: 04th of November
Subject: Crime rates
Researcher: Marcelo Nery
Publication/network: I G – Último Segundo News Website

Date: 02nd of November
Subject: Police violence and killing
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: Diário de São Paulo Newspaper
Date: 01st of November  
Subject: Urban violence and crime rates  
Researcher: Fernando Salla  
Publication/network: Gazeta do Povo Newspaper

Date: 01st of November  
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations  
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Zero Hora Newspaper

Date: October and November  
Subject: Violence in Schools  
Researcher: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: Nova Escola – Gestão Escolar Magazine

Date: October  
Subject: Police violence and organized crime  
Researcher: Fernando Salla  
Publication/network: ADUSP Magazine (Association of Professors of University of São Paulo)

Date: October  
Subject: Police violence  
Researcher: Cristina Neme  
Publication/network: Retrato do Brasil Magazine

Date: 31st of October  
Subject: Intolerance and discrimination based on gender  
Researcher: Renato Alves  
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 31st of October  
Subject: Violence prevention and child early development  
Researcher: Renato Alves  
Publication/network: Globo Universidade on Rede Globo Channel

Date: 30th of October
Subject: Intolerance and discrimination based on gender
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Agência Estado Newsagency

Date: 30th of October
Subject: Intolerance and discrimination based on gender
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Jornal da Record Newscast on TV Record Channel

Date: 27th of October
Subject: Social control and quality of work by the police force
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Terra News Website

Date: 27th of October
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV
Publication/network: BBC News Website

Date: 26th of October
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV
Publication/network: Jornal da USP Newspaper

Date: 22nd of October
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV
Publication/network: Institutional website from IBCCRIM – Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais

Date: 20th of October
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 20th of October
Subject: Organized crime and arms trafficking
Researcher: Sergio Adorno  
Publication/network: Bom dia Brasil Newscast on Rede Globo Channel

Date: 20th of October  
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV  
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 19th of October  
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV  
Publication/network: Terra News Website

Date: 19th of October  
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only Conference organized by NEV  
Publication/network: Folha Online News Website

Date: 18th of October  
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 16th of October  
Subject: The right to truth about past human rights violations  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: CBN Rádio

Date: 13th of October  
Subject: Crime registration rates in the city of São Paulo  
Researcher: Sergio Adorno  
Publication/network: Jornal da Tarde Newspaper

Date: 11th of October  
Subject: Juvenile violence  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Em questão – Program of debates on TV Gazeta Channel
Date: 02nd of October
Subject: Education to become a Social Science scholar
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Publication/network: Fapesp Newsagency

Date: September
Subject: Prison System Polices
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Publication/network: Canto da Liberdade – Newsletter from Funap - Fundação “Prof. Dr. Manoel Pedro Pimentel” – distributed to interns of prisons in São Paulo State

Date: 27th of September
Subject: Rights of Children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: El Comercio Newspaper

Date: 22nd of August
Subject: Torture in Brazil
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 20th of September
Subject: Research on Penal impunity
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Publication/network: O Tempo Newspaper

Date: 18th of September
Subject: Social control and quality of work of the police force
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Institutional Website of Fórum de Segurança Pública

Date: 14th of September
Subject: Social control and quality of work of the police force
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Ideal Radio
Date: 14th of September  
Subject: Human Rights  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Neederlands Radio

Date: 14th of September  
Subject: Human Rights and punishment  
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar  
Publication/network: Jornal da Cultura Newscast on TV Cultura Educational Television

Date: 12th of September  
Subject: Violence at schools and Bullying  
Researcher: Renato Alves  
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo – Ribeirão Preto Newspaper

Date: 06th of September  
Subject: Book Review  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 03rd of September  
Subject: Urban conflicts on slums  
Researcher: Cristina Neme  
Publication/network: Bom Dia Brasil Newscast on Rede Globo Television

Date: 03rd of September  
Subject: Urban conflicts on slums  
Researcher: Renato Alves  
Publication/network: Jovem Pan Radio

Date: August/September  
Subject: Human Rights and Democracy  
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar  
Publication/network: OAB-MG Magazine (Association of Lawyers of Brazil – Minas Gerais State)

Date: 29th of August
Subject: Rights of Children
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: TV Educativa Educational Television

Date: 25th of August
Subject: Public Security Polices
Researcher: Paula Ballesteros
Publication/network: Jornal ABCD Maior Newspaper

Date: 24th of August
Subject: Overcrowed prisons
Researcher: Paula Ballesteros
Publication/network: Agora São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 20th of August
Subject: Crime rates
Researcher: Marcelo Nery
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 17th of August
Subject: Youth homicide
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 13th of August
Subject: Human Rights in Mianmar
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Correio Braziliense Newspaper

Date: 11th of August
Subject: Human Rights in Mianmar
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: G1 News Website

Date: 09th of August
Subject: Ombudsman and control of the police by society
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV’s research results
Date: 09th of August
Subject: Organized crime
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Publication/network: Diário de Notícias Newspaper

Date: 09th of August
Subject: Community Policing
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV’s research results
Publication/network: Jornal Documento News Website

Date: 05th of August
Subject: Freedom of expression in Venezuela
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: El Universal Newspaper

Date: 04th of August
Subject: Human Rights in Movies
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only event promoted by NEV
Publication/network: Revista Cult News Website

Date: July
Subject: Crime rates
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Publication/network: Desafios do Desenvolvimento – Magazine of IPEA Foundation

Date: 22nd of July
Subject: Youth homicide
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: CBN Radio

Date: 22nd of July
Subject: Youth homicide
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo Newspaper
Date: 21st of July
Subject: Homicides of youths
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Eldorado Radio

Date: 08th of July
Subject: Geostatistics applied to the study of patterns of crime
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV’s research
Publication/network: G1 News Website

Date: 02nd of July
Subject: Domestic violence against women
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Publication/network: Espaço Aberto Magazine

Date: June
Subject: Human Rights Violation by the USA Army
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Human Rights Magazine

Date: 28th of June
Subject: Juvenile violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Publication/network: Bom Dia Rio Preto Newspaper

Date: 18th of June
Subject: Rape and abortion
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV’s research
Publication/network: Campo Grande News Website

Date: 16th of June
Subject: Prison System
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Publication/network: BandNews FM Radio

Date: 03rd of June
Subject: UN Report on extra-judicial killings in Brazil
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: CBN Radio

Date: 02\textsuperscript{nd} of June
Subject: Human Rights in Burma
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Voice of America Radio

Date: May
Subject: Prison System
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Publication/network: Pequenas Empresas, Grandes Negócios Magazine

Date: 29\textsuperscript{th} of May
Subject: Human Rights
Researcher: Eduardo Bittar
Publication/network: Jornal da Cultura Newscast at TV Cultura Educational Television

Date: 28\textsuperscript{th} of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Jovem Pan Radio

Date: 27\textsuperscript{th} of May
Subject: Human Rights in Burma
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro

Date: 18\textsuperscript{th} of May
Subject: National Conference on Public Security (CONSEG)
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: Agora Vale News Website

Date: 17\textsuperscript{th} of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Caren Ruotti
Publication/network: Diário do Grande ABC Newspaper
Date: 15th of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: CBN Radio

Date: 15th of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Eldorado Radio

Date: 14th of May
Subject: Violence against children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: La Libre Belgique Newspaper

Date: 13th of May
Subject: Police Violence
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Publication/network: SBT Brasil Telejornal

Date: 13th of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Terra News Website

Date: 13th of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Agência Brasil Newsagency

Date: 12th of May
Subject: Prisons System and organized crime
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Publication/network: UOL News Website

Date: 12th of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Agência Plenarinho News Website

Date: 12th of May
Subject: Violence in Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Agência Câmara Newsagency

Date: 09th of May
Subject: Violence against Women and the Maria da Penha Law
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Publication/network: Jornal da Tarde Newspaper

Date: 05th of May
Subject: Violence against children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Le Soir News Website

Date: April
Subject: Violent Crimes at the University campus
Researcher: Paula Ballesteros
Publication/network: Jornal do Campus Newspaper

Date: April
Subject: Public Security Polices
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Publication/network: Cidade Nova Magazine

Date: 28th of April
Subject: Public Security Polices
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: O Curumim News Website

Date: 27th of April
Subject: Public Security Polices
Researcher: Renato Alves
Date: 26th of April
Subject: Juvenile Violence
Researcher: Marcos César Alvarez
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 21st of April
Subject: Violence in school
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: Canal Futura Educational Television

Date: 11th of April
Subject: Violence in school
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: A Notícia / RBS News Website

Date: 10th of April
Subject: Police Violence
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: Diário do Grande ABC Newspaper

Date: 09th of April
Subject: Juvenile violence
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: G1 News Website

Date: 09th of April
Subject: Juvenile violence
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Bom Dia Brasil Newscast on Rede Globo

Date: 09th of April
Subject: Police violence during the Authoritarian regime and in present days
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Publication/network: Fórum Magazine
Date: 05th of April  
Subject: Violence in Brazilian History  
Researcher: Sergio Adorno  
Publication/network: Diário do Nordeste Newspaper

Date: 05th of April  
Subject: Homicide rates  
Researcher: Marcelo Nery  
Publication/network: Diário de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 02nd of April  
Subject: Criminal Justice System flow  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEVs research  
Publication/network: O Globo News Website

Date: March  
Subject: Education to become a Social Science scholar  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Getúlio Magazine

Date: 30th of March  
Subject: Police investigation process  
Researcher: Sergio Adorno  
Publication/network: Agora São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 30th of March  
Subject: Violence in Prisons  
Researcher: Fernando Salla  
Publication/network: O Globo Online News Website

Date: 29th of March  
Subject: Violence in Prisons  
Researcher: Fernando Salla  
Publication/network: Fantástico Show on Rede Globo

Date: 28th of March  
Subject: Violence in school
Date: 26th of March
Subject: Crime rates
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Publication/network: Gazeta do Povo Newspaper

Date: 26th of March
Subject: Violence in school
Researcher: Caren Ruotti
Publication/network: Folha Universal Newspaper

Date: 24th of March
Subject: The Army and organized crime
Researcher: Paula Ballesteros
Publication/network: Vale Paraibano Newspaper

Date: 21st of March
Subject: Book review on Human Rights
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: O Estado de S. Paulo Newspaper

Date: 20th of March
Subject: Violence in the Film Industry
Researcher: Moisés Batista
Publication/network: Universia News Website

Date: 17th of March
Subject: OAS and Human Rights
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: O Estado de S. Paulo Newspaper

Date: 08th of March
Subject: Violence against women
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Publication/network: UOL News Website
Date: 08th of March
Subject: Violence against women
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Publication/network: Gazeta do Povo Newspaper

Date: 08th of March
Subject: Public Security Polices
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Publication/network: Diário da Região Newspaper

Date: 07th of March
Subject: The Right to Truth about Past Violation of Human Rights
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 05th of March
Subject: Police Violence
Researcher: Paula Ballesteros
Publication/network: Diário de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 05th of March
Subject: Interview “The number of cases of violence against women registered by the police is growing in Brazil”
Researcher: Wania Pasinato
Publication/network: Eldorado Radio

Date: 03rd of March
Subject: Ombudsman and the control of the police by society
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV’s research project
Publication/network: Tribuna do Norte News Website

Date: 03rd of March
Subject: Violence and Public Health
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: CBN Radio
Date: 01st of March
Subject: The Justice System
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Publication/network: Jornal da Cidade de Bauru Newspaper

Date: 25th of February
Subject: Violence against women
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Publication/network: Atrevida Magazine

Date: 25th of February
Subject: Public Policies on Security
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Jornal Nacional Newscast

Date: 15th of February
Subject: Homicide rates
Researcher: Marcelo Nery
Publication/network: O Globo Newspaper

Date: 11th of February
Subject: Violence in university campi
Researcher: Renato Alves
Publication/network: CBN Radio

Date: 04th of February
Subject: Urban conflict in Favela Paraisópolis
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: CBN Radio

Date: 03rd of February
Subject: Urban conflict in the Favela Paraisópolis
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Eldorado Radio

Date: January
Subject: Research on Human Rights
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “E” Magazine

Date: January
Subject: Homicide of children and youth
Researcher: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Publication/network: Rolling Stone Magazine

Date: January
Subject: Violence and drug addiction of children and youth
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Ser Médico Magazine

Date: 31st of January
Subject: Violence in the media
Researcher: Viviane de Oliveira Cubas
Publication/network: O Estado de S. Paulo Newspaper

Date: 27th of January
Subject: Research Network on Human Rights
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: Universia News Website

Date: 26th of January
Subject: Research Network on Human Rights
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: USP Newsagency

Date: 23rd of January
Subject: Violence against children
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Le Figaro Newspaper

Date: 18th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Gaúcha Radio
Data: 15th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Radio Web

Data: 15th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Correio da Bahia News Website

Data: 15th of January
Subject: Quality of police work
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: Tribuna de Minas Newspaper

Date: 14th of January
Subject: Penal impunity
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Publication/network: G1 News Website

Date: 14th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 14th of January
Subject: Human Rights and the UN
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Arquivo N Special Programe on GloboNews Channel

Date: 13th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Carta Maior Newsagency

Date: 13th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Eldorado Radio

Date: 13th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: CBN Radio

Date: 12th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: RETS – Revista do Terceiro Setor News Website

Date: 12th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Estado Newsagency

Date: 12th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Terra Magazine News Website

Date: 08th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Gazeta Mercantil Newspaper

Date: 08th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: La Jornada Newspaper (Mexico)

Date: 08th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Folha de S. Paulo Newspaper

Date: 08th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: O Estado de São Paulo Newspaper

Date: 08th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Valor Econômico Newspaper

Date: 07th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Eldorado Radio

Date: 07th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: G1 News Website

Date: 07th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Abril.com News Website

Date: 07th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: O Estado de S. Paulo Newspaper

Date: 07th of January
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution
Publication/network: Último Segundo News Website
Date: 07th of January  
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution  
Publication/network: Jornal das Dez Newscast on GloboNews Channel

Date: 07th of January  
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution  
Publication/network: Carta Maior Newsagency

Date: 07th of January  
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution  
Publication/network: Jornal da Gazeta Newscast on TV Gazeta

Date: 07th of January  
Subject: Israeli-palestinian conflict  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution  
Publication/network: Correio da Bahia News Website

Date: 07th of January  
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution  
Publication/network: El Sendero del Peje Newsagency

Date: 07th of January  
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict  
Researcher: No researcher quoted, only NEV as institution  
Publication/network: UOL News Website

Date: 06th of January  
Subject: Israeli-Palestinian conflict  
Researcher: Paulo Sergio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Folha de São Paulo Newspaper

2.4. Other knowledge transfer activities - Consultancies etc.
2.4.1. Consultancies

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Consultant for the SEDH–Secretaria Especial de Direitos Humanos (Special Secretariat for Human Rights of the Brazilian Presidency), for the III Human Rights National Program.

Wânia Pasinato
Consultant for the “Projeto de desenvolvimento e implementação de metodologia de monitoramento e avaliação do Pacto Nacional de Enfrentamento da Violência contra as Mulheres” (Project to Develop and Implement a methodology to monitor and evaluate the National Pact for confront violence against women), of the Secretaria Especial de Políticas para Mulheres/Presidência da República. (Special Secretariat for Gender Polices/Brazilian Federal Presidency). From June 2008 to June 2009.

2.4.2. Meetings with foreign representatives

Vitor Blotta
Meeting with Open Society Institute personel to discuss projects on the Reform of the Penal Justice System. 02nd of July, 2009.

2.4.3. Participation in Committees

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Co-chair with Mary Robinson of the Panel, appointed by the Swiss Government to prepare and disseminate an Agenda for Human Rights, Protecting Dignity. Since December 2008.

Cristina Neme
Member of the Special Commission for the Reduction of Police Use of Lethal Force (Comissão Especial para Redução da Letalidade em Ações Envolvendo Policiais). Secretaria de Estado da Segurança Pública, São Paulo - SP.
Nancy Cardia
Member of the Consultative Committee of the 10th World Conference on Injury and Violence Prevention, Research and Training, London 2010.

2.4.4. Participation in Advisory committees and editorial boards.

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro is member of the board of the following institutions:
Institute São Paulo against Violence, Brazil
Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions, COHRE, Switzerland
Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales, CELS, Buenos Aires
Realizing Rights, Ethical Global Initiative, EGI, New York.
He is also member of the editorial board of the magazine Human Rights, edited by the State Secretariat for Human Rights of Brazil.

Sergio Adorno
CAPES – Coordinator of the Sociology area, responsible for the evaluation of Graduate Sociology courses in Brazil and member of the Scientific Council (2005-2007).
Member of the Editorial Board of Análise Social, a scientific publication from the Social Sciences Institute of the University of Lisboa (2006).
Member of the Editorial Board of Sociologias, a scientific publication from the Philosophy and Human Sciences Institute of the University of Rio Grande do Sul (Brazil).

Nancy Cardia
Represents NEV as Head of a Collaborating Center at the Department of Injury and Violence Prevention of the World Health Organization – WHO (since 2002).
Vice-president of the Instituto São Paulo Contra a Violência (since 1997). São Paulo - SP.
Member of the Editorial Board, Injury Control and Violence Prevention (since 2002).
Member of the Comité Consultatif International Groupe d’Études, de Recherche et d’Intervention sur les Politiques Publiques et la Sécurité (GÉRIPPS) in Canada.
Member of the WHO Expert Advisory Panel on violence and injury prevention, since 2008.
Member of the International Advisory Committee for the 18th International Conference on Safe Communities “Community safety polices as an axis for development”.

Renato Alves
Representative in the Psychology Federal Council at the sub-commission on violence and injury at the National Health Council of the Ministry of Health.

Rewier of papers for the book “Violência escolar: políticas públicas e práticas educativas” (Violence at Schools: public polices and educational procedures) for EDUNIOESTE – Publisher of Universidade Estadual do Oeste do Paraná.

Cristina Neme
Peer Reviwer Ad Hoc for Revista Brasileira Adolescência e Conflitualidade (Brazilian Magazine About Youth and Conflict) – Universidade Bandeirante, São Paulo.

Ariadne Natal
Member of the Executive Committe of the Biblioteca Virtual em Saúde e Violência, managed by Claves and by ICICT-FioCruz, with technological support from Bireme. Site: http://www.bvsvs.cict.fiocruz.br

Viviane Cubas
Member of the State Commission for Community Policing (Comissão Estadual de Polícia Comunitária do Estado de São Paulo).

Marcelo Batista Nery
Member of the State Commission for Community Policing (Comissão Estadual de Polícia Comunitária do Estado de São Paulo).

Member of the Special Commission for the Reduction of Police Lethality (Comissão Especial para Redução da Letalidade em Ações Envolvendo Policiais). Secretaria de Estado da Segurança Pública, São Paulo - SP.

Member of the Intersectorial Comite for Prevention of Violence in Traffic in Guarulhos. The purpouse of the Comite is to discuss the implementation and development of research about
violence and killings on traffic.

Member of the Intersectorial Comite for Urban Planing and Regional Action of São Bernardo do Campo. The purpose of the Comite is to discuss the implementation and development of research about violence and killings on traffic.

Eduardo Bittar

Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Vitor Blotta

Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622


Wilson Levy

Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Jaqueline Sena

Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Elisa Pires da Cruz Caçapava

Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Marcos Braga Jr.

Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Mariana Pacheco Fischer.

Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

2.4.5. Other external activities
Frederico Teixeira
Attended to Meetings of the São Paulo State Commission for Community Policing. 19th of March and 3rd of September.

Attended as representative for NEV to the Meetings of the Deliberative Council of PROVITA (Witness Protection Program of the Government of the State of São Paulo), at the Justice Secretariat of the Government of the State of São Paulo. 05th of October and 09th of November.


Paulo Sérico Pinheiro
Has participated as the Brazilian Commissioner and Rapporteur of the Rights of Children at the 134ª, 135ª e 136ª sessions of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR), that were held during 2009 at the Headquarters of the Organization of American States, in Washington. He has also participated at the 50ª anniversary celebration of the IACHR, in Santiago, Chile.

Cristina Neme
Participated on the Workgroup of the National Research about the Workflow of the Criminal Justice System – Annual Meeting of Fórum Brasileiro de Segurança Pública III. Vitória – ES. 02nd of April, 2009.


Marcelo Batista Nery
Metting with personel of Secretariat of Heath and Secretariat of Planning of São Paulo Municipality Government. The purpose of these meetings was a preliminary discution on a partnership to investigate the cause of the decrease of homicide rates in São Paulo.

Meeting with personel of various Secretariats of the government of the State of São Paulo,
specialy the Secretariat of Public Security. The purpose was the exchange of methodology and knowledge and the collect of data on crime rates.

2.4.6. Prêmios recebidos

2.4.7. Cultural activities

Film Festival: “Espectros em Retrospecto: O cinema como memória de regimes autoritários” (Specters in Retrospective: movies and the memory of authoritarian rule)
Torture, forced disappearing, arbitrary imprisonments and summary executions. Movies seem to have an important role on avoiding that gross violation on Human Rights be forgotten. In Brazil, the phantoms of past violations seem to haunt the national collective memory. Are Brazilian people ready to transform those old ghosts in truth and memory? This film festival tried to provide a wide sample of the films, documentaries and also fictional films with this theme, in order to discuss the construction of the memory in the light of the concept of the Right to Truth.

Date: from 03rd to 09th of August, 2009
Place: Cinusp Paulo Emílio at University of São Paulo and Cine Olido of the Secretary of Culture of the city of São Paulo
Website: www.nevusp.org/mostra

In partnership with: Associação Nacional de Human Rights – Pesquisa e Pós-Graduação (ANDHEP); Pró-Reitoria de Cultura e Extensão/USP; Secretaria Municipal de Cultura do Município de São Paulo; Laboratório de Estudos sobre a Tolerância; Goethe Institut São Paulo; Comissão Teotônio Vilela e Cátedra IEA/Unesco de Educação para a Paz, Human Rights, Democracia e Tolerância.

Movies Shown

15 Filhos (15 sons)
Brazil, 1996. Directed by Maria Oliveira, Marta Nehring.
15 sons of former political prisoners (some of them killed) tell their experiences.

Ação entre Amigos (Friendly Fire)
Four friends in their forties get together on a fishing trip. One of them hides a secret – he want to find a former police officer whom he believes to be the man who tortured him during the authoritarian rule.

*La Historia Oficial (The Official History)*
Middle-class university teacher suspects that her adoptive child has been taken away from a political prisoner during the authoritarian rule.

*Death and the Maiden*
Sigourney Weaver bumps into a man she believes has tortured her during authoritarian rule in any given Latin American country.

*Cavallo entre Rejas (Cavallo behind bars)*
Argentina/Mexico, 2006. Directed by Susana Erenberg Rotbard, Laura Imperiale, María Inés Roqué Rodríguez
Documentary that tells the history of Ricardo Mignel Cavallo, former torturer in Argentina. His identity was discovered in Mexico City, in the year of 2000.

*Cidadão Boilesen (Citizen Boilesen)*
Brazil, 2009. Directed by Chaim Litewski
Documentary movie tells the history of Henning Albert Boilesen (1916-1971), a rich manBorn in Denmark that in Brazil gave money to Bandeirantes Operation, organization that fought armed guerrilla groups in Brazil with brutality, torture and murder.

*In My Country*
A man and a woman cover the sessions of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission on South Africa.

*Matar a Todos (Kill them All)*
Uruguay / Chile / Argentina / Germany, 2007. Directed by Esteban Shoroeder.
Tells the story of chilean scientist Eugenio Berríos. Having worked for the military Chilean government, Eugenio runs away to Uruguay after the end of the military dictatorship and is murdered in what seems to be an act of the infamous Plano Condor.
Memória para Uso Diário (Memory for Daily Use)  
Brazil, 2007. Directed by Beth Formaggini  
Documentary compares gross human rights violations perpetrated by police forces during the authoritarian rule in Brazil and summary executions after two decades of return to democracy.

O Caminho Irracional (Irracional Path)  
Germany, 2005. Directed by Thorsten Trimpop  
In 1987, Mathias and Susanne tried to make an escape from Eastern Germany. Their best friend, Suse, stayed. Only 16 years latter they reunite.

O Último a Saber (The Last to know)  
Documentary that tells the almost unknown history of “Freikauf”, operation of buying and selling prisoners between governments of separated East and West Germany.

Que Bom te Ver Viva (How Nice to see you alive)  
Real and fictional testimony of former victims of torture during the military dictatorship in Brazil are mixed in this movie.

Sonia Morta e Viva (Sonia Dead and Alive)  
Brazil, 1985. Directed by Sérgio Waisman  
Tells the history of Sônia Moraes Angel Jones, a member of the armed resistance to military dictatorship in Brazil that was murder in the headquarters of the regime.

Trás los Pasos de Antígona (Following Antigone)  
Argentina, 2002. Directed by Matt Aho  
Documentary about the work of Equipe Argentina de Antropologia Forense, a work force created in 1984 with the task of investigating the disappearing of at least 10 thousand people during the military dictatorship in Argentina.

Vala Comum (Collective Tomb)  
In 1990 it was discovered, in a Cemetery of the city of São Paulo, a hidden tomb where were disposed the corpses of political prisoners murdered by the police forces during the military dictatorship. Documentary.
Vlado: 30 Anos Depois (Vlado: 30 years after)
Brazil, 2005. Directed by João Batista de Andrade
Interview with testimonies, friends and family members of Vladimir Herzog, journalist killed at DOI-CODI in São Paulo.

Você Também Pode Dar um Presunto Legal (You may also make an excellent stiff)
Filmed during the 70s, this film that is part documentary, part fictional, was only recent released. It speaks about police violence during the period of authoritarian rule in Brazil.

Results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Movies Shown</th>
<th>Number of viewers</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cinusp</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ação entre Amigos</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Friendly Fire)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cavallo entre Rejas</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Cavallo behind bars)</td>
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<td>Cidadão Boilesen</td>
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<tr>
<td>Citizen Boilesen</td>
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<td>O Caminho Irracional (The Irrational Path)</td>
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<tr>
<td>A História Oficial (The Official History)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Matar a Todos (Kill them All)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Memória para uso Diário (Memory for Daily Use)</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td>Death and the Maiden</td>
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<tr>
<td>In my Country</td>
<td>______</td>
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<td>Que bom te Ver Viva (How nice to see you alive)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Você também pode dar um Presunto Legal (You may also make an excellent stiff)</td>
<td>______</td>
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<tr>
<td>O Último a Saber (The last to know)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Event</td>
<td>Repercussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vlado: 30 anos depois (Vlado: 30 years after)</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double session: Vala Comum, Tras los pasos de Antigona (Collective Tomb and Following Antigone: Forensic Anthropology and Human Rights Investigations)</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double session: 15 Filhos, Sônia Morta e Viva (15 Sons and Sonia Dead and Alive)</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Repercussion in the following magazines/websites:
Revista Cult online; Guia da Folha online; Guia de Cultura (Guia de programação da Pró-Reitoria de Cultura e extensão); Portal da Universidade de São Paulo.
APPENDIX 3 - EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

3.1. Courses organized by NEV

Title/Theme: The Symbolic Function of Labor Union Freedom: an Apocalyptic Vision on Brazilian Labor Union Judicial Dogmas
Researcher Responsible: Arthur Roberto Capella Giannattasio
Organization: Democracy, Justice and Human Rights Study and Research Group – Critical Theory Studies- of Center for the Study of Violence
Date/Length: 19th of October 2009
Place: NEV São Paulo, SP

Course: Violence Prevention and Criminality
Researcher Responsible: Marcelo Nery
Date/ Length: 18th of May 2009
Organization: CPA/M-7 (Police Comand of Guarulhos)
Place: Mater Amabilis School. Guarulhos

3.2. Participation in external courses [Lectures and presentations]

Title/Theme: Professional and Judicial Ethics – discussion on Sociology and Philosophy contemporary authors (Zygmund Bauman, Luis Alberto Warat, Luigi Zoja e Herbert Marcuse)
Researcher: Lidia Reis de Almeida Prado; Jaqueline Santa Brigida Sena, Antoin Aboul Kahlil
Course: Professional and Judicial Ethics
Organization: Law School – University of São Paulo
Place: Law School – University of São Paulo
Date/Length: 2nd. Semester, 2009
Audience: undergraduate law students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Parque Novo Mundo
Date/ Length: 15th of December
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaguará
Date/ Length: 10th of December
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Freedom, Liberty of Speech and Community Radios
Researcher: Eduardo Altomare Ariente
Course: 1st. Course on Community and Alternative Journalism
Organization: Research on Community and Alternative Journalism Group
Place: Department of Journalism and Editing of the School of Art and Communication - University of São Paulo
Date/ Length: 07th to 11th of December – 20 hours/class
Audience: undergraduate students and professors

Title/Theme: Violence in School
Researcher: Renato Alves
Course:
Organization: Municipal Committee Against Violence of the City Council
Place: Jacareí, São Paulo
Date/Length: 30th of November
Audience: policy makers, professors, undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Violence in School
Researcher: Renato Alves
Course:
Organization: Forum about Education
Place: São Paulo
Date/ Length: 24th of November
Audience: policy makers, professors, undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Parque Novo Mundo
Date/ Length: 24th of November
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Parque Novo Mundo
Date/ Length: 12th of November
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Consumerism and Esthetics
Researcher: Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco
Course: V Forum of Social Observatory of Consumerism Relations / “Consumerism as a producer of violence”
Organization: Eurico Marcos Diniz de Santi, Daniel Peixoto, Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco
Place: Secretariat of Justice and the Defense of Citizenship
Date/ Length: 06th of November

Title/Theme: Violence production in contemporaneous society
Researcher: Vanesa Orban Aragão Santos
Course: Education, Democracy, Human Rights
Organization: School of Education, Unicamp
Place: Unicamp, Campinas, SP
Date/Length: 05th of November
Audience: Social Science, History and Education undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Some considerations for reflection on Public Security and the present incarceration trends in Brazil
Researchers: Renato Alves
Course:
Organization: Brazilian Social Psychology Association
Place: Maceió, Alagoas
Date/Length: 30th of October to 02nd of November
Audience: psychologists, graduate and undergraduate students
Title/Theme: Courts Control of Alternatives Sentencing

Researchers: Mariana Thorstensen Possas
Course: 3rd Symposium on Alternative Sentencing of the Federal Courts in Maranhão
Organization:
Place: São Luis, Maranhão
Date/Length: 30th of October
Audience: undergraduate law students and law professionals
Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Load Robbery

Researchers: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaguará
Date/Length: 27th of October
Audience: technician course students.
Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality

Researchers: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles
Course: Training on Conciliation and Mediation in Judiciary Power in Capital
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura) and Bar Association School
Title/Theme: Provision 953/05 from Court of Justice of São Paulo. Creation and implementation of conciliation courts
Place: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)
Date/Length: 20th of October – 03 hours
Audience: students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Load Robbery
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Parque Novo Mundo
Date/Length: 20th of October
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Load Robbery
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaraguá
Date/Length: 17th of October
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Technics of negotiation
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles
Course: Training on Conciliation and Mediation in the Judicial Branch in São Paulo
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura) and Bar Association School
Place: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)
Date/Length: 15th of October – 03 hours
Audience: students

Title/Theme: Law and productive labor: concret relation between law and economy
Researcher: KASHIURA JR., Celso Naoto; MELO, Tarso de; AKAMINE JR., Oswaldo; CASALINO, Vinicius Gomes
Course: Professional Studies Week of
Organization: Josué Mastrodi
Place: Policamp Faculty, Campinas, SP
Date/Length: 14th of October
Audience: students, professors
Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Load Robbery
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Parque Novo Mundo
Date/Length: 08th of October
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Load Robbery
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaraguá
Date/Length: 06th of October
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Public Security Diagnosis: Anhanguera Park and its vicinity
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Comunitarian Organization
Organization: Institute São Paulo against Crime
Place: Anhanguera
Date/Length: 29th of September
Audience: Perus’s district residents

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course:
Organization: Sesc-SP
Place: Osasco
Date/Length: 24th of September
Audience: Staff

Title/Theme: Institutional and Public Policies Strengthening
Researcher: Wania Pasinato
Course: 1st. Course on Violence against women and public Policies
Organization: Special Secretariat of Public Policies for Women
Place: Brasília, DF
Date/Length: 17th of September
Audience: public policies makers for women issues

Title/Theme: Analysis of Prison Institutions I – Sociological Approch
Researcher: Fernando Salla
Course: Course of Specialization in Criminology
Organization: Brazilian Institute in Criminal Science - IBCCRIM
Place: Brazilian Institute in Criminal Science Studies- IBCCRIM
Date/Length: 14th and 15th of September - 12 hours
Audience: Criminal justice professionals

Title/Theme: Public Security Diagnosis: Anhanguera Park and its vicinity
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Community Organization
Organization: Institute São Paulo against Crime
Place: Anhanguera
Date/Length: 14th of September
Audience: Anhanguera’s district residents

Title/Theme: The contemporaneous social dynamics and its impact on punishment
Researcher: Marcos Cesar Alvarez
Course: Master’s Degree in Sociology, Londrina State University
Organization: Londrina State University
Place: UEL
Date/Length: 11th of September
Audience: graduate students

Title/Theme: Social Inequality and Violence Construction: Who wants to keep order? Who wants to create disorder?
Researcher: Renato Alves
Course:
Organization: Training Center Milton Santos – Lorenzo Milani
Place: Curitiba, Paraná
Date/Length: 29th and 30th of August
Audience: undergraduate students, psychologists, lawyers, policy makers
Title/Theme: Restraining criminality: alternatives models
Researcher: Marcos Cesar Alvarez
Course:
Organization: Fecomercio
Place: Fecomercio
Date/Length: 26th of August
Audience: graduate students

Title/Theme: Childhood, Youth and Contemporary Families in Brazil
Researcher: Renato Alves
Course: Course of Specialization – Public Policies for Children and Adolescents
Organization: UNESCO Chair for Public Policies Management Celso Daniel
Place: Methodist University of São Paulo
Date/Length: 17th of August to 17th of December
Audience: policy makers, social assistants, and law professionals

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Load Robbery
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaraguá
Date/Length: 13th of August
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Traffic Violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training
Organization: Sest/ Senat
Place: Carandiru
Date/Length: 30th of July
Audience: technician course students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course:
Organization: Sesc-SP
Place: Consolação
Date/Length: 28th of July
Audience: Staff

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaraguá
Date/Length: 29th of June
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Traffic Violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training
Organization: Sest/ Senat
Place: Carandiru
Date/Length: 25th of June
Audience: technician course students

Title/Theme: Democracy, Insecurity and Human Rights
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Course: Professional Training for CASA Foundation for Young Offenders
Organization: CASA Foundation for Young Offenders
Place: São Paulo
Date/Length: 24th of June
Audience: CASA Foundation educators

Title/Theme: Ethics and Principles of Mediation. Language and Communication. Familiar Mediation
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles
Course: Training on Conciliation and Mediation in the Judicial Branch
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)
Place: Court of São José dos Campos
Date/Length: 19th and 20th of June – 10 hours
Audience: students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course:
Organization: Sesc-SP
Place: Pinheiros
Date/Length: 12th of June
Audience: Staff

Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles
Course: Training on Conciliation and Mediation in the Judicial Branch
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura) and Faculdades Integradas de Bauru
Place: Faculdades Integradas de Bauru
Date/Length: 01st and 2nd of June – 08 hours
Audience: students

Title/Theme: Ethics and Principles of Mediation
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles
Course:
Organization: Special Civil Judicial Branch
Place: Court of Justice of São Paulo
Date/Length: 29th of May – 02 hours
Audience: Conciliators

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Traffic Violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training
Organization: Sest/ Senat
Place: Carandiru
Date/Length: 28th of May
Audience: technician course students

Title/Theme: The victim in penal law
Researcher: Marcos Cesar Alvarez
Course: Congress French and Brazilian Law: national and comparative perspectives
Organization: UFRGS / Univesité Paris 1
Place: Porto Alegre, RS  
Date/Length: 26th of May – 05 hours  
Audience: graduate and undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Load Robbery  
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products  
Organization: Sest/Senat

Place: Porto Alegre, RS  
Date/Length: 26th of May – 05 hours  
Audience: graduate and undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Scholar environment violence: what are we talking about?  
Researcher: Caren Ruotti  
Organization: CASA Foundation for Young Offenders  
Place: Professional Training School  
Date/Length: 21st of May

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality  
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Organization: Sesc-SP  
Place: Ipiranga

Place: Porto Alegre, RS  
Date/Length: 21st of May – 05 hours  
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence in Public Schools  
Researcher: Renato Alves  
Course:  
Organization: Commission on Education and Culture of the National Congress

Place: Brasília, DF  
Date/Length: 12th of May  
Audience: Federal representatives, general public and the press

Title/Theme: On the efforts for the human rights effectiveness in post-modernity: end of meta narratives and the appearing of Human Rights’ Defender in Brazil  
Researcher: Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco
Course: Seminar
Organization: Cecília Pinho
Place: Paulista State University - Pinheiros
Date/Length: 10th of May

Title/Theme: Confronting Violence in São Bernardo Schools
Researcher: Renato Alves
Course:
Organization: UNESCO Chair for Public Policies Management Celso Daniel
Place: São Bernardo, SP
Date/Length: 09th of May
Audience: policy makers, lecturers, undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Public Security Diagnose
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Course on Integrated Management Security for Municipal Guards
Organization: Municipal Office
Place: Pinheiros
Date/Length: 07th of May
Audience: undergraduate students

Title/Theme: The contemporaneous social dynamics and its impact on punishment
Researcher: Marcos Cesar Alvarez
Course: Graduation Course
Organization: Department of Sociology - University of São Paulo
Place: FFLCH - USP
Date/Length: 07th of May – 05 hours
Audience: graduate students

Title/Theme: Law systematization – a judicial approach
Researcher: Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco
Course: Course of Concretization and Systematization of Law
Organization: Eurico Marcos Diniz de Santi, Daniel Peixoto, Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco
Place: GV Law Getúlio Vargas Foundation
Date/Length: May-June and October-November
Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality  
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Course:  
Organization: Sesc-SP  
Place: Paulista  
Date/Length: 28th of April  
Audience: Staff

Title/Theme: Mediator's ethics  
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles  
Course: VI Training on Conciliation and Mediation of the Judicial Branch in São Paulo.  
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)  
Place: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)  
Date/Length: 28th of April – 03 hours  
Audience: students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack  
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products  
Organization: Sest/Senat  
Place: Vila Jaraguá  
Date/Length: 23rd of April  
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality  
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Course:  
Organization: Sesc-SP  
Place: Interlagos  
Date/Length: 09th of April  
Audience: Staff

Title/Theme: Ethics, Principles and Rules of Mediation. Professional Ethics and Voluntary activities.  
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles  
Course: VI Training on Conciliation and Mediation in Judiciary Power in Capital  
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)
Title/Theme: Criticism on Judicial Dogmatism and Constitutional Hermeneutics: reflection to overcome the antinomy between productivity and the protection of the environment
Researcher: Wilson Levy
Course: Law School
Organization: São Paulo Law School
Place: Historical Building, Franca, SP
Date/Length: April, 2009
Audience: undergraduate students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Traffic Violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training
Organization: Sest/ Senat
Place: Carandiru
Date/Length: 30th of March
Audience: technician course students

Title/Theme: Law and Society
Researcher: KASHIURA JR., Celso Naoto; MELO, Tarso de; Silvio Luiz de.
Course: Cicle “Ideas Encounter”
Organization: Tarso de Melo
Place: Alpharrabio Bookstore, Santo André, SP
Date/Length: 28th of March
Audience: students, professors, general audience

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Traffic Violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training
Organization: Sest/ Senat
Place: Carandiru
Date/Length: 26th of March
Audience: technician course students
Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaraguá
Date/Length: 20th of March
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course:
Organization: Sesc-SP
Place: Vila Mariana
Date/Length: 17th of March
Audience: Staff

Title/Theme: Constitutional Control in Brazil
Researcher: Eduardo Altomare Arienti
Course: Specialization on Constitutional and Administrative Law
Organization: São Paulo Law School (Escola Paulista de Direito)
Place: São Paulo Law School (Escola Paulista de Direito)
Date/Length: March, 2009 – 4 hours/class
Audience: undergraduate students and professors from EPD

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaraguá
Date/Length: 19th of February 2009
Audience: prison administration.

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Traffic Violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training
Organization: Sest/ Senat
Place: Carandiru
Date/Length: 19th of February 2009  
Audience: prison administration

Title/Theme: Provision 953/05 from the São Paulo Court of Justice. Creating and implementing conciliation courts  
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles  
Course: VI Training on Conciliation and Mediation in Judiciary Power in Capital  
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)  
Place: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)  
Date/ Length: 17th of February and 19th of February – 06 hours  
Audience: students

Title/Theme: Provision 953/05 from the Court of Justice of São Paulo. Creation and implementation of conciliation sessions  
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles  
Course: Training Conciliation and Mediation  
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)  
Place: University of Mogi das Cruzes  
Date/ Length: 10th of February – 03 hours  
Audience: judges

Title/Theme: Provision 953/05 from the Court of Justice of São Paulo. Creation and implementation of conciliation courts  
Researcher: Marília Campos Oliveira e Telles  
Course: VII Training Conciliation and Mediation to the Judicial Branch in São Paulo  
Organization: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)  
Place: São Paulo School of Judges (Escola Paulista da Magistratura)  
Date/ Length: 06th and 08th of February – 06 hours  
Audience: judges

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality  
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Course:  
Organization: Sesc  
Place: Santo André  
Date/Length: 30th of January 2009  
Audience: Staff
Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Traffic Violence
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training
Organization: Sest/ Senat
Place: Carandiru
Date: 29th of January
Audience: technician course students

Title/Theme: Violence Prevention and Criminality: Cargo Highjack
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Course: Recicle and Training – Transfer of Dangerous Products
Organization: Sest/Senat
Place: Vila Jaraguá
Date: 21st of January
Audience: technician course students.

Title/Theme: Legislation and Deontology for Journalists
Researcher: Eduardo Altomare Ariente
Course: School of Journalism and Editing
Organization: University of São Paulo
Place: University of São Paulo
Date/Length: First Semester – 120 hours/class
Audience: undergraduate students and professors from Communication and Art College
### APPENDIX 4 - COMPLETE LIST OF RESEARCHERS, TIME ALLOCATED TO PROJECTS AND RESEARCH LINE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Researcher</th>
<th>Time allocated/week</th>
<th>Research line/knowledge transfer/education</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line 1) The implementation (or lack of) of democratic rule of law: public security or insecurity?</td>
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<td>Line 2) Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a Human Rights Culture</td>
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<td>Coordinator of Education</td>
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<td>Drª Nancy Cardia</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line 2) Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a Human Rights Culture</td>
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<td>Line 3) Monitoring Human Rights</td>
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<td>Coordinator of Knowledge Transfer</td>
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<td>Prof. Dr. Paulo Sergio Pinheiro</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line 1) The implementation (or lack of) of democratic rule of law: public security or insecurity?</td>
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<td>Line 3) Monitoring Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drª Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line 3) Monitoring Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profª Drª Claudia Perrone-Moisés</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line 2) Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a Human Rights Culture</td>
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APPENDIX 5 - LIST OF CONCLUDED MSC DISSERTATIONS
AND PHD THESIS

Maria Gorete Marques de Jesus
Master's degree in Sociology
“O crime de tortura e a justiça criminal: um estudo dos processos de tortura na cidade de São Paulo”. (Torture and the criminal justice system: a study of the penal processes against torture perpetrators in the city of São Paulo)
University of São Paulo – FFLCH – Department of Sociology
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno

Cecília Kaneto Oliverio
Master's degree in International Law
“O direito ao desenvolvimento e o comércio internacional de serviços educacionais” (The Right to Development and International Trade of Educational Services)
University of São Paulo – Law School
Supervisor: Profª Drª Claudia Perrone-Moisés.

Rosa Maria Zaia Borges
Ph.D. degree in Law
"Mediação ética das virtudes: a philia como critério e inteligibilidade da mediação comunitária" (Ethical Mediation of Virtues: philia as a possible criteria and the understanding of community mediation)
University of São Paulo – Law School
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar.

João Marcos de Araújo Braga Junior
Ph.D degree in Law
“Direito, estado e bipolítica: governo e soberania na sociedade pós-moderna” (Law, State and biopolitics: government and sovereignty in post-modern society).
University of São Paulo – Law School
Supervisor: Prof. Dr.Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar.
Mariana Pimentel Fischer Pacheco
PhD. degree in Law
“Diálogos sobre direito e diferença: o retorno à pergunta pelo sentido humano do direito que acontece na era da técnica”. (Dialogs about rights and difference: returning to the question of human meaning of rights in the era of technics). Federal University of Pernambuco; Co-supervisor: Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar
### APPENDIX 6 - LIST OF STUDENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Researcher</th>
<th>Under grad</th>
<th>Post Graduate</th>
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APPENDIX 7 - INTERNATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The International Advisory Committee of the Centre for the Study of Violence are:

1. Prof. Dr. James Mercy. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, United States of America. Sociologist with a strong background in epidemiology, expert in violence studies and violence prevention.

2. Prof. Dr. Ignacy Sachs. École des Hautes Études en Sciences Sociales (EHESS), Centre de recherches sur le Brésil contemporain. The Prof. Sachs is an economist with knowledge about Brazil, specially Human Rights and Development.

3. Prof. Dr. Alfred Stepan is a Political Scientist with huge knowledge about Brazil, and focuses his research in democracies in transitional societies.
APPENDIX 8 - PROGRAM OF WORKSHOPS AND SEMINARS

International Conference about an Agenda for Human Rights – Protecting Dignity (Conferência Internacional sobre os Direitos Humanos – Protegendo a Dignidade)

Date: 21st of December 2009
Location: MuBe – Brazilian Museum of Sculpture, São Paulo – SP
Organization São Paulo State Government with the Secretariat for Institutional Relations in the cooperation with the Federal Department of Foreign Affairs of Switzerland the Academy of International Humanitarian Law and Human Rights of Geneva and the Centre for the Study of Violence- University of São Paulo (NEV/USP) and the support of the State Secretariat of and the Defense of Citizenship.

Program
13h30 - Opening Ceremony
- José Serra (Governor of São Paulo )
- Gilberto Kassab (Mayor of the city of São Paulo)
- Rudolf Knoblauch (Department of Foreign Relations from Switzerland)
- Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro (Inter American Commission on Human Rights, CIDH)
- Sergio Adorno (Centre for Study of Violence, NEV/USP)
- José Gregori (Human Rights Commission, of the City of São Paulo)
- Ana Cabral Petersen (Ministry of Foreign Relations, MRE)
- José Henrique Reis Lobo (Secretary of Institutional Relations)

14h30 - 1ª Round Table – Monitoring Human Rights
Moderator: Guilherme de Almeida (Brazil)
An International Court for Human Rights - Manfred Nowak (Austria)
Responsibility of non- state actors - Andrew Clapham (Britain)
The UN and the implementation of Human Rights - Paulo Sergio Pinheiro (Brazil)
Truth and Justice: the responsibility of the State - Glenda Mezarroba (Brazil)
16h30 - 2ª Round Table – Towards Human Dignity

Moderator: Celso Lafer

The dialectic between Human Dignity and Human Rights - Frédéric Mégret (Canada)
Economics, Social and Cultural Rights: protection in the global and regional spheres - Flávia Piovesan (Brazil)
Children Rights and Human Dignity - Vitit Muntarbhorn (Thailand)

18h - Closing Remarks
- Hélio Bicudo (Former President of the InterAmerican Human Rights Commission-
Organization of American States (CIDH, OEA).

International Conference on the Right to Truth

Period of realization: 19 e 20 of October 2009.
Location: Prof. Francisco Romeu Landi, Polytechnic School /USP-SP

19 of October 2009:
9h30 to 10h45 – Opening ceremony whose attendees were: PAULO VANNUCHI, Ministry of the Special Secretary of Human Rights of the Presidency of the Republic (SEDH); JOSÉ HENRIQUE REIS LOBO, Institutional Relations Deputy of the State of São Paulo; LUIZ ANTONIO GUIMARÃES MARREY, Justice and Citizenship Defense Deputy of the State of São Paulo; JOSÉ GREGORI, Special Secretary for Human Rights of the City of São Paulo; PAULO ABRÃO PIRES JUNIOR, Chair of the Amnesty Commission of the Justice Ministry; GIANCARLO SUMMA, Chair of the United Nations Information Centre - Rio (UNIC Rio); PAULO SÉRGIO DOMINGUES, Brazil’s Federal Judges Association (AJUFE); KENARIK BOUJIKIAN FELIPPE, Judges for Democracy Association (AJD); MARCOS ALEXANDRE COELHO ZILLI, Criminal Sciences Brazilian Institute (IBCCRIM); ABRAM SZ AJMAN, Chair of Fecomercio and of the Regional Councils of SESC and SENAC; PAULO SÉRGIO PINHEIRO, NEV/USP, GLENDA MEZAROBBA, National Institute of Science and Technology for Studies on the United States (INEU) / State University of Campinas (UNICAMP)
10h50 to 11h30 - Keynote Speech: SERGIO ADORNO, NEV/USP: The twentieth anniversary of the Center for the Study of Violence of USP; PRISCILLA B. HAYNER, International Center for Transitional Justice (ICTJ): Truth Commissions, Worldwide Experience
11h30am to 13h00 - Panel: The Truth and the Responsibility of the Brazilian State. Discussed the treatment given to the right to truth, since the return of democracy until today and the publication of the books Brasil: Nunca Mais and Direito à Memória e à Verdade. Moderator: PAULO SÉRGIO PINHEIRO, NEV/USP; Testimony: JOÃO VICENTE GOULART; Panelists: GLENDA MEZAROBBA, INEU/UNICAMP, JOSÉ GREGORI, CMDH and PAULO VANNUCHI, SEDH

14h30 to 16h00 - Panel: Truth Commissions. Discussed what are Truth Commissions, their purposes and operation, as well as results and consequences, pros and cons of their creation. Moderator: GUILHERME ASSIS DE ALMEIDA, Law School / USP; Testimony: IVO HERZOG; Panelists: EDUARDO GONZALEZ, ICTJ and ERIC WIEBELHAUS-BRAHM, Independent Welfare State Consultant

16h30 to 18h00 Panel: Truth Commissions in the Southern Cone. Shared, analyzed and discussed the elements which conducted and inspired the Southern Cone Countries in the democratic transition and in the reconstruction of memory. Moderator: GUILHERME LUSTOSA DA CUNHA, Ex-deputy for the United Nation High Commissioner for Refugees; Testimony: LAURA PETIT; Panelists: CAROLINA VARSKY, Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales (CELS) and CATH COLLINS, Universidad Diego Portales (UDP)

20 October 2009:
10h30 to 12h00 - Panel: The Unrevealed Truth. Discussed the habeas-Date, the opening of the archives and the unrevealed truth; Moderator: NANCY CARDIA, NEV/USP; Testimony: FAMILY OF MANOEL FIEL FILHO; Panelists: LEIGH PAYNE, University of Oxford and BELISÁRIO DOS SANTOS JUNIOR, Special Commission on Political Deaths and Disappearances (CEMDP).

14h00 to 15h30 - Panel: Trust and Justice. Discussed how the truth may inform the judiciary system and contribute to the duty to identify and process human rights violations. Moderator: MARCO ANTÔNIO BARBOSA, CEMDP; Testimony: SUZANA K. LISBOA; Panelists: CLAUDIA PERRONE-MOISÉS, Law School/USP and LUCIA ELENA A. F. BASTOS, NEV/USP.

16h00 to 17h30 - Panel: Truth, Forgiveness and Reconciliation. Discussed how the truth may contribute for the victims and their family to consider the possibility of forgiving; for the reconciliation of the parties involved in the conflict and, through this, avoid the repetition of violence cycles. Moderator: MARIA HERMÍNIA TAVARES DE ALMEIDA, International Relations Institute (IRI-USP); Testimony: FLÁVIA SCHILLING; Panelists: LUCI BUFF, NEV/USP and EDSON TELES, Bandeirante University (UNIBAN).

All the presentations were broadcasted through IPTV and may be watched on the Internet in
Seminar – Sex and Power: The Family between 1900 and 2000
Date: 24 of September 2009, 10:30am
Location: College of Philosophy and Humanities – Teaching set of Philosophy and Social Sciences (FFLCH)
Contents: The patriarchy and the rights related to parents and their children: the function of married and not marriage for the regulation of sexual behavior and the control of fecundity.
Speaker: Göran Therborn, Sociology Department of Cambridge University

Meeting with international advisor Göran Therborn
Göran Therborn is the international advisor for the INCT Project - National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security.

25th August
10h00 to 12h30 - Lecture on the theme of “Global Social Process”
14h00 to 17h30 - Presentations from research projects within INCT Project followed by comments from the International Advisor and debate.

26th August
10h00 to 12h30 - Presentations from research projects within INCT Project followed by comments from the International Advisor and debate.

Film Festival: “Espectros em Retrospecto: O cinema como memória de regimes autoritários” (Specters in Retrospective: movies and the memory of authoritarian rule)
Date: 03rd to 09th of August, 2009
Place: Cinusp (at University of São Paulo, USP) and Cine Olido (Secretariat of Culture of the City of São Paulo)
Oficial website: www.nevusp.org/mostra

03rd of August
16h - Cinusp - O Último a Saber (The last to know)
19h - Cinusp - Que Bom te Ver Viva (How nice to see you alive)
04th of August
15h - Galeria Olido - Memória Para Uso Diário (Memory for Daily Use)
16h - Cinusp - Ação Entre Amigos (Friendly Fire)
17h - Galeria Olido - O Caminho Irracional (The irrational path)
19h - Cinusp - Sessão dupla com debate: Sônia Morta e Viva (Sonia Dead and Alive)/ 15 Filhos (15 sons).
Debate following exhibition “The experience of family members of victims of authoritarian rule”
19h30 - Galeria Olido - A História Oficial (The Official History)

Dia 05th of August
15h - Galeria Olido - Sessão dupla: Sônia Morta e Viva (Sonia Dead and Alive)/ 15 Filhos (15 sons)
16h - Cinusp - Sessão dupla com debate: Vala Comum (Collective Tomb)/ Trás los Pasos de Antígona (Following Antigone: Forensic Anthropology and Human Rights Investigations)
Debate following exhibition “How can Archaeology contribute to contemporary history?”
17h - Galeria Olido - Vlado: 30 Anos Depois (Vlado, 30 years after)
19h - Cinusp - O Caminho Irracional (The irrational path)
19h30 - Galeria Olido - Ação entre Amigos (Friendly Fire)

06th of August
15h - Galeria Olido - Death and the Maiden
16h - Cinusp - Cavallo entre Rejas (Cavallo behind bars)
17h - Galeria Olido - In my Country
19h - Cinusp - Matar a Todos (Kill them all)
19h30 - Galeria Olido - O Último a Saber (The last to know)

07th of August
15h - Galeria Olido - Sessão dupla: Vala Comum (Collective Tomb)/ Trás los Pasos de Antígona (Following Antigone: Forensic Anthropology and Human Rights Investigations)
16h - Cinusp - A História Oficial (The Official History)
17h - Galeria Olido - Você Também Pode Dar um Presunto Legal (You may also make an excellent stiff)
19h - Cinusp - Memória Para Uso Diário (Memory for Daily Use)
19h30 - Galeria Olido - Cavallo entre Rejas (Cavallo behind bars)
08th of August
17h - Galeria Olido - Que Bom te Ver Viva (How nice to see you alive)
19h - Galeria Olido - Debate: Cidadão Boilesen (Citizen Boilesen). Debate following exhibition “Movies and the memory of authoritarian rule in Latin America”

09th of August
17h ás 20h15 - Galeria Olido - Matar a Todos (Kill them all)

Place: USP Oficina Auditory at University of São Paulo
Date: 18 e 19 de June 2009 (Thursday and Friday)

Program:

June 18th
09h - Violence, Democracy e Security: Notes for Discussion: Sérgio Adorno - NEV/USP, Coordinator of the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security (INCT)


13h45 - Round-Table 2: Passed and Present: continuities, breaks and emergency (Passado e Presente: continuidades, rupturas e emergências): Nancy Cardia - NEV/USP Survey about attitudes, values and norms: one possible way to evaluate the present (“Survey sobre Atitudes, valores e normas: uma via possível para uma “avaliação” do presente?”); Inês Soares dos Santos, Lucy Buff – NEV/USP The passed through the study of the mechanisms of judicial remedies to victims of human rights violations (“O passado através do estudo dos mecanismos extrajudiciais de reparações às vítimas de violações aos direitos humanos”);
Renato Alves – NEV/USP Promoting the Health development of pregnant adolescents and their children (“Promovendo o desenvolvimento saudável de adolescentes grávidas e seus filhos”).

June 19th


Results: Development of researches and the exchange of information. The seminar was followed for international committee James Green e Tereza Caldeira.

Meeting with international advisor Alfred Stepan

Place: USP Oficina Auditorium at University of São Paulo
Date: 10th of June
This meeting was held in order to exchange experience with Alfred Stepan in a broad
perspective on the research lines NEV has been recently developing.

10h30 to 12h30: Presentation of projects
14h30 to 16h00: Presentation of projects
16h00 to 17h30: Comments from the advisor and debate